



The Respiratory Report summarizes influenza, COVID-19, and Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) activity in the City of Cleveland during each week of respiratory illness season. Respiratory illness season starts at the beginning of October (MMWR Week 40*) and lasts until mid-May the following year (MMWR Week 20).

Week 13 Summary

- Wastewater testing shows low and decreasing levels of all respiratory illnesses, apart from one testing facility that detected a high and increasing level of COVID-19.
- Emergency department (ED) visits for upper respiratory illnesses decreased by 40% from 72 to 42 visits this week. 62% of these visits were for children age 9 and younger.
- There was 1 hospitalization for influenza, 6 for COVID, and 12 for RSV reported this week. This downward trend is expected to continue to the end of the respiratory season.

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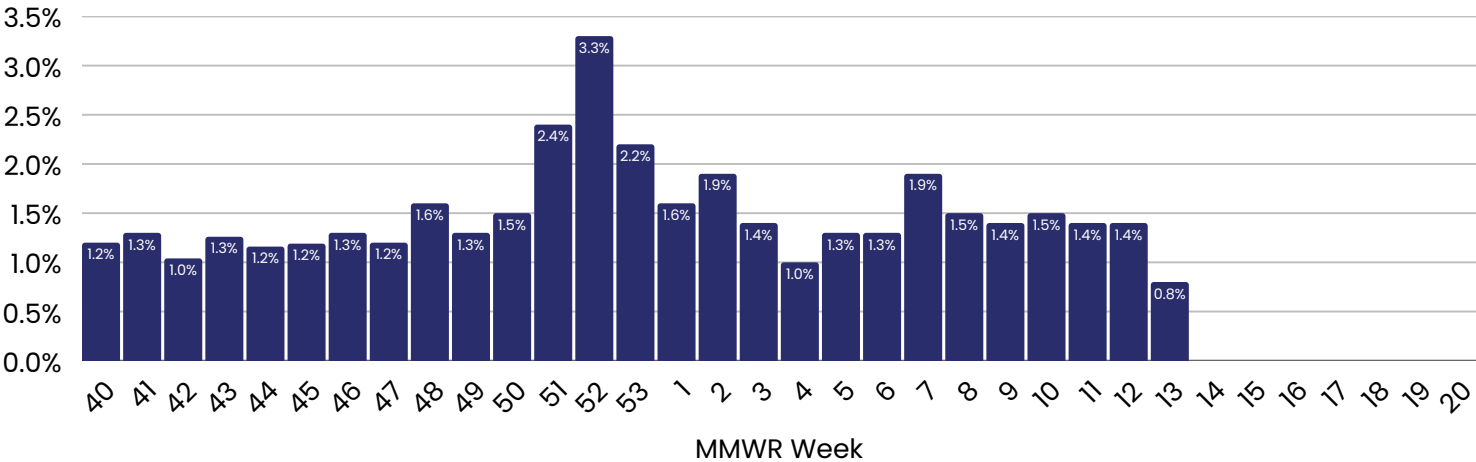
deaths linked to upper respiratory illness this season

Metric	Count This Week (% of total ED visits)	Compared to Last Week	Season Total (% of total)
ED Visits for ILI Symptoms with Fever	42 (0.8%)	-38 (40% decrease)	2,100 (1.5%)
Influenza Hospitalizations	1	-7	566
COVID Hospitalizations	6	+3	309
RSV Hospitalizations	12	-7	211

*An MMWR week is the CDC’s standard weekly calendar for tracking health data. Each week runs Sunday to Saturday. Each year, Week 1 is the first week of the year that has at least four days in the calendar year. 2025 contains 53 MMWR weeks. Data extracted on 4/9/2026. Data are preliminary and subject to change.

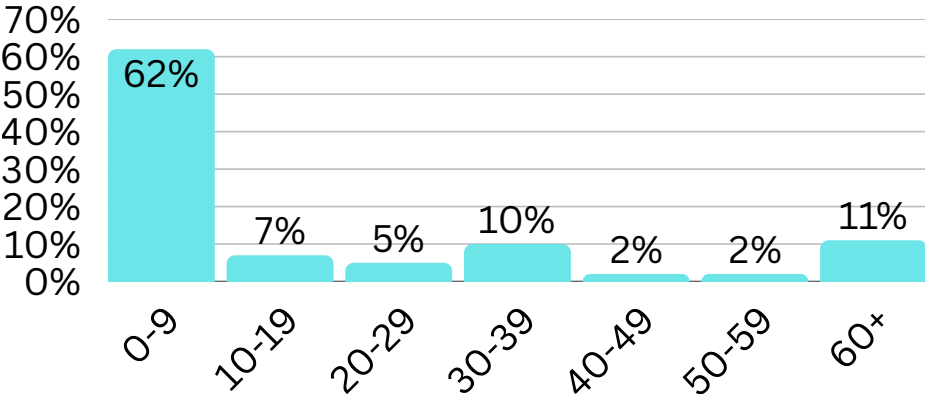
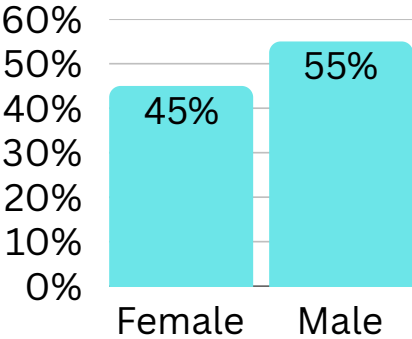
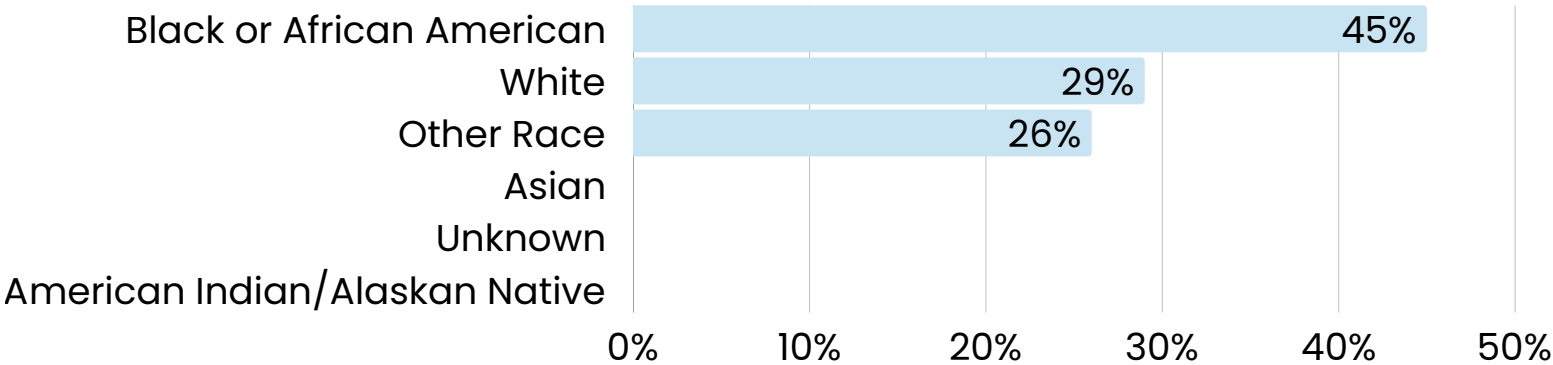
Emergency Department (ED) Visits

Percentage of ED visits for upper respiratory illness symptoms by MMWR Week, 2025-2026



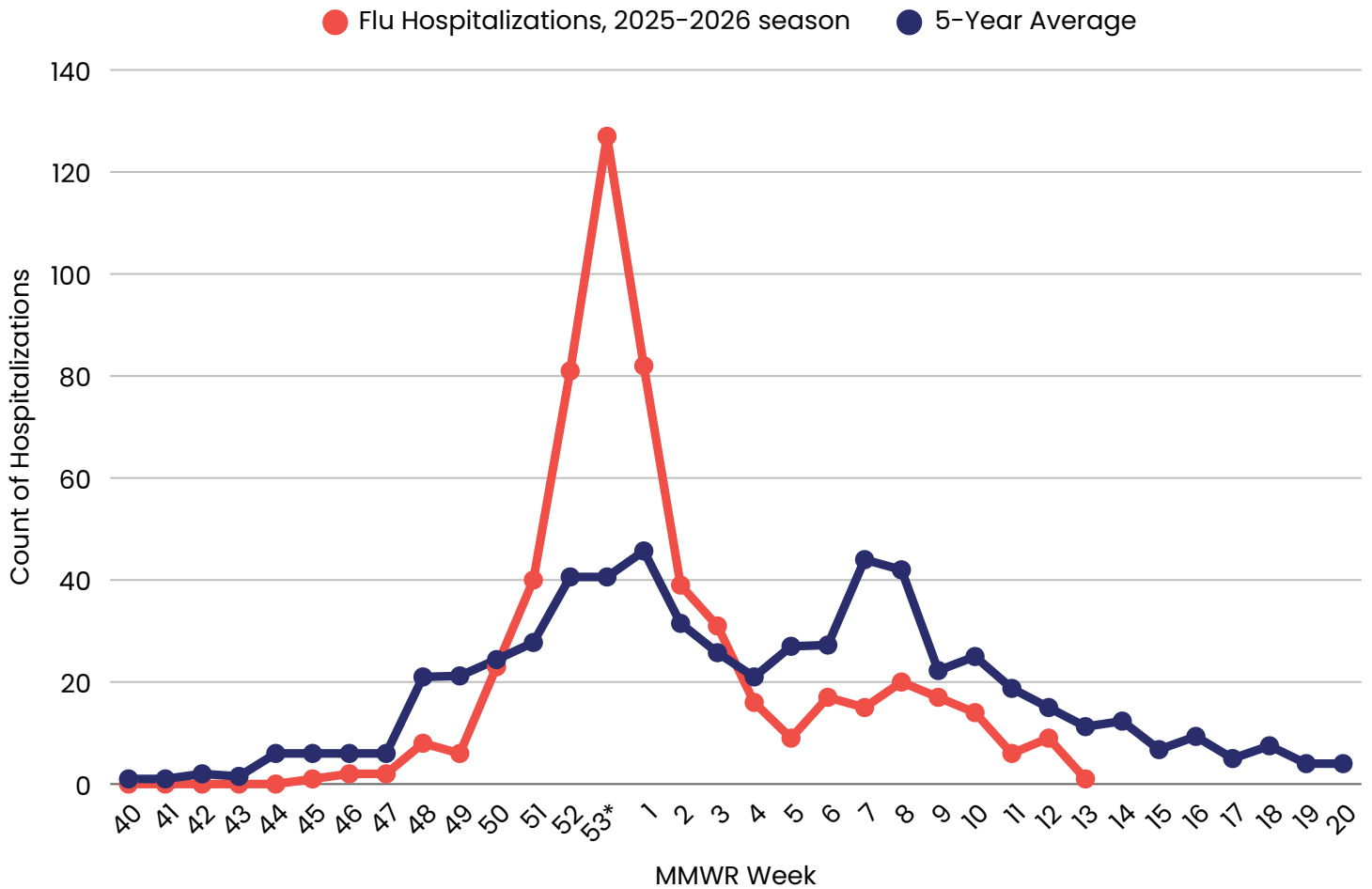
Source: Health Monitoring Systems: EpiCenter 3.5.18. Data extracted on 4/10/2026.

ED visits for upper respiratory illness symptoms by demographic, Week 13



Hospitalizations

Number of Flu Hospitalizations by Week, 2025-2026



There was 1 influenza-associated hospitalization (IAH) this reporting week, bringing the total for the season to 566 since the beginning of October. Hospitalizations this week are significantly lower than the 5-year average.

Influenza A (H3N2) is the predominant strain circulating this season. With only one flu hospitalization this week, age statistics cannot be calculated.

5-year averages for RSV and COVID hospitalizations are not available since these conditions just became reportable this year.

**A 53rd MMWR week occurs periodically to maintain alignment between the MMWR week system and the calendar year. Only one of the prior five seasons included MMWR week 53, during which no hospitalizations were reported. As a result, the comparison value for week 53 is equal to the 5-season average of the final surveillance week.*
Source: Ohio Department of Health, Ohio Disease Reporting System. Data extracted on 4/9/2026. Data are preliminary and subject to change.