# CITY OF CLEVELAND



# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended December 31, 2001

Issued by the Department of Finance

Robert H. Baker Director

James E. Gentile, CPA City Controller (THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

## Table of Contents City of Cleveland, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended December 31, 2001

Introductory Section	Page
Title Page	1
Table of Contents	2
Transmittal Letter	4
City Officials	
City Council	
Certificate of Achievement	
Organization Chart	
Financial Highlights	
Financial Section	
Report of Independent Accountants	
General Purpose Financial Statements (Combined Statements-Overview)	
Combined Balance Sheet-All Fund Types and Account Groups	
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
All Governmental Fund Types	34
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)- General	
Budgeted Special Revenue and Budgeted Debt Service Fund Types	
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings All Proprietary Fund Types	
Combined Statement of Cash Flows-All Proprietary Fund Types	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Combining and Individual Financial Statements and Schedules	
General Fund:	
Balance Sheet-General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
General Fund	71
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) -	50
General Fund-Legal Appropriation Level	
Special Revenue Funds:	0.0
Combining Balance Sheet-All Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	s -
All Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	-
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) -	0.0
Budgeted Special Revenue Funds - Legal Appropriation Level	
Debt Service Funds:	0.4
Combining Balance Sheet-All Debt Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
All Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Budgeted Debt Service Funds-Legal Appropriation Level	

## Combining and Individual Financial Statements & Schedules (continued)

Page

Capital Projects Funds: Combining Balance Sheet -	
All Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Capital Projects Funds	
Enterprise Funds: Combining Balance Sheet-All Enterprise Funds. Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Retained Earnings (Def All Enterprise Funds.	icit) -
Combining Statement of Cash Flows-All Enterprise Funds	
Internal Service Funds: Combining Balance Sheet-All Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings - All Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows-All Internal Service Funds	
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities -	
All Agency Funds	
General Fixed Assets Account Group:	120
Schedule of General Fixed Assets by Sources	
Schedule of Changes in General Fixed Assets by Function and Activity	
Statistical Section	
General Fund Revenues by Source and Expenditures-	
by Function (Budget Basis) - Last Ten Fiscal Years	133
General Governmental Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures	
by Function and Other Uses - Last Ten Fiscal Years	134
Ad Valorem Property Tax Levies and Collections-Real, Utility	
and Tangible Taxes - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Ad Valorem Property Tax Rates:	
Direct and Overlapping Governments - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net:	100
Bonded Debt per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Computation of Legal Debt Margin Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Schedule of Direct Debt	
Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Bonded Debt to Total General Fund	
Expenditures-(Budget Basis) - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Revenue Bond Coverage: Airport Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Revenue Bond Coverage: Water Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Revenue Bond Coverage: Public Power System Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Revenue Bond Coverage: Sewer and Sewage Disposal Bonds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Property Values, Construction and Bank Deposits - Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Principal Property Taxpayers	
Schedule of Insurance Coverage	
Demographic Statistics	
Miscellaneous Demographic Statistics	
	100



## CITY OF CLEVELAND JANE L. CAMPBELL, MAYOR

Department of Finance Robert H. Baker Finance Director James E. Gentile, CPA City Controller 601 Lakeside Avenue Room 18, City Hall Cleveland, OH 44114 (216) 664-3881

August 16, 2002

Honorable Mayor Jane L. Campbell City of Cleveland Council and Citizens of the City of Cleveland, Ohio

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Cleveland (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2001. This report, prepared by the Department of Finance, includes general-purpose financial statements that summarize the various operations and cash flows related to the City's 2001 activities. Our intention is to provide a clear, comprehensive, and materially accurate overview of the City's financial position at the close of last year. The enclosed documentation has been designed to allow the reader to gain an understanding of the City's finances, including financial trends, financial instruments, and fund performances. The City has complete responsibility for all information contained in this report.

The City has applied guidelines established in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." Provisions outlined in this statement define the operational, functional and organizational units for which the City (acting as Primary Government) assumes full reporting accountability. Full financial accountability requires the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

Under these provisions, the City's financial reporting entity acts as a single rather than multi-component unit. The provisions permit the entity to include all funds, account groups, agencies, and boards and commissions that by definition comprise components within the primary government itself. For the City, these components include police and fire protection services, waste collection, parks and recreation, health, select social services, and general administrative services. Primary enterprise activities owned and operated by the City include a water system, sewer system, an electric distribution system, two airports, several parking lots, and a convention center.

In accordance with GASB 14, the Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority and Cleveland Municipal Schools are defined as related organizations and Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland is defined as a jointly governed organization.

#### **Summary of Report Structure**

To maximize clarity and readability, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is organized into three sections:

- The Introductory Section contains the table of contents, this transmittal letter, a listing of City officials, a listing of City Council, the Certificate of Achievement, Organizational Chart, and Financial Highlights.
- The Financial Section contains the Independent Accountants Report, general-purpose financial statements, notes to the financial statements and fund and account group statements and schedules.
- The Statistical Section contains numerous tables highlighting comparative fiscal trends for selected years.

#### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

#### The City

The City is a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Ohio. It is located on the southern shore of Lake Erie and is the county seat of Cuyahoga County.

The City is in the Cleveland-Akron, Ohio Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area ("CMSA"), comprised of Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Lake, Lorain, Geauga, Medina, Portage and Summit counties. This CMSA is the 16th largest of 280 Metropolitan Areas in the United States, and the largest Metropolitan Area in the State of Ohio.

Cleveland is located in the northeast part of the state, approximately 150 miles north of Columbus. Bordering Lake Erie, Cleveland is home to world-renowned medical facilities, professional sports venues, Severance Hall, numerous State of Ohio Lakefront Parks, the Port of Cleveland, the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and operates the nation's eighth largest water system. Interstate highways I-71, I-480, I-77, and I-90 serve as some of the City's major transportation arteries. The City is rich in educational and medical facilities, including Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland State University, the Cleveland Clinic, and University Hospital systems.

#### **City Government**

The City operates under, and is governed by, the Charter which was first adopted by the voters in 1913 and has been and may be further amended by the voters from time to time. The City is also subject to certain general State laws that are applicable to all cities in the State. In addition, under Article XVIII, Section 3 of the Ohio Constitution, the City may exercise all powers of local self-government and may exercise police powers to the extent not in conflict with applicable general State laws. The charter provides for a mayor-council form of government.

The City's chief executive and administrative officer is the Mayor, elected by the voters for a four-year term. Jane L. Campbell was elected as Mayor of the City in November, 2001 and began her first term on January 7, 2002. Prior to assuming office as Mayor, Ms. Campbell served as a member of the Ohio House of Representatives and as Commissioner of Cuyahoga County. Under the Charter, the Mayor may veto any legislation passed by Council, but a veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of all members of the Council.

Legislative authority is currently vested in a 21-member Council. The terms of Council members are four years. All Council members are elected from wards. The present terms of the Mayor and Council members expire on December 31, 2005. The Council fixes compensation of City officials and employees and enacts ordinances and resolutions relating to City services, tax levies, appropriating and borrowing money, licensing and regulating businesses and trades, and other municipal functions. The presiding officer is the President of Council, elected by the Council members. Frank G. Jackson was elected as President of Council in January, 2002. The Clerk of Council is appointed by Council. The Charter establishes certain administrative departments; the Council may establish divisions of the departments or additional departments. The Mayor appoints all of the directors of the City's 12 departments.

The Director of Finance and City Controller believe that, to the best of their knowledge, the data contained in this report present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All necessary disclosures are included in this report to enable the reader to understand the City's financial activities.

#### **Financial Information**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse. Internal control structures in place ensure that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurances that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

*Single Audit*: As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the City is responsible for maintaining a rigorous internal control structure that ensures full compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, external auditors, and the internal audit staff of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "*Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations*." The information

related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, will be included in a separate report.

**Budgetary System**: Detailed provisions regulating the City's budget, tax levies, and appropriations are set forth in the Ohio Revised Code and the City Charter. The Mayor is required to submit her appropriation budget, called "The Mayor's Estimate," to City Council by February 1 of each year. The Council may adopt a temporary appropriation measure for the first three months of the year, but must adopt a permanent appropriation measure for the fiscal year by April 1. The Cuyahoga County Auditor must certify that the City's appropriation measure does not exceed the amounts set forth in the County Budget Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources.

The City maintains budgetary control on a non-GAAP basis at the character level (personnel and related expenditures and other expenditures) within each division. Lower levels within each character are accounted for and reported internally. Lower levels are referred to as the program level. Estimated expenditure amounts must be pre-encumbered and subsequently encumbered prior to release of purchase orders to vendors or finalization of other contracts. Pre-encumbrances and encumbrances that would exceed their available character level appropriation are not approved or recorded until the Council authorizes additional appropriations or transfers. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each calendar year. As an additional control over expenditures, the City Charter requires that all contracts in excess of \$10,000 shall first be authorized and directed by ordinance of City Council.

*The Accounting System*: The City's accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The types of funds to be used are determined by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the number of individual funds established is determined by sound financial administration. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with its own self-balancing set of accounts, assets, liabilities, and fund equity. The City's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds.

The City's financial statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis for all governmental and fiduciary fund types. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded as fund liabilities when incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by all proprietary funds. A more detailed explanation of the basis of accounting for the various funds is included in the *Notes to Financial Statements* located in the Financial Section of this report.

The City's Proprietary Funds are its Enterprise Funds that provide services to the general public, including utilities and airport service, and Internal Service Funds that provide services to city departments and divisions. The City also maintains Agency Funds to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and/or other funds. Results of operations for these Funds are further discussed within the financial statements hereto.

#### **Local Economic Indicators**

While Cleveland, like the rest of the nation, felt the impact of the current recession, the City continued to dedicate resources to the development of both affordable and market rate housing opportunities. The result of our efforts was a dramatic increase in housing stock value in nearly every neighborhood. In a recent report issued by the Office of the Cuyahoga County Auditor, it was demonstrated that Cleveland's appraised housing values increased over 20% since 1997.

Cleveland's economic condition also draws strength and stability from its evolving role as the focal point of a growing, changing and substantial regional economy. The re-emergence of downtown Cleveland as a vibrant center for national and regional entertainment and major cultural activities signals a turning point in the City's overall fortunes and is paving the way for further economic expansion that will be significantly more entrepreneurial in scope.

Another key indicator of the City's continued economic recovery is construction activity, as indicated by the value of building permits issued. The construction value of building permits issued over the past five years is:

Year	Value
1997	\$523,655,516
1998	768,911,015
1999	502,186,592
2000	483,444,810
2001	599,014,294

It should be noted that a portion of the 1998 increase in value is attributed to the construction of the new Cleveland Browns Stadium.

#### Major Industries, Economic Conditions and Employment

Cleveland, like all municipalities across the nation, faced significant economic challenges in 2001. During the second quarter of the year, all indicators clearly pointed to the beginning of what continues to be an economic recession. City revenues felt the impact of these economic shocks with decreases in revenues and increased unemployment. During 2001, Cleveland was negatively impacted when two of its largest employers were preparing to close their doors. The loss of LTV Steel and TRW's Cleveland Valve facility resulted in the elimination of more than 4,000 jobs and millions of lost revenues. LTV Steel and TRW are symbolic of Cleveland's historically rich manufacturing industry. Like all manufacturing cities across the country, Cleveland has had to combat the declining industry base with more professional and service industry opportunities.

The 2000 census reveals that Cleveland's employment base has become more diversified. What follows is a summary of the percentage of employed Clevelanders by industry type based on 2000 census figures.

Industry	% of Workplace
Agriculture	0.20%
Construction	4.50
Manufacturing	18.20
Wholesale Trade	3.10
Retail Trade	10.00
Transportation & Utilities	6.00
Information	2.50
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	6.80
Professional, Scientific Management	8.50
Education, Health, Social Services	21.00
Arts, Entertainment, Recreation	9.00
Other Services	4.80
Public Administration	5.40
	100.00%

The average annual unemployment rate for the City was 4.6% for 2001 that compares with the State of Ohio rate of 4.3% and the United States of 4.8%.

#### Revenues

Income tax collections decreased 4.7% in 2001 over the comparable amount in 2000 primarily as a result of the slowing economy and impact of the closing of LTV and TRW. Overall, General Fund revenues and other sources totaled \$458.2 million in 2001, an increase of 0.75% from 2000.

#### Expenditures

General Fund Expenditures and other uses totaled \$476.4 million in 2001, a decrease of 2.3% from 2000. The primary cause for the decrease was a one-time reduction of Workers Compensation payments during 2001, totaling nearly \$10 million for the General Fund. On a budget basis, audited results of operation reveal that the City's General Fund ended the year with a \$896,000 deficit. The deficit is a result of the City expenditures exceeding revenues by \$13.6 million coupled with the recertification of \$9.8 million in contractual obligations. The 2001 budgetary operating deficit and the recertifications were partially funded by the City's beginning unencumbered fund balance of \$22.5 million.

#### **Employees and Labor Relations**

As of December 31, 2001, the City had approximately 9,300 full-time employees. Approximately 85% of full-time employees are represented by 26 collective bargaining units. The larger units, together with the approximate number of employees represented by such units, include the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, Local 100 (2,000); Cleveland Police Patrolmen's Association (1,500); the Association of Cleveland Firefighters (900); Municipal Foreman and Laborers Union, Local 1099 (800); Teamsters, Local 244 (380); and the Fraternal Order of Police (318).

There have been no significant labor disputes or work stoppages in the City within the last 20 years. The City is in the second year of a three-year agreement with the vast majority of its labor unions, which included wage increases of 3%, 3.5% and 4% effective April 2001, 2002 and 2003, respectively.

The Council, by ordinance, establishes schedules of salaries, wages and other economic benefits for City employees. Generally, the terms of these ordinances have been the product of negotiations with representatives of the employees or bargaining units, and increases in economic benefits have normally been provided on an annual basis.

Chapter 4117 of the Ohio Revised Code (the "Collective Bargaining Law"), establishes procedures for, and regulates public employeremployee collective bargaining and labor relations for the City and other state and local governmental units in Ohio. The Collective Bargaining Law creates a three-member State Employment Relations Board (the "SERB"), which administers and enforces the Collective Bargaining Law. Among other things, the Collective Bargaining Law: (i) creates rights and obligation of public employers, public employees and public employee organizations with respect to labor relations; (ii) defines the employees it covers; (iii) establishes methods for (a) the recognition of employees and organizations as exclusive representatives for collective bargaining and (b) the determination of bargaining units; (iv) establishes matters for which collective bargaining is either required, prohibited, or optional; (v) establishes procedures for bargaining and the resolution of disputes, including negotiation, mediation and fact finding; and (vi) permits all covered employees to strike, except certain enumerated classes of employees, such as police and fire personnel.

#### **Current Projects and 2001 Accomplishments**

The 2001 budget focused on continuing the city's commitment to improving the quality of life by strengthening our neighborhoods, continuing to foster a favorable business climate, and providing superior services, while simultaneously committing significant resources to computer remediation and upgrade needs.

Despite fiscal constraints and economic challenges, the City achieved the following programmatic goals without an income or property tax increase:

- Initiated 259 housing starts
- Over 1,000 new jobs were created through economic development assistance programs
- Immunized over 7,490 citizens against the flu virus
- Continued assistance with the development of the City's seventh new hotel in 10 years

Furthermore, the City hired two police recruit classes that increased police staffing to over 1,900 sworn police officers. The training agreements between the Division of Police and the Greater Cleveland Roundtable continue to address community multi-cultural concerns. Aggressive anti-crime enforcement practices in 2001 by the Division of Police continue to result in decreased violent crime rates from the previous year. In response to the events of September 11, 2001, the Division of Fire developed Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) Teams as outlined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). A Tactical Unit was also put into place in the downtown area for the purpose of specialized rescue operations. The Division of Fire placed six new fire apparatus in service during 2001, with six more to come in 2002. Year 2001 brought about an increase in arrests and convictions by our Fire Investigation Unit. There was also a corresponding decrease in the number of arson fires for the year. The Fire Prevention Bureau exceeded their projected goal of inspections in 2001.

The staffing of Cleveland EMS units was maintained at 21 ambulances, available 24 hours each day, which decreased the average response time to all types of calls below 6.45 minutes in the year 2001. A program was initiated to train City personnel, outside of EMS, in the use of automatic external defibrillators for early treatment of critical heart attack patients. An aggressive program of blood pressure evaluations in City Hall and throughout the community was commenced. The continuation of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training, combined with the new initiatives in public access to early heart attack treatment and blood pressure monitoring, demonstrates the City's concern for the health and welfare of all the residents and visitors.

The following projects currently underway will provide the momentum necessary to continue completion of additional retail, industrial and housing projects, including:

- Over \$47 million in loans and grants were made, stimulating over \$238 million in private investment, resulting in the retention of 1,919 jobs and the creation of 1,412 jobs.
- Manufacturing continues to be important to the Cleveland economy. In 2001, the Department of Economic Development assisted James Manufacturing with its relocation from a suburb to the City's west side, bringing 39 new jobs to the City. Braden Sutphin Ink Company received financial assistance to modernize its operation, preserving 131 jobs in Cleveland's east side.
- Construction commenced for a new 9,000 foot runway at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport.
- Assisted with predevelopment funding and land assembly activities for five large-scale neighborhood housing developments.
- Working with four neighborhood-based partners, over \$30 million of loans were approved or closed by the Empowerment Zone during 2001, stimulating at least \$78 million in investments, including significant developments undertaken by minority owned businesses.
- Empowerment Zone financing assisted the Health Museum of Cleveland, a 65-year-old institution, with the development of a new, state of the art interactive facility to further its mission of providing health information to the community.
- The League Park Development Corporation received financial assistance from the Empowerment Zone to support 29 units of new housing in the Hough Neighborhood. This is the first phase of a master plan for the League Park area, which includes 150 new housing units.
- Year 2001 saw the substantial completion of Quincy Place, a new 45,000-ft. office building in the Fairfax Neighborhood. Owned by Fairfax Renaissance Development Corporation (FRDC), this new \$15 million facility will house a day care center, FRDC's offices, and various social service agencies of Cuyahoga County, bringing these services directly to the neighborhood.
- The City has grown more aggressive in its efforts to attract and assist the hi-tech and life-science sectors. As a result, Cleveland is now the home of Quark Biotech, an emerging life-sciences company now located near the Cleveland Clinic. Originating in Chicago, Quark Biotech is a leader in research in the human genome.
- There continues to be a great deal of support for neighborhood retail. A city loan and tax incentive package supported development of a new Dave's Grocery Store in the Slavic Village Neighborhood. The new 45,000 sq. ft. facility more than doubles the size of the existing store, and is expected to not only support the grocery needs of the neighborhood, but is also expected to draw from a larger population now turning to the suburbs for fresh meat and produce.

#### **Future Economic Outlook**

Current economic conditions challenge the City during 2002. Operating in the midst of a recession, and faced with decreases in its primary revenue sources including City income and property taxes, the City prepared its 2002 operating budget on the basis of revenue estimated to be less than 2002 and tight expenditure control.

The City's Neighborhood Reinvestment Program is a joint effort by the City's Department of Community Development and several area banks to offer creative home financing, consumer credit, small business loans, and various financing options for low to moderate income residents. The following amounts, including more recent renewals, were committed from 1992 through 2001:

Key Bank		\$990 million
Bank One		766 million
National City Bank		665 million
Firstar Bank		528 million
FirstMerit Bank		271 million
Fifth Third Bank		268 million
Huntington National Bank		248 million
Charter One		239 million
Metropolitan Bank & Trust		53 million
	Total	\$4.028 billion

Additionally, the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), a secondary market lender, has committed a total of \$700 million since 1993. This brings the total commitments for all lending institutions to over \$4.7 billion since 1992.

We have consistently adhered to prudent fiscal policies during a long period of economic expansion and have been fortunate to reap the benefits. As the long economic expansion has changed into a recession, municipal governments across the country, including Cleveland, have had to adjust accordingly.

#### **Future Projects for 2002**

In preparing its 2002 budget, the City assumed that core revenues would be steady or slightly reduced compared to 2001 revenues. However, the City was forced to deal with several 2002 expenditure increases, including:

- A 3.5% wage increase effective April 1, 2002 at a cost of \$8.5 million.
- As a result of the calendar the City every 11 years incurs an extra payroll period. During 2002, the additional payroll will cost the General Fund \$11.5 million.
- A retroactive pay raise for those union members whose collective bargaining agreements are not yet completed at a projected cost of \$3.5 million.
- Increases in pension and other benefit costs of \$2.5 million generally associated with higher salary levels due to the negotiated wage increase.
- New costs to the city resulting from the recently completed collective bargaining agreements obligating the City to pay for employees' vision care.

The net result of the items outlined above was a projected \$56 million General Fund deficit. The City, in an effort to eliminate the deficit without reducing service levels, reallocated existing revenue sources, maintained 2001 year-end staffing levels (with limited exceptions) and identified more than \$21 million in one-time revenues. The projected deficit was eliminated and continued delivery of superior service to Cleveland residents was assured.

The actions taken by the City in 2002 include the continued expansion of housing and economic development throughout City neighborhoods, additional senior citizens' services, expanded consumer protection services and increased safety services. Given the challenges facing the City during 2002 and recognizing virtually zero revenue growth, all core city services designed for the safety, health and welfare of City residents remained at or above 2001 service levels. Key programs in the 2002 budget are:

- Establishment of the Office of Consumer Affairs.
- Retention of 24 new park and recreation supervisors.
- Continuation of the expanded 12-week summer pool and playground season.
- Continued funding of the annual \$4.4 million streets resurfacing program.
- \$3 million investment in new concrete sidewalks, aprons, and curbs.
- New police class of 75 cadets.
- Additional staff in direct neighborhood service operations, including the Divisions of Architecture, Research Planning & Development and Engineering & Construction.
- Restaffing the Department of Law.
- Planned issuance of more than \$43 million of general obligation bonds for neighborhood capital projects.
- Planned establishment of a master leasing program for heavy duty vehicles and equipment.
- Establishment of the Office of Technology for the promotion and expansion of the emerging technology sector and biotech development.
- Hiring of a Chief Information Officer.
- Expansion of court community services.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund GAAP Basis Fund balance at December 31, 2001 was \$39.3 million. A five-year comparison of its General Fund activity follows. The revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance shown in these comparisons are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting as applicable to government.

1997-2001					
	(4	Amounts in thousa	nds)		
	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Revenues:					
Income Taxes	\$246,121	\$258,255	\$253,403	\$242,056	\$227,488
Property Taxes	46,200	41,806	46,195	42,625	41,277
State & Local Government Fund	59,252	60,015	59,413	53,998	50,217
Investment Earnings	1,349	1,938	2,980	5,581	2,726
Licenses and Permits	8,853	9,155	8,984	10,278	8,855
Shared Revenues	32,042	32,252	31,722	26,918	27,043
Charges for Services	17,662	16,685	15,599	16,051	14,658
Fines and Forfeits	13,096	20,990	19,070	14,766	15,572
Miscellaneous	14,912	13,690	10,055	15,555	16,788
Total Revenues	\$439,487	\$454,786	\$447,421	\$427,828	\$404,624
Expenditures:					
General Government	\$ 53,578	\$ 55,559	\$ 47,543	\$ 47,263	\$ 42,164
Public Service	32,038	35,804	29,345	29,020	29,911
Public Safety	271,817	274,864	242,977	239,183	233,093
Community & Economic					
Development	16,886	14,722	7,138	7,809	6,976
Public Health	11,281	12,507	10,728	10,519	10,233
Parks, Recreation & Properties	38,446	38,624	33,502	34,375	34,193
Other	15,449	18,306	14,458	14,125	18,945
Total Expenditures	<u>\$439,495</u>	<u>\$450,386</u>	\$385,691	\$382,294	\$375,515
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (8)	\$ 4,400	\$ 61,730	\$ 45,534	\$ 29,109
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers In /(Out) - Net	(18,201)	( 37,265)	(26,249)	(21,198)	( 23,776)
Total other financing uses	(18,201)	( 37,265)	(26,249)	(21,198)	(23,776)
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	( 18,209)	( 32,865)	35,481	24,336	5,333
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u>\$ 57,459</u>	<u>\$ 90,324</u>	<u>\$ 54,843</u>	<u>\$ 30,507</u>	<u>\$ 25,174</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 39,250	\$ 57,459	\$ 90,324	\$ 54,843	\$ 30,507

#### General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – GAAP Basis 1997-2001

#### **Revenue Narrative:**

#### **Municipal Income Taxes**

Ohio law authorizes a municipal income tax on both corporate income (net profits from the operation of a business or profession) and employee wages, salaries, and other compensation at a rate of up to 1% without voter authorization and at a rate above 1% with voter authorization. In 1979 and in 1981, the voters in the City approved increases of one-half of one percent to the rate of the income tax, bringing it to the current 2 % rate. By the terms of the 1981 voter approval, as amended in 1985, one-ninth of the receipts of the total 2% tax (the "Restricted Income Tax") must be used only for capital improvements, debt service or obligations issued for capital improvements or the payment of past deficits. The remaining eight-ninths of the receipts of the municipal income tax is recorded in the General Fund and is pledged to, and may also be used for, debt service on general obligation bonds of the City, to the extent required, and certain other obligations of the City. The income tax is also imposed on gross salaries and wages earned in the City by non-residents of the City and on salaries, wages and other compensation of City residents earned within or outside the City. The income tax liability of a City resident employed outside the City is reduced by a credit equal to 50% of the tax paid to the municipality in which the City resident is employed. The tax on business profits is imposed on that part of profits attributable to business conducted within the City. In 2001, approximately 75% of the total income taxes paid to the City were derived from non-residents employed in the City and business profits.

The total annual income tax receipts, excluding the restricted portion, for the last five calendar years, are shown in the following table.

Year	Amounts (In 000's)	<u>Rate</u>
1997	\$227,488	2.0%
1998	242,056	2.0%
1999	253,403	2.0%
2000	258,255	2.0%
2001	246,121	2.0%

Income tax receipts increased steadily between 1997 and 2000. However, the economic downturns of 2001, coupled with the loss of key manufacturing employers in the City, resulted in decreased tax revenues between 2000 and 2001.

#### **Shared Revenues**

Shared revenues in the General Fund include the State Local Government Fund and other taxes collected by the state or counties and partially redistributed to the City and other political subdivisions. Other taxes include state income, sales, corporate franchise, public utility, estate, cigarette and liquor fees.

Since 1993, the State Local Government Fund ("LGF") and Local Government Revenue Assistance Fund ("LGRAF") have been the City's largest source of non-tax General Fund revenue. Through these funds, Ohio subdivisions share in a portion of the State's collection of the sales tax, use tax, personal income tax, corporate franchise tax and public utilities excise tax. During the course of budget discussions in the Ohio General Assembly, the percentages of the five taxes supporting these funds have varied over the years. At times, the dollar amount in the funds has been capped at specified levels.

Pursuant to statutory law in Ohio, State LGF revenues are divided into county and municipal portions. The county portion, the larger of the two, is distributed to each of the State's 88 counties and is allocated based upon a statutory formula utilizing county population and county municipal property values. Once received by a county, the funds can either be distributed to all subdivisions using the statutory formula or the county and its subdivisions may agree upon an alternate method for allocating the funds. Cuyahoga County and its recipient communities have chosen the latter method which is comprised of a base allocation and an excess allocation. The excess allocation takes into account such factors as assessed value per capita, per capita income, population density and the number of individuals receiving public assistance. The municipal portion of the LGF is distributed directly by the State to those municipalities that collect an income tax. A municipality receives its share of the funds based upon its percentage of total municipal income taxes collected throughout the state in a given year.

The LGRAF, which was created in 1989, is distributed to all counties based upon population. Either the statutory allocation method or an agreed upon alternative allocation is used to apportion the funds. Cuyahoga County allocates LGRAF funds using the same method as is used to distribute LGF monies.

The table below reflects distributions of these funds to the City over the past five years.

	<u>2001</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
State Local Government Fund	\$59,252	\$60,015	\$59,413	\$53,998	\$50,217
Other Shared Revenues*	32,042	<u>32,252</u>	31,722	<u>26,918</u>	27,043
Total	\$91,294 	\$92,267	\$91,135	\$80,916	\$77,260

# State Local Government Fund and Other Shared Revenues (Amounts in thousands)

\* Includes: Cigarette Taxes, Estate Taxes, and Liquor Fees

LGRAF funding has fluctuated over the course of the last few years. Distributions from the State of Ohio and Cuyahoga County (as a conduit between the State and City) have decreased since 2000. Projected State of Ohio budget deficits for 2002 will result in a further reduction of LGRAF revenues to the City of nearly 5%.

#### **Property Taxes**

Taxes collected from real property in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year. Taxes collected from tangible personal property in one calendar year are levied in the same calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before December 31 of that calendar year, and at the rates determined in the preceding year. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year.

The "assessed valuation" of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to rules of the State Tax Commissioner. An exception is that real property devoted exclusively to agricultural use is to be assessed at not more than 35% of its current agricultural use value. Real property devoted exclusively to forestry or timber growing is taxed at 50% of the local tax rate upon its assessed value.

The assessed values of taxable property in the City for the past five years is as follows:

#### (Amount in thousands)

Tax Collection <u>Year</u>	Real <u>Property</u>	Tangible Personal (Other than <u>Public Utility)</u>	Public Utility Tangible <u>Personal</u>	Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
1997	\$3,767,013	\$856,832	\$476,677	\$5,100,522
1998(a)	4,015,815	885,245	474,182	5,375,242
1999	4,085,338	913,154	478,752	5,477,244
2000	4,100,737	952,829	444,315	5,497,881
2001(b)	4,618,340	988,532	451,775	6,058,647

(a) Reflects increased collections after the triennial update in 1997.

(b) Reflects increased collections after the triennial update in 2000.

#### **Investment Earnings**

Investment earnings deposited to the General Fund for the last five-year period are as follows:

		(in thousands)			
Fund	2001	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
General	\$1,349	\$1,938	\$2,980	\$5,581	\$2,726

Investments are made by the City Treasurer and are governed by State law and local ordinance that determine what are legal investments. Due to a struggling economy, reductions in available cash for investment and continued adjustments of the prime rate by the Federal Reserve, interest earnings have steadily declined since 1999.

#### **Licenses and Permits**

Licenses and permits are issued by the City to regulate activities related to building, health, and other business enterprises. Over the last five years, revenues in the General Fund resulting from licenses and permits amounted to:

	(in thousands)				
	2001	2000	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
Amount	\$8,853	\$9,155	\$8,984	\$10,278	\$8,855

Several of the City's licenses and permits are issued for a two-year period. Thus fluctuations in receipts will occur dependent on reissuance dates.

#### **Charges for Services and Fines and Forfeitures**

The City performs certain services for its citizens and other municipalities for which it charges various amounts. These services include impounding, storing and selling abandoned autos, parking meter fees, and various other services. The City's General Fund also allocates a portion of certain citywide expenses to certain other City funds that benefit from the service of departments funded by the General Fund. The City also collects various fines and forfeitures.

	(in thousands)				
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
Fines & Forfeitures Charges for Services Total	\$13,096 <u>\$17,662</u> \$30,758	\$20,990 <u>\$16,685</u> \$37,675	\$19,070 <u>\$15,599</u> \$34,669	\$14,766 <u>\$16,051</u> \$30,817	\$15,572 <u>\$14,658</u> \$30,230

#### Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous revenues comprised of such items as Bureau of Workers Compensation refund and other minor revenue sources in the General Fund are as follows:

		(in thous	ands)		
	<u>2001</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>
Amount	\$14,912	\$13,690	\$10,055	\$15,555	\$16,788

#### **Expenditure Narrative**

General Fund expenditures and other uses totaled \$476,455,000 in 2001, a decrease of 2.3% from 2000. The amount of expenditures and other uses by function on a GAAP basis, including the increases (decreases) over the prior year are shown in the following table.

			(amounts	s in thousands)	<u>)</u>	
					Increase	
EXPENDITURES	Total	% of	Actual	% of	(Decrease)	%
AND OTHER USES	2001	<u>Total</u>	2000	Total	Over 2000	<u>Change</u>
Current:						
General Government	\$ 53,578	11.25%	\$ 55,559	11.39%	(\$1,981)	(3.57%)
Public Service	32,038	6.72%	35,804	7.34%	(3,766)	(10.52%)
Public Safety	271,817	57.05%	274,864	56.37%	(3,047)	(1.11%)
Community Development	15,770	3.31%	13,654	2.80%	2,116	15.50%
Public Health	11,281	2.37%	12,507	2.57%	(1,226)	(9.80%)
Maintenance, Parks and Recreation	38,446	8.07%	38,624	7.92%	(178)	(0.46%)
Economic Development	1,116	0.23%	1,068	0.22%	48	4.49%
Other	15,449	3.24%	18,306	3.75%	(2,857)	(15.61%)
Operating Transfers Out	36,960	7.76%	37,265	7.64%	(305)	0.82%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$476,455	100.00%	\$487,651	100.00%	(\$11,196)	(2.30%)
AND OTHER USES					======	

Overall, expenditures rose in 2001 as a result of a 3.5% pay increase granted to City employees in April 2000, pursuant to the current three year agreement with various bargaining units. While there was also some increase in salary related fringe benefits, hospitalization and dental costs were held down by the continued shift to managed health care plans. Employees also continued to make a modest contribution towards their health insurance premiums through payroll deductions. The primary cause for the reduction in expenditures versus year 2000 was due to a one-time adjustment in workers compensation costs totaling nearly \$15 million city-wide. This resulted in a \$10 million impact to the General Fund.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

The Special Revenue Funds are used for certain revenue sources, primarily grant revenue, which are restricted by law or other formal action to be expended for specific purposes. Certain Special Revenue Funds are subject to an annual budget, while others are not. Special Revenue Funds not subject to an annual budget consist primarily of state and federal grants, including the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), the Federal HOME program, Emergency Shelter Program, Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids (HOPWA) Program, State of Ohio-Home Weatherization Assistance Program (HWAP), Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG), the WorkForce Investment Act (WIA) and the Empowerment Zone.

Community Development Block Grant: The Community Development Block Grant, which the City receives on an annual basis under Title I from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, is administered by the Department of Community Development. The annual entitlement for the program year of 2001, CDBG Year XXVI, was \$30,065,000. The primary objective of the CDBG program is the development of a viable urban community including decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic opportunities principally for low and moderate-income individuals.

The 2001 CDBG allocation breakdown is outlined below:

Purpose	Amount	<u>%</u>
Demolition & Boarding	\$ 3,450,000	11.20
Housing	7,134,000	23.17
Neighborhood Development	10,500,000	34.10
Social Service/Aids Prevention	4,284,000	13.91
Lot Clean-Up	795,000	2.58
Commercial/Economic Development	2,000,000	6.49
Citywide Agencies	2,632,000	8.55
	\$30,795,000	100.00
		=====

Additional details for the CDBG program are included in the City's Grant application titled "Consolidated Plan."

Federal HOME Program: The HOME Program is authorized by the HOME Investment Partnership Act under Title II of the National Affordable Housing Act. Purposes of the HOME Program include expanding the supply of decent, affordable housing for low-income families with emphasis on rental housing, to assisting state and local governments in carrying out affordable housing programs, and providing coordinated assistance to participants in the development of affordable low-income housing.

The City's Federal HOME Program allocation for 2001 was \$8,932,000:

<u>Activity</u>	Allocation	% of Budget
Rehabilitation loans to homeowners	\$5,567,000	63%
Rehabilitation of rental housing by		
community based organizations	2,000,000	22%
Development of rental housing trust funds	1,365,000	15%
	\$8,932,000	100%
		====

#### **Debt Administration**

General obligation bonds are recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Revenue bonds and mortgage revenue bonds are recorded in the applicable Enterprise Fund. The principal amounts outstanding at December 31, 2001 are as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2001	Debt <u>Issued</u>	Debt <u>Refunded</u> (Amount in 000's)	Debt <u>Retired</u>	Balance December 31, 2001
General Long-Term Obligations:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 316,950			(\$23,570)	\$ 293,380
Urban Renewal Bonds/Notes	9,160	\$ 4,200		(285)	13,075
Subordinated Income Tax Bonds	69,500			(1,300)	68,200
Non-tax Revenue Bond	10,000				10,000
Certificates of Participation	167,379			(6,308)	161,071
Enterprise Fund Debt:					
Revenue Bonds and Notes	1,482,976	752,660	(\$173,255)	(43,650)	2,018,731
Ohio Water Development Loans	7,412	6,494	· · ·	(789)	13,117
Total	\$2,063,377	\$763,354	(\$173,255)	(\$75,902)	\$2,577,574

Funds used to meet the debt service requirement on the City's general obligation bonds are from certain ad valorem taxes, restricted income taxes, interest earnings, and enterprise reimbursements from the Convention Center. Ad valorem taxes, the primary source of funds, amounted to \$23,665,000 in 2001, which represents 61% of the debt service requirement on the general obligation bonds recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The remaining 39% of debt service requirements is retired from a portion of the City's restricted income tax proceeds, interest earnings and other miscellaneous revenue sources generated within the debt service funds. These taxes were derived from a levy of \$4.35 per \$1,000 of assessed property. The City issues its general obligation bonds within the context of its Capital Improvement Program. Programs which have benefited due to the issuance of general obligation debt include, but are not limited to, public service improvements, bridge and roadway improvements, recreational facilities, cemeteries, and urban redevelopment. The City's Enterprise Funds implement their own individual capital improvement programs and issue revenue debt necessary to fund their programs.

In October 2001, the City issued \$4,200,000 Taxable Urban Renewal Notes. These one-year notes, which mature November 1, 2002, are special obligations of the City and were issued to purchase certain properties for urban renewal purposes. Principal and interest on the Series 2001 Note, unless paid from other sources, are to be paid from the non-tax revenues of the City.

The City's 2001 Bond Ratings for general obligation and revenue bonds are as follows:

	Moody's <u>Investors Service</u>	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Investors Service
General Obligation Bonds	A1	A+	Α
Waterworks Mortgage:			
Revenue Bonds	Aa3	AA-	
Cleveland Public Power:			
Revenue Bonds	A2	A-	
Airport System:			
Revenue Bonds	A3	А	
Municipal Parking Lots:			
Revenue Bonds (Insured Ratings)	Aaa	AAA	AAA

The ratio of net general bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the City's debt position to management, citizens and investors. Net general bonded debt is total general bonded debt supported by taxes less amounts available in the Debt Service Fund. This data at December 31,2001 was:

Net General Bonded Debt \$292,608,000 Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation 4.83% Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita \$611.63

#### **Capital Projects Fund**

The Capital Projects Fund includes all major capital improvement projects of the City other than those accounted for in the Proprietary and Special Revenue Fund Types. The primary sources for financing the City's Capital Improvement Projects are General Obligation Bond proceeds, Certificates of Participation proceeds, Urban Renewal Bond proceeds, interest earned on funds prior to and during the construction period, restricted income taxes, and funds from the State Issue 2 and Local Transportation Improvement Programs. The City has three primary goals relating to its Capital Improvements: 1) Preservation and revitalization of Cleveland's neighborhoods; 2) Economic development and job creation, and 3) Provision of cost-effective, basic City services to Cleveland residents and the business community.

The City is in the initial stages of providing its first five-year capital improvement plan since 1994. While the City annually revises its planned capital expenditures through a centralized planning process, the current Administration is committed to producing a Capital Development Plan that clearly outlines, in priority order, capital improvements.

Capital projects fall into three major groups and are classified under the following ten functional areas:

<u>Major Groups</u> Basic Services	<ul> <li><u>Functional Areas</u></li> <li>Transportation (roads and bridges)</li> <li>Public buildings and facilities</li> <li>Vehicles and major equipment, including technology expenses</li> <li>Parks and recreation</li> </ul>
Development	- Economic - Community
Major Enterprise Services	<ul> <li>Airports</li> <li>Water system</li> <li>Electric Utility</li> <li>Collector sewer system</li> </ul>

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Cleveland operates four major Enterprise Funds encompassing two airports, a water system, an electrical plant, and a local sewer system. The City also operates other minor Enterprise Funds consisting of cemeteries, a convention center, golf courses, municipal parking lots, and public market facilities.

**Department of Port Control**: The City's Department of Port Control consists of the Divisions of Cleveland Hopkins International Airport and Burke Lakefront Airport, which employs approximately 400 individuals in administration, airfield and building maintenance, vehicle maintenance, and aircraft rescue and fire fighting. Currently, 23 passenger airlines provide scheduled airline service at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. Burke Lakefront Airport, a federally certified commercial and general aviation reliever airport, provides the majority of its services to air taxi operators serving the City's downtown business activities.

The Airports' operating revenue in 2001 amounted to \$92.8 million. This represents a 7.0% increase from 2000 operating revenues of \$86.7 million. Cleveland Hopkins International Airport served 11.9 million passengers in 2001. This reflects an 11.7% decrease from 2000 passengers served. This decrease is attributed to an economic downturn and the tragic events of September 11, 2001. Since October 2001, enplanements have begun to return to pre-September 11<sup>th</sup> levels.

*Division of Water*: The Division of Water was created in 1853 and charged with the responsibility of collecting, treating, pumping and distributing potable water and providing related water service to customers within its service areas. The Division operates a major public water supply system, the eighth largest in the United States, that serves not only the City, but also 73 suburban municipalities in Cuyahoga, Medina, Summit and Geauga Counties. The Division is an emergency standby provider for systems in four other counties. The present service area covers over 640 square miles and serves over 1.5 million people. In 2001, the aggregate metered consumption of water in the City constituted 37% of the total metered consumption in the service area, while consumption in the direct service communities and master meter communities constituted 53% and 10%, respectively.

Operating revenue in 2001 increased 4.5% to \$212.7 million from \$203.5 million in 2000. Metered sales revenue was up 4% in 2001 mainly due to a rate increase. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, increased 7% to \$116.8 million compared to \$109.1 million in 2000.

*Division of Cleveland Public Power*: The Division of Cleveland Public Power supplies electrical service to over 79,600 accounts in the City. The Division is responsible for producing, supplying, transmitting and distributing electricity and providing related electrical services to customers within its service area.

Cleveland Public Power's 2001 operating revenue decreased 1.5% to \$132.1 million from \$134.2 million in 2000. The number of customers increased 1% while kilowatt hour (kwh) sales decreased 10% to 1,419 million kwh. Purchased power expense decreased 4.8% to \$65.3 million in 2001 from \$68.6 million in 2000, primarily due to the decrease in kwh sales. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation and purchased power, decreased 10.4% to \$32.5 million compared to \$36.3 million a year ago.

*Division of Water Pollution Control*: The Division of Water Pollution Control is responsible for the network of sewers conveying sanitary sewage and industrial waste in the City from their point of origin to the treatment facilities for treatment and disposal operated by a regional district. The division also maintains, cleans, repairs and improves sewers and their appurtenances, including catch basins and relaying of the sewer connections.

The Division reported a 3.9% increase in 2001 operating revenue to \$18.9 million compared to \$18.2 million in 2000 primarily due to a rate increase. Operating expenses, exclusive of depreciation, rose 1% to \$13.7 million from \$13.5 million a year ago.

#### **General Fixed Assets**

The general fixed assets of the City as of December 31, 2001 total \$742,590,000 and include all fixed assets of the City except those recorded in the Proprietary Fund Types and infrastructure assets such as streets and bridges. Infrastructure assets are not recorded because they are immovable and of use only to the City. Fixed asset additions and deductions for fiscal year 2001 amounted to \$32,431,000 and \$9,442,000 respectively. The additions were funded primarily from the Certificates of Participation, General Fund, General Obligation Bonds proceeds and Special Revenue Funds.

#### Cash Management

Currently, the City's policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, \$25,688,000 of bank deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with the collateral being held by the City or by its agent in the city's name, and \$128,521,000 are uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the \$247,447,000 of classified investments, \$195,796,000 are classified in the category of lowest credit risk established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, \$51,418,000 represents investments held in the City's name by the counterparty's trust department or agent, and \$233,000 represents investments held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City's investment policies ensure efficient and profitable use of the City's cash resources and reduce the credit and market risks associated with the deposit and investment of City funds. Significant elements of the City's current cash management program include the following objectives:

- A more streamlined bank account structure.
- On-line connection to concentration banks that advise the City of funds available each day for disbursement and investment.
- Improved control over the timing of disbursements.
- More sophisticated management of the City's investment portfolio.
- Reconciliation of investments to the market value of the collateral pledged.
- Investments transacted on a delivery versus payment basis.

#### **Risk Management**

The City has developed a risk management program involving law, finance and personnel to further promote its fundamental responsibility and financial capability to provide basic services to the citizens of Cleveland. The risk management program serves to implement qualitative controls, programs and safeguards in the delivery of basic City services for the protection of both the public and City employees. In addition, the program identifies and controls exposures the City may have to financial loss. Periodic review of the City's funding arrangements with respect to general liability and employee benefits maintains the City's assumption of risk at a reasonable and affordable level.

#### **Other Information**

**The Independent Audit**: The City Charter requires an annual audit of the financial statements of all accounts of the City by an independent certified public accountant. Accordingly, this year's audit was completed by the Auditor of State. The fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, represents the 21<sup>st</sup> consecutive year the City has prepared a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). In addition to the independent auditors, the City maintains its own Internal Audit division. Along with the duty of assisting the independent auditors, the Internal Audit division is responsible for strengthening and reviewing the City's internal controls. The Internal Audit Division performs its own independent operational and financial audits of the City's many funds, departments and divisions. We believe that the City's internal control structure adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of all financial transactions.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement Award: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cleveland, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing the conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 17 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1984-2000). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department, particularly the Financial Reporting and Control division and the Internal Audit division. We would also like to thank the Mayor, her cabinet and members of City Council. Without their continued support, the Department of Finance could not have maintained the financial management practices required to ensure the financial integrity of the City. In addition, we would like to thank the Auditor of State for their efforts and professional conduct throughout the audit engagement.

Very truly yours,

Robert H. Baker, Director Department of Finance

James E. Gentile, CPA City Controller

## CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO City Officials

## Jane L. Campbell, Mayor

## **EXECUTIVE STAFF**

David McGuirk	Chief Operating Officer
Tim Mueller	Chief Development Officer
Craig Tame	Chief Health & Public Safety Officer
Rodney Jenkins	Chief Public Affairs Officer

### ADMINISTRATION

Jane Fumich	Director, Department of Aging
Henry Guzman	Director, Office of Equal Opportunity
Robert H. Baker Director, Depart	rtment of Finance, Chief Financial Officer
Subodh Chandra	Director, Department of Law
John Barnes Jr	Director, Community Relations Board
James Draper	Director, Department of Public Safety
Edward Lohn	Police Chief
Kevin G. Gerrity	Fire Chief
Linda M. Hudecek Director	, Department of Community Development
James Glending Director (Acting)	, Department of Parks, Recreation & Properties
Michael Konicek	Director, Department of Public Utilities
Kenya Taylor	Director, Department of Consumer Affairs
Chris Ronayne	Director, City Planning Commission
Eduardo Romero	Director, Personnel & Human Resources
Mark Ricchiuto	Director, Department of Public Service
John Mok	Director, Department of Port Control
Steven Sims	Director, Economic Development
Jonalyn Krupka	Secretary, Civil Service Commission
Matthew Carroll Dire	ctor (Acting), Department of Public Health

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO

# **City Council**

Frank G. Jackson	$\ldots \ldots President \ of \ Council \ / \ Ward \ 5$
Valarie J. McCall	Clerk of Council
Joseph T. Jones	
Robert J. White	
Zachary Reed	
Kenneth L. Johnson	
Patricia J. Britt	
Fannie M. Lewis	
Sabra Pierce Scott	
Kevin Conwell	
Roosevelt Coats	
Michael D. Polensek	
Edward W. Rybka	
Joseph Cimperman	
Nelson Cintron, Jr	
Merle R. Gordon	
Michael C. O'Malley	
Matthew Zone	
Jay Westbrook	
Dona J. Brady	
Martin J. Sweeney	
Michael A. Dolan	

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Cleveland, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2000

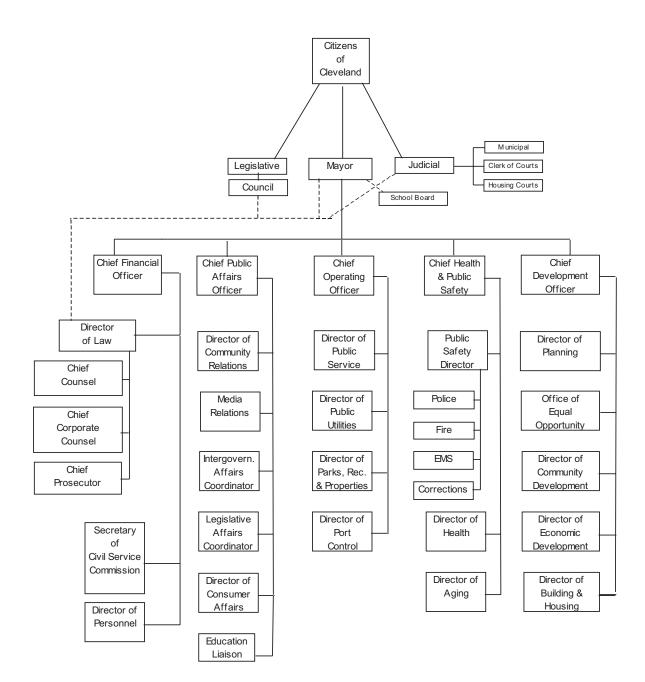
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



I mut drewe Président

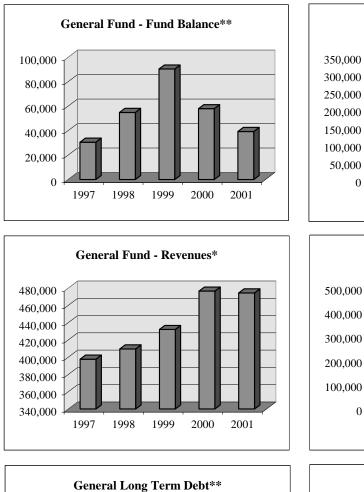
Executive Director

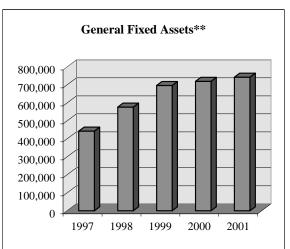
# CITYOF CLEVELAND, OHIO ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION CHART



## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(in thousands of dollars)





Income Taxes\*

1997

1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

1998

1999

**General Fund - Expenditures\*** 

2000

2001

For	General	General	General		General	General
Year	Fund	Fund	Long Term	Long Term Income		Fixed
Ended	Balance**	Revenues*	Debt**	Debt** Taxes*		Assets**
1997	30,507	397,778	668,874	250,590	398,183	443,283
1998	54,843	409,666	670,753	259,721	408,232	576,865
1999	90,324	432,125	677,052	276,627	430,956	696,335
2000	57,916	476,608	672,442	302,384	470,825	719,552
2001	39,250	474,442	650,518	295,559	488,102	742,590

\* Budget Basis

680,000 675,000

670,000

665,000

660,000

655,000

650,000

645,000

640,000 635,000

1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

\*\* GAAP Basis

# FINANCIAL SECTION

This Page is Intentionally Left Blank.



STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

Lausche Building 615 Superior Avenue, NW. Twelfth Floor Cleveland, Ohior 44113-1801 Telephone 216-787-3665 800-626-2297 Facsimile 216-787-3361 www.auditor.state.oh.us

#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS**

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County 601 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2002 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

We performed our audit to form an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the City, taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Cleveland Cuyahoga County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

We did not audit the data included in the introductory and statistical sections of this report and therefore express no opinion thereon.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

August 16, 2002

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

## CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO

### COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	Governmental Fund Types							
	(	General Fund		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,364	\$	123,134	\$	6,880	\$	79,074
Investments at market						2,743		11,007
Receivables:								
Taxes		105,537		6,021		29,887		
Accounts		15,526		2,418				
Loans				180,824				
Unbilled revenue								
Accrued interest		24				22		317
Assessments								8
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(4,825)						
Receivables, net		116,262		189,263		29,909		325
Due from other funds		42,274		22,491				4,793
Due from other governments		35,727		54,666		1,850		5,863
Inventory of supplies		53		883		,		- ,
Prepaid expenses and other assets								
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents								15,231
Investments at market								10,201
Accrued interest receivable								
Bond retirement reserve								
Accrued passenger facility charge								
Fixed assets in service:								15,231
Land								
Land improvements								
Utility plant in service								
Buildings, structure and improvements								
Furniture, fixtures and equipment								
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Construction in programs								
Construction in progress								
Amount available in Debt Service Funds								
Amount to be provided for retirement of								
general long-term obligations:								
Debt								
Other obligations		104 500	¢	200 12-	¢	41.000	¢	116 000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	196,680	\$	390,437	\$	41,382	\$	116,293

See notes to financial statements.

Proprietary				Fiduciary										
Fund Types			Fund Type			Account Groups			Totals (Memorandum Only)					
Enterprise Fund		Internal Service		Agency Fund			General Fixed Assets		General Long-Term Obligations	(Memorand 2001			2000	
\$	195,250	\$	6,503	\$	34,093					\$	447,298	\$	348,479	
Ψ	131,435	Ψ	0,505	Ψ	54,075					Ψ	145,185	Ψ	277,967	
					31,127						172,572		140,371	
	112,670		30								130,644		100,831	
											180,824		177,007	
	30,757										30,757		32,451	
	1,717				2						2,082		7,017	
	(5, (0, ())										8		13	
	(5,686)		20		21.120						(10,511)		(5,029)	
	139,458		30		31,129						506,376		452,661	
	14,929		5,674		297						90,458		93,549	
	3,655		2		313						102,076		58,971	
	8,992		2,462								12,390		11,451	
	21,967										21,967		14,652	
	976,827										992,058		414,432	
	81,878										81,878		157,868	
	3,233										3,233		3,050	
	53										53		53	
	2,069										2,069		2,224	
	1,064,060										1,079,291		577,627	
	170,270		663			\$	37,240				208,173		200,544	
	215,628		3				55,226				270,857		260,697	
	1,259,777										1,259,777		1,219,690	
	724,670		1,605				508,163				1,234,438		1,226,673	
	123,153		9,185				94,624				226,962		235,431	
	(811,918)		(10,436)								(822,354)		(745,059)	
	1,681,580		1,020				695,253				2,377,853		2,397,976	
	255,446						47,337				302,783		157,722	
								\$	9,645		9,645		15,091	
									293,380		293,380		316,950	
									347,493		347,493		350,441	
\$	3,516,772	\$	15,691	\$	65,832	\$	742,590	\$	650,518	\$	5,736,195	\$	5,073,537	

Continued

## CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO

### COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS-Continued

#### December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	Governmental Fund Types							
		General Fund		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	5,853	\$	13,357			\$	13,069
Estimated claims payable		184						
Deferred revenue		102,280		16,468	\$	31,737		8
Due to other funds		8,445		44,074				9,274
Due to other governments		275		32,211				
Accrued wages and benefits		40,393		2,124				
Police and fire overtime								
Police and fire deferred vacation								
Sundry liabilities								
Accrued interest								
Accounts payable from restricted assets								
Capital lease obligations								
Certificates of participation								
Urban renewal increment bonds and notes								
Subordinated income tax refunding bond								
Non-tax revenue bonds								
Notes payable								
General obligation bonds payable								
Construction loans								
Deferred payment obligation								
Revenue bonds payable								
TOTAL LIABILITIES		157,430		108,234		31,737		22,351
FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS								
Investment in general fixed assets								
Contributed capital - City of Cleveland and others								
Retained earnings (accumulated deficits):								
Reserve for debt retirement								
Unreserved								
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS								
(ACCUMULATED DEFICITS)								
Fund balances:								
Reserve for loans				162,863				
Reserve for inventory		53		883				
Reserve for debt service						9,645		
Reserve for encumbrances		14,823		56,330				14,462
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund		10,495						
Reserve for reserve fund		6,148						
Unreserved:								
Designated for future capital improvements				24,912				75,255
Undesignated		7,731		37,215				4,225
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		39,250		282,203		9,645		93,942
TOTAL FUND EQUITY								
AND OTHER CREDITS		39,250		282,203		9,645		93,942
TOTAL LLADIE INTER DUNIN DOLLARY								
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS	\$	196,680	\$	390,437	\$	41,382	\$	116,293
AND UTHER CREDITS	φ	190,080	φ	390,437	Φ	41,302	ψ	110,293

See notes to financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Types		Accoun		Totals (Memorandum Only)				
· · ·		• •		General							
I	Enterprise Fund		Internal Service	Agency		Fixed Assets	Long-Term Obligations		2001		2000
\$	20,728	\$	2,310	\$-	\$	_	\$-	\$	55,317	\$	54,370
Ψ	20,720	Ψ	2,010	Ŷ	Ŷ		2,845	Ψ	3,029	Ψ	3,175
							2,010		150,493		103,189
	16,488		8,175	4,00	2				90,458		93,549
	47,152		0,170	49,19					128,833		82,591
	19,813		2,504	.,,,,,	-		38,809		103,643		106,793
	17,010		2,001				57,339		57,339		64,803
							1,237		1,237		1,193
				12,63	5		-,		12,635		11,790
	63,122			12,00	-				63,122		47,607
	20,506								20,506		11,543
	20,500						812		812		1,350
							161,071		161,071		167,379
							13,075		13,075		9,160
							68,200		68,200		69,500
							10,000		10,000		10,000
	44,950						3,750		48,700		44,000
	44,950						293,380		293,380		316,950
	13,117						295,580		13,117		7,412
	26,531								26,531		27,810
	1,878,286								1,878,286		1,347,521
	2,150,693		12,989	65,83	2		650,518		3,199,784		2,581,685
	2,150,075		12,909	03,03	-		030,310		5,177,704		2,501,005
					\$	742,590			742,590		719,552
	343,722		2,967						346,689		346,687
	37,459								37,459		44,196
	984,898		(265)						984,633		879,416
	1,022,357		(265)						1,022,092		923,612
									162,863		172,609
									936		469
									9,645		15,091
									85,615		40,413
									10,495		8,792
									6,148		5,000
									100,167		104,934
									49,171		154,693
									425,040		502,001
	1,366,079		2,702			742,590			2,536,411		2,491,852
¢		¢		¢ 25.00	ገ ¢		¢ 650.510	¢		¢	
\$	3,516,772	\$	15,691	\$ 65,83	2 \$	742,590	\$ 650,518	\$	5,736,195	\$	5,073,53

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

# IN FUND BALANCES-ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

#### (Amounts in 000's)

	Governmental Fund Types						
	General		Special			Debt	Capital
		Fund		Revenue		Service	Projects
REVENUES							
Income taxes	\$	246,121	\$	31,566	\$	- \$	-
Property taxes		46,200				25,410	
State local government fund		59,252		11.000			
Other shared revenues		32,042		11,299			
Licenses and permits		8,853		114			
Charges for services		17,662		1,136			
Fines and forfeits		13,096		0.557		<i>c</i> 10	
Investment earnings		1,349		3,665		640	4,771
Grants				100,304		755	5,906
Contributions							
Miscellaneous		14,912		38,957		363	17
TOTAL REVENUES		439,487		187,041		27,168	10,694
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		53,578		21,174			
Public service		32,038		18,171			
Public safety		271,817		2,134			
Human resources		,		13,425			
Community development		15,770		66,424			
Public health		11,281		8,515			
Parks, recreation and properties		38,446		1,505			
Economic development		1,116		40,350			
Other		15,449		,		924	
Capital outlay		,		31,171			43,158
Debt service:				,			,
Principal retirement						25,155	6,308
Interest						20,535	7,777
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		439,495		202,869		46,614	57,243
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(8)		(15,828)		(19,446)	(46,549)
OVER (UNDER) EXI ENDITURES		(0)		(15,626)		(19,440)	(+0,5+9)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>							
Operating transfers in		18,759		23,244		14,042	13,111
Operating transfers out		(36,960)		(23,177)		(42)	(8,167)
Proceeds from sale of general		(30,900)		(23,177)		(42)	(0,107)
obligation bonds, net							4,060
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(18,201)		67		14,000	9.004
		(10,201)		07		14,000	2,004
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER		(19, 200)		(15.761)		(5,116)	(27 5 45)
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(18,209)		(15,761)		(5,446)	(37,545)
Fund balances at beginning of year		57,459		297,964		15,091	131,487
Fund balances at end of year	\$	39,250	\$	297,904	\$	9.645 \$	93,942
Fund balances at the of year	¢	39,230	φ	262,203	φ	7,04J Ø	75,742

Totals										
(Memorandum Only)										
	2001 2000									
\$	277,687	\$	291,514							
	71,610		66,642							
	59,252		60,015							
	43,341		43,626							
	8,967		9.255							
	18,798		18,370							
	13,096		20,990							
	10,425		14,327							
	-		-							
	106,965		83,334							
	54.040		84							
	54,249		54,495							
	664,390		662,652							
	74,752		69,397							
	50,209		63,698							
	273,951		279,540							
	13,425		8,471							
	82,194		53,125							
	19,796		21,852							
	39,951		39,941							
	,		,							
	41,466		16,071							
	16,373		19,425							
	74,329		51,586							
	31,463		30,646							
	28,312		28,825							
	746,221		682,577							
	(81,831)		(19,925)							
	69,156		57,049							
	(68,346)		(57,823)							
	4,060		26,335							
	4,870		25,561							
	4,070		25,501							
	(76,961)		5,636							
	502,001		496,365							
\$	425,040	\$	502,001							

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL, BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE AND BUDGETED DEBT SERVICE FUND TYPES

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

		(Allo		8)			Budgeted	
		Genera	l Fund				Revenue Fu	nds
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)
REVENUES							* ** ***	* (1.000
Income taxes	\$ 271,392	\$ 271,392	\$ 262,721	\$ (8,671)	\$ 33,924	\$ 33,924	\$ 32,838	\$ (1,086)
Property taxes	48,318	48,318	47,842	(476)				
State local government fund	58,310	58,284	59,265	981				
Other shared revenues	34,612	34,612	31,590	(3,022)	11,600	11,600	11,604	4
Licenses and permits	8,184	8,184	8,887	703				
Charges for services	14,127	15,540	16,030	490	2,000	2,000	1,733	(267)
Fines and forfeits	16,658	16,658	16,768	110				
Investment earnings	4,893	2,446	1,604	(842)				
Grants								
Miscellaneous	20,569	21,603	29,735	8,132	8,260	8,260	8,784	524
TOTAL REVENUES	477,063	477,037	474,442	(2,595)	55,784	55,784	54,959	(825)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	56,041	55,733	54,786	947				
Public service	33,990	33,825	33,550	275	27,911	27,661	26,819	842
Public safety	269,651	274,705	272,436	2,269	_,,,	,	,/	
Community development	16,535	16,801	16,655	146				
Public health	13,247	12,211	11,884	327				
Maintenance, parks and recreation	40,543	39,309	39,131	178	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Economic development	1,172	1,102	1,098	4	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Other	17,879	17,879	16,882	997				
Capital outlay	17,077	17,077	10,002	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20,174	20,174	20,152	22
Debt service:					20,174	20,174	20,152	22
Principal retirement Interest								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	449,058	451,565	446,422	5,143	50,085	49,835	48,971	864
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	449,038	431,303	440,422	5,145	30,083	49,833	46,971	804
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	28,005	25,472	28,020	2,548	5,699	5,949	5,988	39
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in					9,500	9,500	9,726	226
Operating transfers out	(44,661)	(42,153)	(41,680)	473	(13,750)	(13,750)	(13,750)	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)	(44,661)	(42,153)	(41,680)	473	(4,250)	(4,250)	(4,024)	226
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(16,656)	(16,681)	(13,660)	3,021	1,449	1,699	1,964	265
Decertification (recertification) of prior year encumbrances			(9,779)	(9,779)			587	587
Fund balances at beginning of year	22,543	22,543	22,543		11,962	11,962	11,962	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,887	\$ 5,862	\$ (896)	\$ (6,758)	\$ 13,411	\$ 13,661	\$ 14,513	\$ 852

			geted vice Funds		Totals (Memorandum Only)				
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	
					\$ 305,316	\$ 305,316	\$ 295,559	\$ (9,757)	
\$	25,172	\$ 25,172	\$ 24,321	\$ (851)	<sup>3</sup> 303,310 73,490	<sup>3</sup> 303,310 73,490	<sup>3</sup> 293,359 72,163	(1,327)	
φ	23,172	\$ 25,172	φ 24,321	\$ (051)	58.310	58.284	59,265	981	
					46,212	46,212	43,194	(3,018)	
					8,184	8,184	8,887	703	
					16,127	17,540	17,763	223	
					16,658	16,658	16,768	110	
	325	325	570	245	5,218	2,771	2,174	(597)	
	323 755	755	755	243	755	755	2,174	(397)	
	155	155	155		28,829	29,863	38,519	8,656	
	26,252	26,252	25,646	(606)	559,099	559,073	555,047	(4,026)	
					56,041	55,733	54,786	947	
					61,901	61,486	60,369	1,117	
					269,651	274,705	272,436	2,269	
					16,535	16,801	16,655	146	
					13,247	12,211	11,884	327	
					42,543	41,309	41,131	178	
					1,172	1,102	1,098	4	
					17,879	17,879	16,882	997	
					20,174	20,174	20,152	22	
	24,870	24,870	24,870		24,870	24,870	24,870		
	20,188	20,188	19,503	685	20,188	20,188	19,503	685	
	45,058	45,058	44,373	685	544,201	546,458	539,766	6,692	
	(18,806)	(18,806)	(18,727)	79	14,898	12,615	15,281	2,666	
	18,450	18,450	18,755	305	27,950	27,950	28,481	531	
	10,450	18,450	18,755	305	(58,411)	(55,903)	(55,430)	473	
	18,450	18,450	18,755	305	(30,461)	(27,953)	(26,949)	1,004	
	18,450	18,430	18,755	303	(50,401)	(27,955)	(20,949)	1,004	
	(356)	(356)	28	384	(15,563)	(15,338)	(11,668)	3,670	
	7,627	7,627	(376) 7,627	(376)	42,132	42,132	(9,568) 42,132		
\$	7,271	\$ 7,271	\$ 7,279	\$ 8	\$ 26,569	\$ 26,794	\$ 20,896	\$ (5,898)	

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND

### CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	<b>Proprietary Fund Types</b>			Totals						
	Enterprise			Internal	(Memorand	um	Only)			
		Fund		Service	2001		2000			
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$	472,347	\$	27,381 \$	,	\$	490,087			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		472,347		27,381	499,728		490,087			
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Operations		185,828		31,604	217,432		195,963			
Maintenance		48,489		3,044	51,533		55,745			
Purchased power		65,283			65,283		68,597			
Depreciation		78,006		79	78,085		73,032			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		377,606		34,727	412,333		393,337			
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>		94,741		(7,346)	87,395		96,750			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Interest income		38,607		951	39,558		47,785			
Interest expense		(66,167)			(66,167)		(73,595)			
Litigation settlement		(2,699)			(2,699)					
AEP Refund per FERC ruling							2,864			
Passenger facility charge revenue		15,024			15,024		16,642			
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(1,827)			(1,827)		(731)			
Contributed capital and other contributions		34,818		137	34,955					
Other (expenses) revenues, net		(7,048)		99	(6,949)		(5,123)			
TOTAL NON-OPERATING		10.709		1 107	11.005		(12 159)			
<b>REVENUES</b> (EXPENSES)		10,708		1,187	11,895		(12,158)			
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS		105,449		(6,159)	99,290		84,592			
		, -			,					
Operating transfers in				390	390		1,926			
Operating transfers out		(1,200)			(1,200)		(1,152)			
NET INCOME (LOSS)		104,249		(5,769)	98,480		85,366			
Retained earnings at beginning of year Retained earnings (accumulated deficits)		918,108		5,504	923,612		838,246			
at end of year	\$	1,022,357	\$	(265) \$	1,022,092	\$	923,612			

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	Proprietary F	und Types	Totals					
	Enterprise	Internal	(Memorandu	m Only)				
	Fund	Service	2001	2000				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$ 444,499 \$	30,914 \$	475,413 \$	485,511				
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(119,278)	(20,168)	(139,446)	(135,253)				
Cash payments to employees for services	(115,700)	(13,976)	(129,676)	(120,868)				
Cash payments for purchased power	(66,366)		(66,366)	(67,701)				
Cash receipts of customer deposits	(369)		(369)	219				
Agency activity on behalf of NEORSD	(2,995)		(2,995)					
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)	· · · · · · ·							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	139,791	(3,230)	136,561	161,908				
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Advance from General Fund	463	48	511	1,005				
Cash received through operating transfers from other funds		332	332	434				
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges	14,846		14,846	16,630				
Cash payment for litigation settlement	(1,799)		(1,799)	,				
AEP refund per FERC ruling	(-,)		(-,,	2,864				
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes	(10,615)		(10,615)	(12,283)				
Cash transfer to debt service	(,)		(	(327)				
Other non-capital financing activity	8,938	99	9,037	6,192				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	0,950	,,,	2,037	0,172				
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	11,833	479	12,312	14,515				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds and notes	611,167		611,167					
Proceeds from sale of refunding bonds and notes	140,747		140,747					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(153,109)		(153,109)	(121,354)				
Principal paid on long-term debt	(133,105) (84,411)		(84,411)	(39,388)				
Interest paid on long-term debt	(88,051)		(88,051)	(76,952)				
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding	(141,423)		(141,423)	(70,952)				
Capital grant proceeds	27,200		27,200	0.427				
	27,200		27,200	9,437				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	312,120		312,120	(228,257)				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investment securities	(327,745)		(327,745)	(302,230)				
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	494,627		494,627	286,772				
Interest received on investments	66,678	986	67,664	51,778				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			,					
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	233,560	986	234,546	36,320				
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	697,304	(1,765)	695,539	(15,514)				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	474,773	8,268	483,041	498,555				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,172,077 \$		1,178,580 \$	483,041				

Continued

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES-Continued

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	<b>Proprietary Fund Types</b>			Totals				
	Enterprise Internal			(Memorar	ndum	Only)		
		Fund		Service	2001		2000	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	\$	94,741	\$	(7,346) \$	87,395	\$	96,750	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		78,006		79	78,085		73,032	
Non-cash rental income		(3,389)			(3,389)		(3,389)	
Loss on disposal of equipment		41			41		1,070	
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable, net		(13,231)		(202)	(13,433)		(12,701)	
Unbilled revenue		1,694			1,694		2,240	
Landing fee - due from airlines		(10,903)			(10,903)			
Due from other funds		(4,902)		(691)	(5,593)		(3,121)	
Due from other governments		(5)		12	7			
Inventory of supplies		(497)		217	(280)		540	
Prepaid expenses		(935)			(935)		(105)	
Landing fee adjustment		(6,139)			(6,139)		2,174	
Accounts payable		(962)		(962)	(1,924)		3,447	
Due to other funds		2,894		5,777	8,671		(5,909)	
Due to other governments		6,332			6,332		(1,413)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		661			661			
Accrued wages and benefits		(3,615)		(114)	(3,729)		9,293	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		45,050		4,116	49,166		65,158	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	139,791	\$	(3,230) \$	136,561	\$	161,908	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF CITY OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

*The City*: The City of Cleveland, Ohio (the "City") operates under an elected Mayor/Council (21 members) administrative / legislative form of government. The mayoral election was held in November 2001 and the new mayor took office January of 2002.

*Reporting Entity*: The accompanying financial statements of the City present the financial position of the various fund types and account groups, the results of operations of the various fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2001, and for the year then ended, and have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

In evaluating how to define the governmental reporting entity, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City (Primary Government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

On this basis, the City's financial reporting entity has no component units but includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, including police and fire protection, waste collection, parks and recreation, health, certain social services and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates ten enterprise activities, the major ones consisting of a water system, a sewer system, an electric distribution system and two airports.

The following entities are related organizations to the City of Cleveland, however the City's accountability does not extend beyond appointing authority:

- *Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority* Created under the Ohio Revised Code, the Cuyahoga Metropolitan Housing Authority provides public housing services. The five member board consists of two appointed by the Mayor of the City, two appointed by City Council and one appointed by the City Manager of the City of Cleveland Heights with approval from its City Council.
- *Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority* Created under the Ohio Revised Code, the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority conducts port development and operations. The nine member Board of Directors consists of three appointed by the County Commissioners and six appointed by the City of Cleveland.
- *Cleveland Municipal Schools* In November of 1998, the Mayor of the City of Cleveland was given appointing authority for the Cleveland Municipal Schools. As approved by the State legislature, the Ohio Revised Code provided for the Mayor to appoint a Chief Executive Officer who was to be approved by the Board of Education (the "Board"). The Board is comprised of nine members. The members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor from a pool of 18 candidates presented to the Mayor by an independent nominating panel. Mayoral control of the school district will go before a vote of the people in November 2002.

The following entity is a jointly governed organization of the City of Cleveland, however the City has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility:

*Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway)* - Gateway is responsible for the operations of a sports complex and related economic development. The five member board consists of two members appointed by the City, two members appointed by the Board of County Commissioners and one by the President of the Board of County Commissioners with concurrence of the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

*Basis of Presentation*: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for using a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (expenses). The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements.

Amounts in the "totals-memorandum only" columns represent a summation of the general purpose financial statement line items of the fund types and account groups and are presented only for analytical purposes. The summation includes fund types and account groups that use different bases of accounting, both restricted and unrestricted amounts, interfund transactions that have not been eliminated, and the caption "amount to be provided," which is not an asset in the usual sense. Consequently, amounts shown in the "totals-memorandum only" columns are not comparable to a consolidation and do not represent the total resources available or total revenues and expenditures (expenses) of the City. The 2000 memorandum column does not show the impact of GASB 33, which was implemented in 2001.

The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

#### **Governmental Funds**

*General Fund*: This fund, which is the major operating fund of the City, accounts for the general operating revenues and expenditures of the City not recorded elsewhere. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, income taxes and the state local government fund.

*Special Revenue Funds*: These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues (other than revenues for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. These funds include most major federal and state grants.

*Debt Service Funds*: These funds are used to account for the resources received and used to pay principal and interest on debt reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group and certain enterprise funds. Revenues and financing resources are derived primarily from property taxes, reimbursements from enterprise funds and operating transfers by enterprise funds.

*Capital Projects Funds*: These funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of capital assets other than those financed by special revenue, enterprise and internal service fund operations. Revenues and financing resources are derived primarily from the issuance of bonds, certificates of participation and the receipt of grants.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

*Enterprise Funds*: These funds are used to account for operations that provide services which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

*Internal Service Funds*: These funds are used to account for the goods or services provided to certain City departments and funds or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

*Agency Funds*: These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for others and include the Central Collection Agency, the Cleveland Municipal Court and payroll deductions withheld and awaiting payment.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### **Account Groups**

*General Fixed Assets Account Group*: This account group is used to present the general fixed assets of the City utilized in its general operations, exclusive of those used in enterprise and internal service funds. General fixed assets include land, buildings, improvements and equipment owned by the City, and the City's share of the Justice Center Building.

*General Long-Term Obligations Account Group*: This account group is used to account for all long-term obligations of the City except those accounted for in the enterprise funds.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the more significant accounting policies for the City is described below:

Basis of Accounting: All financial transactions for Governmental and Fiduciary Funds are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this accounting method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For the City, available means received within sixty days of year end. Revenues accrued, in which the City receives value without directly giving value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized. If available, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned; revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied; and revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility have been satisified. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. Governmental and Fiduciary Fund expenditures are accrued when the fund liability is incurred except for interest on long-term debt, which is recorded when due. Financial transactions for Proprietary Funds are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting; revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized as incurred. Under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Activities, all Proprietary Funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, Proprietary Funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements). The City has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

*Measurement Focus*: All Governmental Funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Resources not available to finance expenditures or commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue. Liabilities for claims, judgments, compensated absences, police and fire overtime and police and fire deferred vacation which will not be currently liquidated using expendable financial resources are shown in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows.

**Budgetary Accounting and Control**: The City is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds including the Division of Streets, Restricted Income Tax, Rainy Day Reserve Fund, Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund, and Debt Service Funds (except for Urban Renewal and Urban Renewal Reserve Funds). Modifications to the original budget are approved by City Council throughout the year. The City maintains budgetary control by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations for personnel costs (including benefits), other costs, debt service and capital outlay within a division of the City without the approval of City Council. Adjustments to the budget can only be made within a division and then within each category. Further legislation is needed in order to move budget authority from "personnel" to "other" or vice versa, or between divisions. City Council adopted an additional supplemental appropriation for 2001.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

Unencumbered appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at year end. Budgetary data are not presented for the Proprietary Funds due to the nature of the funds. There is no legal requirement to report on such budgets.

The actual results of operations as compared to the amended appropriations passed by Council are presented in the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)-General, Budgeted Special Revenue and Debt Service Fund Types, in accordance with the City's budgetary process (budget basis) to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget for those governmental funds for which annual budgets are prepared.

The City's budgetary process does not include annual budgeting for grant funds and capital project funds. Appropriations in these funds remain open and carry over to succeeding years (i.e., multi-year) until the related expenditures are made or until they are modified or canceled. Appropriations for these funds are controlled on a project basis and therefore budgetary comparison statements on an annual basis do not provide meaningful information and, accordingly, are not presented.

The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash, encumbered or pre-encumbered (budget) as opposed to when goods or services are received (GAAP). Encumbrances are recorded as expenditures (budget) as opposed to reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources
Over Expenditures and Other Uses
(Amounts in 000's)

	Ge	eneral Fund	S	pecial Revenues	Debt Service
GAAP basis	\$	(18,209)	\$	(15,761)	\$ (5,446)
Less: Funds not budgeted on an annual basis			\$	(3,683)	\$ 41
GAAP basis for budgeted funds	\$	(18,209)	\$	(12,078)	\$ (5,487)
Increase (Decrease)					
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	\$	16,196	\$	6,606	\$ 5,078
Adjustment for Encumbrances & Pre Encumbrances	\$	(8,467)	\$	(11,728)	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	\$	(3,180)	\$	19,164	\$ 437
Budget basis for budgeted funds	\$	(13,660)	\$	1,964	\$ 28

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Pooled Cash and Investments**: Cash resources of certain individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments which is managed by the City Treasurer. Investments in the Pooled Cash Account, consisting of certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, Star Ohio and time deposits, are carried at market value (see Note C). Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on the average weekly balance of cash and investments of each fund.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*: Cash and cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from when purchased.

*Investments*: Effective January 1, 1998, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the City has stated certain investments at fair value.

Unbilled Revenue: Unbilled revenues are estimates for services rendered but not billed to customers at year end.

*Inventory of Supplies*: Inventory is valued at average cost except Special Revenue Fund inventory which is valued at cost. Inventory generally consists of construction, utility plant supplies and parts inventory not yet placed into service. Inventory costs are charged to operations when consumed.

*Restricted Assets*: Proceeds from debt and amounts set aside for payment of enterprise fund general obligation debt and revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by applicable bond indentures.

*Fixed Assets and Depreciation*: Property, plant and equipment is stated on the basis of historical cost, or if contributed, at fair market value at the date received. Infrastructure, pertaining to Governmental Fund Type activities, including streets, bridges and sidewalks, is not capitalized by the City. Depreciation is not provided in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Depreciation for the Proprietary Fund Types is determined by allocating the cost of fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. When property is disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with gains or losses on disposition being reflected in operations. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Utility plant in service 6 to 100 years
Buildings, structures and improvements 10 to 65 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 5 to 33 years

Capital Outlay: The City reports capital outlays in the fund which provides the resources.

*Idle Facilities*: In April 1977, the Division of Cleveland Public Power closed its generation plant and since that time the Division's revenues have been derived primarily from the distribution of purchased power. The Division continued its past practice of depreciating the plant at rates which completed the amoritization of the plant in 1999. With the present availability of competitively priced purchased power, management believes the plant will remain idle.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Capitalization of Interest**: The City's policy is to capitalize interest on Proprietary Fund Type construction projects until substantial completion of the project. Capitalized interest is amortized on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The City applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 62, *Capitalization of Interest Cost in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants*, for its Waterworks Improvement First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, its Public Power Improvement First Mortgage Revenue Bonds and its Airport Revenue Bonds. This Statement requires capitalization of the interest cost of the borrowings less interest earned on investment of the bond proceeds from the date of the borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.

For 2001, interest expense incurred for the Proprietary Funds was \$105,978,000 which was reduced by \$39,811,000 of interest expense capitalized. For 2001, total interest income earned by the Proprietary Funds was \$64,424,000 which was reduced by \$24,866,000 of interest income capitalized.

*Swap Agreements*: The City may enter into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. Other than the net interest expense resulting from these agreements, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements. As further described in Note D, the City has one swap agreement outstanding at December 31, 2001 for its Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds.

*Contributed Capital*: Contributed capital represents federal and state grants and other financial resources received prior to January 1, 2001 supplied to the City's Proprietary Funds which are not subject to mandatory repayment. As required by GASB No. 33, after January 1, 2001 these types of resources are recorded as non-operating revenues.

*Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues*: Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement programs are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement-type grants for the acquisition of fixed assets of Proprietary Fund Types are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and contributed capital and other contributions when the related expenses occur. Other federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures (expenses) are incurred. The City accounts for loans receivable related to the Economic Development Funds, Urban Development Action Funds, Community Development Block Grants and Supplemental Empowerment Zone as a reservation of fund balance to the extent that these loans do not have to be repaid to the Federal Government. Loans Receivable is presented net of allowance for doubtful accounts on the balance sheet. The loan proceeds are earmarked for future reprogramming under federal guidelines and are not available to fund current operating expenditures of the City.

The City participates in the State Issue 2 program and the Local Transportation Improvement Program. Through these programs, the State of Ohio (State) provides financial assistance to the City for its various road and bridge improvements and storm water detention facilities. The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) is the State agency which oversees the allocation of State bond proceeds and tax revenue to selected projects which have met funding requirements. Upon approval of the OPWC, the City and the State create project agreements establishing each entity's financial contribution toward each project. Through December 31, 2001, the State funded \$73,621,000 of road and bridge improvement projects. Also funded was \$4,575,000 for storm water detention facilities recorded in the Enterprise Fund's Division of Water Pollution Control.

*Encumbrances and Pre-Encumbrances*: Encumbrance accounting is employed in the General, certain Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Purchase orders and requisitions, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures are recorded as encumbrances or pre-encumbrances to reserve the applicable portion of the appropriation. Encumbrances and pre -encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

*Interfund Transactions*: During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. Such transactions are generally reflected as operating transfers or reimbursements in the accompanying financial statements.

*Statement of Cash Flows*: The City utilizes the direct method of reporting cash flows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 9. In a statement of cash flows, cash receipts and cash payments are classified according to operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

*Compensated Absences*: In conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", the City accrues vacation and sick pay benefits including their related fringe benefits as earned by its employees using the termination method. For Governmental Fund Types, the liability not currently due and payable at year end is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Normally, all vacation time is to be taken in the year available unless written approval for carryover of vacation time is obtained. Sick days not taken may be accumulated until retirement. An employee is paid one-third of accumulated sick leave, calculated at current wage rates, upon retirement with the balance being forfeited.

*Police and Fire Deferred Vacation*: Uniformed police and fire employees are eligible to defer earned vacation time, with the appropriate approvals, until retirement. Once deferred, the employee cannot use deferred time as vacation. Deferred vacation is paid to the employee upon retirement, calculated using the hourly rate and their related fringe benefits at the date of retirement.

*Future Capital Improvements*: Certain resources have been designated by City management to fund future capital improvements. These resources are classified as "Designated for future capital improvements" in the fund balance of the Governmental Fund Types.

*Rainy Day Reserve Fund*: The Rainy Day Reserve Fund was established to account for assets that are only eligible to be used during significant periods of economic downturn or to fund unanticipated one-time General Fund obligations.

*Reserved Fund Balance*: Fund balances are reserved to indicate that they do not constitute available financial resources and have been specifically reserved by City ordinance or other requirements.

*Decertification (Recertification) of prior year encumbrances and pre-encumbrances :* In the normal course of business, the City decertifies encumbrances and pre-encumbrances throughout the year. During 2001, the City had to recertify encumbrances and pre-encumbrances that were previously reduced.

#### NOTE C - POOLED AND SEGREGATED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Monies for the Debt Service Funds, certain Capital Projects Funds, Central Collection Agency, Municipal Courts, Department of Port Control, Division of Water, Division of Water Pollution Control, Division of Cleveland Public Power, Division of Municipal Parking Lots and certain Special Revenue Funds are deposited or invested in individual segregated bank accounts. Monies for the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants, Neighborhood Development Investment Funds, Economic Development Funds, Supplemental Empowerment Zone and other Special Revenue Funds are also deposited in segregated bank accounts.

Monies of all other funds of the City, including the accounts of the General Fund, other Special Revenue Funds, other Capital Projects Funds, other Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds and other Agency Funds, are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts. Collectively these common bank accounts and investments represent the Pooled Cash Account (PCA). Each fund whose monies are included in the PCA has equity therein.

Certain funds have made disbursements from the PCA in excess of their individual equities in the PCA. Such amounts have been classified as due to other funds and due from other funds between the Restricted Income Tax and General Fund and the respective funds that have made disbursements in excess of their individual equities in the PCA.

The City has a restrictive arrangement for certain segregated monies held in escrow at the banks' trust departments in which the City must act in conjunction with a trust officer in order to make investments. The City's role is that of investment manager and the trust officer's role is that of purchasing agent. For other segregated monies, the City acts alone in placing investments with the banks. Amounts held in escrow are designated for a special purpose and are entrusted to a third party to fulfill certain legal provisions.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

**Deposits**: Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or building and loan associations located in Ohio. The City's policy is to place deposits only with major commercial banks having offices within the City of Cleveland. Any public depository in which the City places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Further, City ordinance requires such collateral amounts to exceed deposits by ten percent. Collateral that may be pledged is limited to obligations of the following entities: the United States and its agencies, the State of Ohio, the Ohio Student Loan Commission and any legally constituted taxing subdivision within the State of Ohio. The City also requires that non-pooled securities pledged be held by either the Federal Reserve Bank or other trust institution, as designated by the City, as trustee. This collateral is held in joint custody with the financial institution pledging the collateral, and cannot be sold or released without written consent from the City.

GASB statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements", requires the City to categorize its deposits into one of three categories:

Category 1: Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

Category 2: Collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3: Uncollateralized (This includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name).

Monthly, the City determines that the collateral has a market value adequate to cover the deposits and that it has been segregated either physically or in book entry form. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits including certificates of deposit was \$79,619,000 and the actual bank balance totaled \$154,209,000. The difference represents outstanding warrants payable and normal reconciling items. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 3, \$25,688,000 of the bank balance was insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

The remaining balance of \$128,521,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized (which includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department but not in the City's name). Of this amount, \$20,042,000 was invested in two bank investment contracts (BIC). These BICs are secured by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department, but not in the City's name. The remaining amount, \$108,479,000 was secured by a collateral pool held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the respective depository bank which pledges a pool of collateral against all public deposits it holds.

*Investments:* The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City ordinances which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; U.S. Government Money Market Mutual Funds; State Treasurer Asset Reserve Fund (STAROhio); guaranteed investment contracts and repurchase transactions. Such repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or registered broker/dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of one year and confirmation of securities pledged must be obtained. Under City policy, investments are limited to repurchase agreements, U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit, investments in certain money market mutual funds and State Treasurer Asset Reserve Fund (Star Ohio). Generally, investments are recorded in segregated accounts by way of book entry through the bank's commercial or trust department and are kept at the Federal Reserve Bank in the depository institution's separate custodial account for the City, apart from the assets of the depository institution. Ohio statute prohibits the use of reverse repurchase agreements as of September 1996.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit. Market values of securities fluctuate based on the magnitude of changing market conditions, therefore, significant changes in market conditions could materially affect portfolio value.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Repurchase Agreements," requires the City to categorize its deposits and investments into one of three categories:

Category 1: includes insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name;

Category 2: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name;

Category 3: includes uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The categorized investments shown in the following table include those which are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 9:

Type of Investment	Category	Fair Value		Cost
		(Amounts	000's)	
U.S. Agency Obligations	1	\$ 195,796	\$	194,501
U.S. Treasury Bonds	2	12,899		12,899
U.S. Treasury Bills	2	26,443		26,508
U.S. Treasury Notes	2	12,076		12,058
Repurchase Agreements	3	233		233
STAROhio	n/a	398,151		398,151
Investments in Mutual Funds	n/a	211,911		211,911
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	n/a	729,291		729,291
Total Investments		1,586,800		1,585,552
Total Deposits		 79,619		79,619
Total Deposits and Investments		\$ 1,666,419	\$	1,665,171

STAROhio is an investment pool created pursuant to Ohio Statutes and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Ohio. Amounts invested with STAROhio, mutual funds and guaranteed investment contracts are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 3.

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

# NOTE D - BONDS, DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

A summary of all outstanding debt of the City as of December 31, 2001 is as follows:

(Amounts inGeneral Long-Term Obligations and NotesGeneral Obligation Bonds due through 2020, 3.5% to 9.875%\$316,950 \$ -Other Obligations: Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018, 3.60% to 6.75%\$9,160Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, 4.88%69,500Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium Gateway note payable1,350Accrued wages and benefits Police and fire overtime35,753A,0003,056	(\$23,570) (285) (1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	\$293,380 8,875 68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812 2,750
General Obligation Bonds due through 2020, $3.5\%$ to $9.875\%$ \$316,950 \$ $3.5\%$ to $9.875\%$ \$316,950 \$Other Obligations: $3.60\%$ to $6.75\%$ Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018, $3.60\%$ to $6.75\%$ $9,160$ Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, $4.88\%$ $69,500$ Non-tax Revenue Bonds, $5.75\%$ - Stadium $10,000$ Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, $3.75\%$ $4,200$ Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 1995 $11,759$ Certificates of Participation - Stadium $155,620$ Capital lease obligations $1,350$ Gateway note payable $4,000$ Accrued wages and benefits $35,753$ $3,056$	(285) (1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	8,875 68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
3.5% to $9.875%$ $$316,950$ $$$ Other Obligations:Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018, $3.60%$ to $6.75%$ $9,160$ Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, $4.88%$ $69,500$ Non-tax Revenue Bonds, $5.75%$ - Stadium $10,000$ Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, $3.75%$ $4,200$ Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 1995 $11,759$ Certificates of Participation - Stadium $155,620$ Capital lease obligations $1,350$ Gateway note payable $4,000$ Accrued wages and benefits $35,753$ $3,056$	(285) (1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	8,875 68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
Other Obligations:Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018, 3.60% to 6.75%9,160Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, 4.88%69,500Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium10,000Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(285) (1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	8,875 68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
Urban Renewal Bonds due through 2018, 3.60% to 6.75%9,160Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, 4.88%69,500Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium10,000Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
3.60% to 6.75%9,160Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, 4.88%69,500Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium10,000Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds due through 2024, 4.88%69,500Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium10,000Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,300) (4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	68,200 10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
due through 2024, 4.88%69,500Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium10,000T axable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
Non-tax Revenue Bonds, 5.75% - Stadium10,000Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(4,788) (1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	10,000 4,200 6,971 154,100 812
Taxable Urban Renewal Notes due 2002, 3.75%4,200Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	4,200 6,971 154,100 812
Certificates of Participation - 1992 and 199511,759Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	6,971 154,100 812
Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	154,100 812
Certificates of Participation - Stadium155,620Capital lease obligations1,350Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(1,520) (538) (250) (7,464)	154,100 812
Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(250) (7,464)	812
Gateway note payable4,000Accrued wages and benefits35,7533,056	(250) (7,464)	2.750
Accrued wages and benefits 35,753 3,056	,	3,750
	,	38,809
	,	57,339
Police and fire deferred vacation 1,193 44		1,237
Estimated claims payable (Note G) 2,394 2,845	(2,394)	2,845
Total General Long-Term Obligations and Notes \$682,482 \$10,145	(\$42,109)	\$650,518
Enterprise Funds	(\$ .2,10))	\$000,010
Airport System Revenue Bonds:		
Series 1990 due through 2006, 6.50% to 7.30% \$23,946 \$	(\$7,810)	\$16,136
Series 1994 due through 2024, 4.80% to 7.95% 79,230	(1,650)	77,580
Series 1997 due through 2027, 4.25% to 7.00% 268,800	(4,855)	263,945
Series 2000 due through 2031, 5.00% to 5.50% 573,190	(1,000)	573,190
Airport Surplus Revenue Notes:		575,190
Series 1999 due in 2001, 6.375% 40,000	(40,000)	0
Series 2001 due in 2003, 5.55% 44,950	(40,000)	44,950
Public Power System Revenue Bonds:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Series 1991 due through 2017, 5.85% to 7.00% 43,145	(43,145)	0
Series 1994 due through 2013, 6.30% to 7.00% 70,185	(45,145) (5,000)	65,185
Series 1994 due through 2013, 0.30% to 7.00% 70,183 Series 1996 due through 2024, 5.00% to 6.00% 122,380	(3,000)	122,380
Series 1998 due through 2017, 4.00% to 5.25% 44,760		44,760
-		,
		41,925
Waterworks Improvement Revenue Bonds:Series 1977 due in 2008, 6.13%12,905		12.005
		12,905
Series 1986 due through 2015, 5.00% to 7.00% 15,350	(07.215)	15,350
Series 1992 due through 2016, 5.50% to 6.25% 87,315	(87,315)	0
Series 1993 due through 2021, 4.60% to 5.50% 201,245	(13,805)	187,440
Series 1996 due through 2026, 4.25% to 5.75% 90,895	(9,790)	81,105
Series 1998 due through 2028, 4.00% to 5.25% 305,425	(1,660)	303,765
Series 2001 due through 2016, 4.00% to 5.375% 92,595		92,595
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans		
due through 2021, 4.04% to 6.25% 7,412 6,494	(789)	13,117
Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds		
due through 2022, 4.45% to 6.00% 77,395	(1,875)	75,520
Total Enterprise Funds1,490,388759,154	(217,694)	2,031,848
Less: Unamortized (discount) premium-net (41,379) 373	4,836	(36,170)
Unamortized loss on debt refunding (54,076) (9,200)	3,951	(59,325)
Total Enterprise Funds, net \$1,394,933 \$750,327 (	C 200 007	\$1,936,353
Total Debt \$2,077,415 \$760,472 (	\$208,907)	\$2,586,871

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

A summary of the City's future debt service requirements for tax supported general obligations, enterprise fund self-supporting obligations, urban renewal obligations and subordinated income tax refunding bonds as of December 31, 2001 follows:

	(	General L Oblig Bonds	atio	ons Enterprise					Urban Renewal Obligations			Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds			ax	
Due In	Pr	incipal	I	nterest	Р	rincipal	]	Interest		Principal		Interest	P	rincipal		Interest
						(	Am	ounts in O(	)0's	5)						
2002	\$	24,270	\$	15,209	\$	37,459	\$	105,986	\$	300	\$	578	\$	1,300	\$	3,496
2003		24,410		13,984		90,525		103,698		320		559		1,400		3,426
2004		23,155		12,774		48,468		100,382		340		539		1,500		3,351
2005		24,005		11,602		50,552		98,086		360		518		1,600		3,270
2006		23,470		10,403		54,495		95,692		385		494		1,700		3,184
2007-2011		109,010		33,849		356,796		402,645		2,335		2,038		10,500		14,410
2012-2016		50,690		10,814		387,615		311,724		3,220		1,116		14,500		11,194
2017-2021		14,370		1,430		381,833		211,041		1,615		111		20,100		6,742
2022-2026		0		0		337,505		115,410		0		0		15,600		1,207
2027-2031		0		0		286,600		36,683		0		0		0		0
Total	9	\$293,380		\$110,065	\$	2,031,848	\$	1,581,347		\$8,875		\$5,953		\$68,200		\$50,280

A detailed summary of general obligation bonds and enterprise debt by purpose as of December 31, 2001 is as follows:

	Original Issue Amount	Balance January 1, 2001	Issued 2001	Refunded/ Retired 2001	Balance December 31, 2001
		(An	nounts in 000'	s)	
General Obligation Bonds					
Public Facilities	\$100,950	\$43,235		\$2,430	40,805
Public Service	8,145	780		535	245
Convention Center	27,090	4,770		1,490	3,280
Residential Redevelopment	13,595	9,010		495	8,515
Bridges & Roadways	147,450	74,865		6,035	68,830
Public Safety	27,545	1,420		375	1,045
Parks & Recreation	64,355	26,725		2,355	24,370
Waterways	2,740	390		130	260
Parking	10,000	830		415	415
Refunding Bonds	229,925	153,740		8,735	145,005
Judgement/Settlement	14,500	1,185		575	610
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$646,295	\$316,950	\$0	\$23,570	\$293,380
Revenue Bonds and Notes					
Airport	\$1,015,351	\$411,976	618,140	\$54,315	\$975,801
Public Power	496,520	280,470	41,925	48,145	274,250
Waterworks	1,474,330	713,135	92,595	112,570	693,160
Parking Facilities	81,105	77,395		1,875	75,520
Loans and Other					
Waterworks	6,208	0	6,208	230	5,978
Water Pollution Control	8,853	7,412	286	559	7,139
Total Enterprise Fund	\$3,082,367	\$1,490,388	\$759,154	\$217,694	\$2,031,848

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### **General Obligations Bonds and Notes**

*General Obligations Bonds*: General obligation bonds and notes issued in anticipation of such bonds are payable from ad valorem property taxes levied within the limitations provided by law, irrespective of whether such bonds or notes are secured by other receipts of the City in addition to such ad valorem property taxes.

Under the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code, the City at December 31, 2001 had the capacity to issue \$331,828,000 of additional debt under the direct debt limit. However, significantly less could be issued under the indirect debt limit.

### **Other Obligations**

*Urban Renewal Bonds*: In 1993, the City issued \$10,800,000 of Urban Renewal Increment Bonds (Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum Project) for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of the acquisition and construction of a "port authority educational and cultural facility" to conduct programs of an educational and instructional nature relating to the field of contemporary music, including rock and roll music, which constitutes the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum ("the Facility"). The net proceeds were contributed to the Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority which owns and leases the facility to Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum, Inc., an Ohio non-profit corporation. The Rock and Roll Hall of Fame and Museum opened in September 1995. The Urban Renewal Increment Bonds are not general obligations of the City and are not secured by the full faith and credit of the City nor are they payable from the general revenues or assets of the City. Urban Renewal Bonds are secured solely by pledged receipts, consisting of payments to be made in lieu of real property taxes pursuant to Development Agreements between the City and certain property owners and interest income on those payments.

Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds: Effective June 1, 1994, the City issued \$74,700,000 of Subordinated Income Tax Variable Rate Refunding Bonds, Series 1994 (the "Bonds"). The proceeds were used to fund the City's obligation for the employer's accrued liability to the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund of the State of Ohio ("the Fund"). The principal use of the proceeds was for the current refunding of the City's obligation to the Fund for the employer's accrued liability in the amount of \$104,686,400, which was payable in semi-annual installments of \$2,696,243 through May 15, 2035. Pursuant to Section 742.30 (C) of the Ohio Revised Code, the City and the Fund entered into an agreement that permitted the City to make a one time payment to the Fund to extinguish the City's obligation. The payment amount of \$70,493,204 was calculated by applying a 35% discount factor to the \$104,686,400 accrued liability plus adding accrued interest of \$2,447,044. The Bonds are not general obligations of the City and are not secured by its full faith and credit. The Bonds are unvoted special obligations secured by a pledge of and a lien on the unrestricted municipal income taxes of the City, to the extent that such income taxes are not needed to pay debt service on the City's currently outstanding unvoted general obligation bonds or unvoted general obligation bonds issued in the future. The Bonds bear interest at a variable rate, determined from time to time by the remarketing agent in accordance with the indenture. As a result of a Tax Court ruling on similar bonds issued by the City of Columbus, Ohio, the City's Special Tax Counsel, Squire, Sanders & Dempsey L.L.P., issued an opinion on August 7, 1998, that the Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds are tax-exempt. As of that date, the bonds were remarketed as variable rate tax-exempt bonds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

In 1999, the City entered into an interest rate swap transaction for the purpose of hedging the exposure of the City against interest rate fluctuations arising from the variable rates borne by these bonds. Under the swap agreement, the City will be the fixed rate payor, paying the fixed rate of 4.88% and the counter party will be the floating rate payor, paying the actual variable rate borne by the Series 1994 Bonds. The stated termination date under the swap agreement is May 15, 2024, the maturity date of the Series 1994 Bonds. The swap agreement may be terminated prior to its stated termination date under certain circumstances. Upon termination, a payment may be owed by the City to the counter party, or by the counter party to the City, depending upon the prevailing economic circumstances at the time of the termination. The obligation of the City under the swap agreement to make the periodic fixed rate payments (but not the termination payment) is secured by a subordinate pledge of the income tax receipts, subordinate to the pledge of the income tax receipts made under the General Bond Ordinance securing the bonds. The debt service requirements to maturity for these bonds presented on the schedule within this footnote are based on the fixed rate of 5.18%, which includes remarketing and credit facility fees.

*Non-tax Revenue Bonds*: In 1999, the City issued non-tax revenue bonds totaling approximately \$10,000,000 to assist in the construction of the new football stadium. These bonds bear interest at 5.75% until maturity. Principal on these bonds is due each December 1st beginning December 1, 2007 through December 1, 2020. These bonds do not represent a general obligation debt or pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City, and are payable solely from non-tax revenues of the City. The following is a schedule of future payments of the 1999 non-tax revenue bonds:

	 Principal		Interest
	 (Amount	s in 00	0's)
2007 - 2011	\$ 4,506	\$	3,669
2012 - 2016	3,394		4,781
2017 - 2021	 2,100		4,435
Total	\$ 10,000	\$	12,885

*Certificates of Participation-1992 and 1995*: Certificates of Participation were issued to fund the acquisition of certain motor vehicles and communication equipment for lease to the City. The City will make basic lease payments during successive renewal periods of one year or less through July 1, 2003, if the City Council appropriates funds each year for that purpose. The Certificates do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit of the City, and the City is not a party to the Certificates. If the Lease is renewed through July 1, 2003, and the City makes a purchase payment and complies with certain other conditions, the City will acquire title to the property. The following is a schedule of the future lease payments for these Certificates of Participation at December 31, 2001:

	 Principal	Inter	est
	 (Amount	s in 000's)	
2002	\$ 3,887	\$	345
2003	 3,084		126
Total	\$ 6,971	\$	471

*Taxable Urban Renewal Notes:* In October 2001, the City issued \$4,200,000 of Taxable Urban Renewal Notes. These one year notes, which are due November 1, 2002, are special obligations of the City and were issued to purchase certain properties for urban renewal purposes. Principal of and interest on the Series 2001 Notes, unless paid from other sources, are to be paid from the non-tax revenues of the City.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

*Certificates of Participation-Stadium*: In June 1997, Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$139,345,000 were issued to assist in the construction of an open-air stadium for the play of professional football and other events. In October 1999, Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$20,545,000 were issued to retire the Non-Tax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes. The City will make lease payments subject to annual appropriation by City Council and certification by the Director of Finance as to the availability of funds from those appropriations. These obligations do not constitute a debt or pledge of the full faith and credit of the City. The following is a schedule of the future payments for the Series 1997 and 1999 Certificates of Participation outstanding as of December 31, 2001:

	Principal	Interest					
	(Amounts in 000's)						
2002	1,690	7,094					
2003	1,860	7,015					
2004	2,065	6,925					
2005	2,260	6,824					
2006	2,275	6,712					
2007-2011	49,968	40,652					
2012-2016	34,762	25,168					
2017-2021	22,835	13,294					
2022-2026	29,520	6,610					
2027-2031	6,865	360					
Total	\$154,100	\$120,654					

*Capital Lease Obligations*: The City has entered into agreements to lease equipment. Such agreements are treated as lease purchases (capital leases) and are classified as long-term lease obligations in the financial statements. The lease contracts contain annual one-year renewal options that can be exercised by the City if sufficient funds are appropriated by City Council. Upon the exercise of each annual one-year renewal option and satisfaction of the lease obligations related thereto, title to the equipment will pass to the City. Future minimum lease payments under capital leases at December 31, 2001, are \$597,000 in year 2002 and \$248,000 in 2003. Of these amounts, \$33,000 represents interest resulting in a capital lease obligation outstanding of \$812,000 at December 31, 2001. During 2001, operating lease payments for the City were immaterial.

*Gateway Note Payable*: In October 1996, the City and Cuyahoga County each agreed to pay \$5,000,000 for additional costs associated with the Gateway Sports Complex. The amounts are to be repaid in annual installments of \$250,000 for 20 years. The monies will be deducted from the monthly distribution of the State local government fund. The first deduction was made in March 1997. This liability is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Accrued Wages and Benefits: Accrued wages and benefits included in the general long-term debt account group consist of the non-current portion of vacation and sick pay benefits earned by employees of the City. The City accrues such benefits when earned and future compensation is likely.

*Police and Fire Overtime and Deferred Vacation Pay:* Uniformed employees of the Police and Fire Divisions accumulate overtime compensation in accordance with the union contracts and the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act. In addition, uniformed employees may defer earned vacation time, with the appropriate approvals, until retirement. The liabilities for overtime and deferred vacation time, at current pay rates including their related fringe benefits and converted to straight time hours, at December 31, 2001, follow:

		Overtime			<b>Deferred Vacation</b>			
Division		Hours	Hours Dollars		Hours Dollar		ollars	
				(amounts	in 000's)			
Police		2,110	\$	53,015		\$	-	
Fire	_	187		5,059	49		1,237	
	Total	2,297	\$	58,074	49	\$	1,237	

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

Such employees are entitled to receive cash payments for their accumulated hours upon retirement or other termination from the City's payroll. For employees not terminating, accumulated overtime is paid once a year up to the budgeted amount for such purpose. Accumulated overtime is paid in June upon receiving requests in the first quarter. If requests exceed the budgeted amount, the requests are to be paid on a pro-rata basis. No accumulated overtime was paid subsequent to year end during the available and measurable period. Therefore, the full amount is included in the general long-term debt account group. Deferred vacation is available to the employee only as a cash payment upon retirement or other termination from the City's payroll. The accumulated hours are paid at the employee's hourly rate at the date of retirement, other termination or at the date of the payment pursuant to a request, which may differ from the rate used to determine the liability above.

#### **Enterprise Fund Obligations**

*Airport System Revenue Bonds*: These bonds are secured by the pledge of all airport revenues, as defined in the revenue bond indenture. Further, the City has assigned to the trustee all its interests in and rights to the airline use agreements under the revenue bond indenture.

Of the Airport System Revenue Bonds issued in 1990, \$15,276,000 were issued in the form of Capital Appreciation Bonds. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is payable only as a component of their appreciated principal amount at maturity or redemption. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is compounded semiannually on each interest payment date beginning July 1990. As of December 31, 2001, the Department of Port Control has recorded a liability in the amount of \$19,413,000 for compounded interest payable on the Capital Appreciation Bonds.

Effective February 27, 2001, the Department of Port Control issued \$573,190,000 of Airport System Revenue Bonds. The Series 2000 Bonds are special obligations of the City and are payable from Airport Revenues as defined in the Trust Indenture governing the bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2000 Bonds will be applied by the City to finance a portion of certain improvements to Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, to pay the costs of issuance, to fund capitalized interest on the Series 2000 bonds, and to make the required deposits to the Bond Service Reserve Fund and the Renewal and Replacement Fund. The Series A bonds in the principal amount of \$360,880,000 were issued as fixed rate, Non-AMT bonds. The Series B Bonds totaled \$63,310,000 and are fixed rate AMT Bonds. The Series C Bonds, in the total amount of \$149,000,000 were issued as variable rate Non-AMT bonds with Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale and State Street Bank and Trust Company serving as liquidity providers through a standby bond purchase agreement.

*Airport Surplus Revenue Notes*: In June, the Department of Port Control issued \$40,000,000 of Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 1999. These two year notes matured in June 2001. On June 1, 2001, the City issued \$44,950,000 of Taxable Airport Surplus Revenue Notes, Series 2001. The Series 2001 Notes were issued to refund the Series 1999 Notes, which provided funds to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring real property for future airport expansion, and to pay all of the interest on the Series 2001 Notes. The Series 2001 Notes are special obligations of the City and do not constitute general obligations or a pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the City.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

**Public Power System Revenue Bonds**: These bonds are payable from the net revenues derived from the public power system, and are secured by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the public power system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

In August 2001, the Division of Cleveland Public Power issued \$41,925,000 of Public Power System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. The proceeds were used to refund certain outstanding Series 1991 Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Net proceeds of \$43,176,545 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which including interest earned was used to pay principal, interest and premium on the refunded bonds on November 15, 2001. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The total aggregate principal amount of the bonds refunded by the Series 2001 Bonds was \$41,290,000. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$7,951,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$5,832,000.

*Waterworks Improvement Revenue Bonds*: These bonds are payable from the revenues derived from operations of the waterworks system after the payment of all operating and maintenance expenses (net revenue) and are secured by a pledge of and lien on such net revenues plus a first mortgage lien upon all property of the waterworks system, including any improvements, additions, replacements and extensions thereto.

Effective October 4, 2001, the Division of Water issued \$92,595,000 of Waterworks Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series J 2001. The proceeds were used to currently refund certain outstanding Series F, Series G and Series H Revenue Bonds and to pay costs of issuance. Net proceeds of \$96,566,000 were placed in an irrevocable escrow account which will be used to pay the principal, interest, and premium on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$91,965,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The City completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next fifteen years by \$7,231,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payment) of \$7,193,000.

*Ohio Water Development Authority Loans*: These loans are payable from net revenues derived from the waterworks and water pollution control systems. These obligations do not have a lien on revenues of the Divisions. The Division of Water received an OWDA loan in the amount of \$6,208,000 in 2001.

*Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds*: These bonds are payable from net revenues generated from certain parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division of Municipal Parking Lots, including parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged other non-tax revenue to meet debt service requirements. The City has pledged and assigned to the Trustee a first lien on pledged revenues consisting of fines and penalties collected as a result of the violation of municipal parking ordinances and fines, waivers and costs relating to citations for misdemeanor offenses and the special funds as defined within the bond indenture (see Note P).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

**Debt Covenants:** The Enterprise Funds' related indentures have certain restrictive covenants and principally require that bond reserve funds be maintained and charges for fees to customers be in sufficient amounts, as defined, to satisfy the obligations under the indenture agreements. In addition, special provisions exist regarding covenant violations, redemption of principal and maintenance of properties in good condition.

#### **Defeasance of Debt**

The City has defeased certain debt by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

The aggregate amount of defeased debt outstanding at December 31, 2001 is as follows:

Bond Issue	 <u>nount</u> ts in 000's)
Voted Tax Supported General Obligations: 1977	\$ 40
Unvoted Tax Supported General Obligations:	
1988	8,105
1992	16,320
1994	25,465
Waterworks Improvement Bonds:	
Series F, 1992	263,010
Series G, 1993	2,040
Series H, 1996	104,950
Public Power System Bonds:	
Series 1994	131,440
Parking Facilities Bonds:	
Series 1992	64,085
Airport System Revenue Bonds:	,
Series 1994B	7,950

### **Airport Special Facilities Revenue Bonds**

Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1990, totaling \$76,320,000 were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of terminal, hanger and other support facilities leased to Continental Airlines at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. These bonds were refunded in 1999 by the issuance of Airport Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999, totaling \$71,440,000. Airport Special Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, totaling \$75,120,000 were issued in 1998 to finance the design and construction of certain airport facilities leased to Continental Airlines, including a new regional jet concourse. Because principal and interest on these bonds is unconditionally guaranteed by Continental Airlines and paid directly by Continental Airlines, these bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or general obligation of the City or a pledge of the City's revenues. As such, no liabilities relating to these bonds are included in the accompanying financial statements.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

### NOTE E - DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATION / I-X CENTER

In January 1999, the City purchased the International Exposition ("I-X") Center and the land on and around it for \$66.5 million as part of its master plan to expand Cleveland Hopkins International Airport. As part of the purchase agreement, the City leased the building back to the former owner for 15 years, after which the City plans on tearing the building down to make way for a new runway. Of the \$66.5 million purchase price, \$36.5 million was paid in cash in 1999. The remaining \$30.0 million, including interest at 7.75%, is being deferred by the seller and will be offset by future lease payments owed to the City over the 15 year lease period. The future lease payments are equal to the remaining purchase price plus interest at 7.75%, and as such, no cash will be exchanged between the City and the lessee over the term of the lease. The deferred payment is reported as "Deferred Payment Obligation" in the accompanying balance sheet.

In the event that either a similar facility is developed that exceeds a specified size, or there is an expansion of an existing facility that exceeds a specified size within the municipal boundary of the City of Cleveland, the lessee has the right to terminate the lease. Such termination would require the City to pay the lessee the remaining portion of the deferred purchase price. Subsequent to the agreement, the City of Brook Park (the city in which the I-X Center is located) officially announced its intention to acquire the I-X Center through an eminent domain court case. In connection with the proceedings, the City and other defendants filed various counterclaims against Brook Park, of which all counterclaims have been dismissed by the Probate Court. The Probate Court found that Brook Park's alleged public purpose of economic development and of establishing a municipally owned convention center and exhibition hall are valid and proper public purposes. A preliminary hearing on the Petition for Appropriation began on September 11, 2000, and testimony was concluded on October 2, 2000. The parties submitted proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and closing arguments were presented on November 9, 2000.

On November 28, 2000, the Probate Court issued its decision dismissing Brook Park's Petition for Appropriation and finding in part that Brook Park did not have the authority to take the I-X Property by eminent domain. The Probate Court's decision recognizes that the City had a prior public use of the I-X Property for both current airport uses and for future airport uses, which were reasonably likely to occur. Brook Park appealed the Probate Court's ruling.

On February 6, 2001, the Mayors of the City of Cleveland and the City of Brook Park announced a preliminary agreement (the "I-X Property Agreement") designed to end the appeal by Brook Park of the Probate Court's decision. The I-X Property Agreement, which allocates various tax revenues and other monetary compensation to Brook Park, shifts the geographical borders of (i) the City of Cleveland to include the I-X Property and 90 acres of land south of the I-X Property, and (ii) the City of Brook Park to include the NASA Glenn / Research Center and 45 acres of land near the Airport. The I-X Property agreement closed on November 20, 2001 and the geographical borders of Cleveland and Brook Park shifted on January 1, 2002.

Minimum principal and interest payments due by the City on the deferred payment obligation and future minimum lease rentals due to the City under this lease for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	Deferre	Deferred Payment Obligation					
				Minimum			
	Principal	Interest	t Total	Rentals			
		(Amounts	s in 000's)				
2002	1,381	2,008	3,389	3,389			
2003	1,492	1,897	3,389	3,389			
2004	1,612	1,777	3,389	3,389			
2005	1,741	1,648	3,389	3,389			
Thereafter	20,306	7,083	27,389	27,389			
-	\$26,532	\$14,413	\$40,945	\$40,945			

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

Rental income recognized by the City under this agreement totaled \$3,389,000 in 2001, of which \$2,111,000 was offset against interest expenses and \$1,278,000 against the principal balance of the deferred payment obligation.

### NOTE F - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

At December 31, 2001, the following proprietary funds had accumulated deficits:

Fund Name	Accumulated Deficit	Contributed Capital	Total Fund Equity			
	(A	(Amounts in 000's)				
Convention Center	(\$52,027)	\$65,443	\$13,416			
Municipal Parking Lots	(2,300)	21,079	18,779			
East Side Market	(481)	2,943	2,462			
Information Systems Services	(82)	258	176			
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	(283)	2,408	2,125			
Telephone Exchange	(77)	-	(77)			

The above deficits arise principally from the depreciation of fixed assets funded by grants recorded as contributed capital.

The City did not obtain prior certification for all commitments as required by Ohio Revised Code. The City did not file their approved appropriation measure with the County Budget Commission by the date required by Ohio Revised Code.

#### NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City does not carry commercial insurance for such risks, except for certain proprietary funds and the new football stadium (see Note H). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Governmental fund type liabilities are recorded in the general fund in the amount of \$184,000, because it is payable with available expendable financial resources. Amounts not currently payable are reported in the general long-term debt account group. As of December 31, 2001, the total of such liabilities for governmental fund type liabilities are recorded in their respective fund. As of December 31, 2001, the total amount of proprietary fund type liabilities was approximately \$900,000 and is included within accounts payable.

As of December 31, 2001, the amount of claims that are deemed reasonably possible in Governmental Funds total \$6,150,000 and \$457,000 in the Proprietary Funds.

Changes in the estimated claims payable for all funds during the years ended December 31 were as follows

	2001	2000
Estimated claims payable, January 1	\$3,420,000	\$4,304,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	3,090,700	5,715,550
Claim payments	(3,481,700)	(6,599,550)
Estimated claims payable, December 31	\$3,029,000	\$3,420,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The estimated claims liability was based on the estimated cost of settling claims (including incremental claim adjustment expenses) through a case-by-case review of all outstanding claims and by using historical experience. The estimates do not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

*Insurance*: Certain proprietary funds carry insurance to cover certain liability risks and property protection. Otherwise, the City is generally self-insured. No material losses, including incurred but not reported losses, occurred in 2001. The City reported no significant decrease in any insurance coverages in 2001. In addition, the City reported no amounts of insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

The City provides the choice of four separate health insurance plans for its employees. These plans are provided by two different insurers through commercial insurance. Operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee, by type of coverage. The City participates in the State of Ohio Workers' Compensation program.

### NOTE H - COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, those claims which are considered "probable" are disclosed but not accrued. The potential losses resulting from all claims which are reasonably possible, excluding condemnation proceedings, is approximately \$6,607,000 as of December 31, 2001. In addition, probable claims totaling approximately \$3,929,000 have been accrued for. These estimates were based on a case-by-case review of outstanding claims by the City's in-house legal department.

*Cleveland Browns Stadium*: In March 1996, the City of Cleveland and the National Football League (NFL) reached a settlement in litigation relating to the relocation of the Cleveland Browns football team. The settlement obligated the NFL to provide an NFL franchise to play in Cleveland for the 1999 NFL season. In return, the City pledged to build a new stadium in downtown Cleveland for the play of professional football.

The City financed construction of the new stadium primarily through borrowings, contributions from the new owner of the Cleveland Browns, and grants from the State of Ohio. As of December 31, 2001, outstanding debt borrowed by the City to construct the new stadium totaled approximately \$164 million. Such debt is being funded by the following revenue sources: an 8% off-street parking tax; an increase in admissions tax from 6% to 8%; and, an increase in the motor vehicle leasing transaction tax from \$4 to \$6 per transaction. In addition, voters of Cuyahoga County approved an extension of the existing County-wide tax on alcohol and cigarettes from August 1, 2005 through July 31, 2015. In 1998, the Cleveland Browns further agreed to pay 50% of any additional costs to build the new stadium in excess of \$283 million, up to \$5 million.

In August 1999, construction of the stadium was completed. Total costs paid or accrued by the City as of December 31, 2001 for construction of the new stadium under all approved contracts amounted to approximately \$287 million. Outstanding change orders submitted by stadium contractors through December 2001 would bring the total to approximately \$289 million. The \$2 million has been accrued for in these financial statements.

The asset related to the Stadium is recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and the related debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The activity related to the construction of the new stadium is reflected within the Cleveland Stadium Construction subfund of the Capital Projects fund. Operating revenues and expenses of the new stadium are recorded within an enterprise fund.

*Stadium Team Lease*: The City and the Cleveland Browns have entered into a 30-year lease agreement for the new stadium beginning in 1999. Under the terms of the lease, the Cleveland Browns are required to pay the City an annual rent of \$250,000. In return, the Cleveland Browns receive all revenues from the operation of the stadium and pay all expenses, except for real property taxes and insurance, which are the responsibilities of the City of Cleveland. The City is in the process of requesting a property tax abatement for the new stadium. Additionally, the City is required to fund certain capital repairs as described in the lease agreement.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

*Contingencies Under Grant Programs:* The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs, principal of which are Community Development Block Grants, Home Weatherization Assistance, Distressed Nieghborhood, the Healthy Start Initiative, Federal HOME Program, Youth Opportunity Area Grant, Workforce Initiative Grant, and FAA Airport Improvement Grant Programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2001, the audits of certain programs have not been completed. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The City believes that disallowed costs, if any, would not be material.

### NOTE I - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City maintains enterprise funds which provide water, sewer (Water Pollution Control), light and power service (Cleveland Public Power), airport (Port Control), cemetery, convention center, golf courses, municipal parking and public market facilities. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2001 for the enterprise funds is summarized as follows:

_	Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Port Control	Convention Center	West Side Market
			(Amounts	in 000's)		
Total operating revenue	\$212,724	\$18,893	\$132,095	\$92,825	\$3,752	\$545
Depreciation and						
amortization expense	29,682	3,859	16,296	23,599	2,303	180
Operating income (loss)	66,201	1,307	17,965	12,431	(5,802)	(713)
Operating transfers (out) in, net					(1,200)	
Net income (loss)	63,031	887	7,288	32,675	(2,219)	2,599
Current capital and grant contributions		597		30,537		3,280
Restricted assets	253,727		20,660	767,670		
Fixed assets additions	10,095	2,170	10,758	24,690		29
Fixed assets disposals	2,416	400				
Net working capital (deficit)	226,927	27,787	54,501	18,667	1,938	69
Total assets	1,432,241	136,935	391,313	1,420,582	20,896	8,341
Revenue bonds payable and loans	662,626		229,722	962,938		
Payables from restricted assets	5,303	100	278	14,802	6	
Other long-term liabilities	5,978	7,139		26,531		
Total fund equity	716,778	81,490	147,465	363,057	13,416	8,052

	East Side	Municipal Parking		Golf	
-	Market	Lots	Cemeteries	Courses	Total
			(Amounts	in 000's)	
Total operating revenue	\$27	\$8,021	\$1,408	\$2,057	\$472,347
Depreciation and					
amortization expense	122	1,704	128	133	78,006
Operating income (loss)	(165)	4,174	(878)	221	94,741
Operating transfers (out) in, net					(1,200)
Net income (loss)	(157)	136	(296)	305	104,249
Current capital and grant contributions		68	336		34,818
Restricted assets		16,296	5,707		1,064,060
Fixed assets additions		99	10		47,851
Fixed assets disposals			247	41	3,104
Net working capital (deficit)	251	(53)	(489)	2,230	331,828
Total assets	2,471	88,607	10,349	5,037	3,516,772
Revenue bonds payable and loans		67,950			1,923,236
Payables from restricted assets		17			20,506
Other long-term liabilities					39,648
Total fund equity	2,462	18,779	9,626	4,954	1,366,079

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE J - DUE TO / DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

	Due From	Due To
-	(Amount in	000's)
GENERAL FUND	\$42,274	\$8,445
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:		
Division of Streets	641	631
Restricted Income Tax	18,040	1,270
Reserve Fund	0	6,148
Rainy Day Reserve Fund	0	10,495
Community Development Block Grants	223	4,322
Community Development Funds	0	287
Economic Development Funds	321	1
Home Weatherization Grants	0	567
Air Pollution Control Grants	0	61
W.I.A.	0	8,268
General Government Funds	1,590	45
Public Service Grants	0	114
Public Safety Funds	144	33
Public Health Funds	612	15
Parks, Recreation and Properties Grants	711	163
Gateway Shared Income Tax	118	0
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	0	11,654
Airport Trans. Rental Fees	91	0
_	22,491	44,074
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS:		
Capital/Urban Renewal Bond Construction	111	3,350
Grant Improvement	0	5,863
Capital Improvement	4,682	0
Cleveland Stadium Construction	0	61
	4,793	9,274
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:		
Division of Water	5,113	5,534
Division of Water Pollution Control	1,818	2,340
Division of Cleveland Public Power	6,836	583
Department of Port Control	942	1,096
Convention Center	100	6,369
West Side Market	0	23
Municipal Parking Lots	120	60
Cemeteries	0	476
Golf Courses	0	7
	14,929	16,488

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

	Due From	Due To	
	(Amount in 000's)		
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:			
Information Systems Services	850	360	
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	1,825	4,051	
Printing and Reproduction	60	778	
City Storeroom and Warehouse	125	116	
Utilities Administration	0	723	
Sinking Fund Administration	58	25	
Municipal Income Tax Administration	398	688	
Telephone Exchange	2,208	1,134	
Office of Radio Communications	150	300	
	5,674	8,175	
AGENCY FUNDS:			
Municipal Courts	0	626	
Central Collection Agency	286	3,376	
Other Agency	11	-	
	297	4,002	
	\$90,458	\$90,458	

#### NOTE K - INCOME TAXES

During 2001, the City income tax rate remained at 2% and the credit provided to City residents for income taxes paid to other municipalities remained at 50%. A portion of the City income tax is restricted in its use to capital expenditures and debt service and is included in the Special Revenue Funds. All other income tax proceeds are included in the General Fund.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income taxes on employee compensation and remit withholdings to the City at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

#### NOTE L - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. The 2001 levy was based upon an assessed valuation of approximately \$6.058 billion. Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 10 mills of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is 4.4 mills, of which 4.35 mills is dedicated to debt service and .05 mills is dedicated to the payment of police and fire pension obligations. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years, with a statistical update every third year. Assessed values are established by the Cuyahoga County (County) Auditor. The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the City.

Real property taxes, excluding public utility property, are all assessed at 35% of appraised market value. Pertinent real property tax dates are:

- Collection Dates January 20 and June 20 of the current year
- Lien Date January 1 of the year preceding the collection year
- Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

Tangible personal property taxes are based on assessed values determined at the close of the most recent fiscal year of the taxpayer that ended on or before March 31 of the current calendar year. For the collection year 2001, the percentage used to determine taxable value of personal property and inventory was 25%. Pertinent tangible personal property tax dates are:

- Collection Dates April 30 and September 30 of the current year
- Lien Date January 1 of the current year
- Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

Electric deregulation took place January 1, 2001. Under prior law, an electric company's taxable production equipment was assessed at 100% of true value, while all of its other taxable property was assessed at 88% of true value. Current legislation provides the assessment rate for the taxable transmission and distribution property of an electric company remains at 88% of true value, but all other taxable property of the electric company is now assessed at 25% of true value. Pertinent public utility tangible personal property tax dates are:

- Collection Dates January 20 and June 20 of the current year
- Lien Date December 31 of the second year preceding the collection year
- Levy Date October 1 of the year preceding the collection year

### NOTE M - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All full-time employees, other than non-administrative full-time police officers and firefighters, participate in the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. PERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. PERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642.

Plan members are required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. For calendar years 2001, 2000, and 1999 the employer pension contribution rate for the City were 13.55, 10.84, and 13.55 percent of covered payroll, respectively. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to PERS for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$32,584,418, \$25,503,358, and \$29,609,000, respectively. The required amounts have been contributed for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

#### **B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND**

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the OP&F's Board of Trustees. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and by Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Police and firefighters are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations and the City is required to contribute 19.55 percent for police and 24 percent for firefighters. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The City's contributions to the OP&F for police and firefighters were \$19,554,276 and \$12,597,729 for the year ended December 31, 2001, \$18,333,527 and \$11,943,540 for the year ended December 31, 2000, and \$19,101,885 and \$12,153,795 for the year ended December 31, 1999. The required payments have been made for 2001, 2000, and 1999.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

### NOTE N - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (PERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12. A portion of each employer's contribution to PERS is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2001 employer contribution rate was 13.55 of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care for 2001. For 2000, the contribution rate was 10.84 percent of covered payroll; 4.30 percent was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on PERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2000, include a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.75 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .54 percent and 5.1 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase 4.75 percent annually.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets. The number of active contributing participants was 411,076. The City's actual contributions for 2001 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$10,339,000. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. PERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2000 (the latest information available) were \$11,735.9 million. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$14,364.6 million and \$2,628.7 million, respectively.

For 2001, PERS elected to return to an actuarially pre-funded type of disclosure because it is a better presentation of PERS's actual funding methodology. Since 1997, disclosures had been based on a pay-as-you-go funding basis.

#### **B. OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND**

The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis.

The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides the authority allowing the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund's board of trustees to provide health care coverage and states that health care costs paid from the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total police employer contribution is 19.5 percent of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution is 24 percent of covered payroll was applied to the postemployment health care program during 2001. For 2000 the percent used to fund healthcare was 7.25 percent. In addition, since July 1, 1992, most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment.

The City's actual contributions for 2001 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$7,528,000 for police and \$3,943,000 for fire. The OP&F's total health care expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001, were \$106,160,000, which was net of member contributions of \$5,657,000. The number of OP&F participants eligible to receive health care benefits as of December 31, 2000, (the latest information available) was 12,853 for police and 10,037 for firefighters.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE O - GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance January 1, 2001	Additions	(Deductions)	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2001
	(Amount in 000's)				
Land	\$37,240			\$0	\$37,240
Land Improvements	54,205			1,021	55,226
Buildings, Structures and Improvements	503,756			4,407	508,163
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	87,442	\$16,575	(\$9,442)	49	94,624
Construction in Progress	36,909	15,856		(5,428)	47,337
Total	\$719,552	\$32,431	(\$9,442)	\$49	\$742,590

At December 31, 2001, general fixed assets include \$4,167,000 of equipment under capitalized leases and \$26,385,000 of equipment acquired through certificates of participation financing.

Construction in progress is comprised of the following at December 31, 2001:

	Project Authorization	Expended to December 31, 2001	Committed
General Government	\$10,533	\$9,188	\$1,345
Dog Pound	54	41	13
Health	1,546	320	1,226
Police	16,535	16,061	474
Fire	3,666	1,959	1,707
Park Maintenance and Properties	23,904	18,368	5,536
Recreation	1,777	1,400	377
Total	\$58,015	\$47,337	\$10,678

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE P - GATEWAY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County and Gateway Economic Development Corporation of Greater Cleveland (Gateway) entered into a three party agreement whereby Gateway was authorized to construct, own and provide for the operation of a professional sports facility, which includes a baseball stadium, an arena, and a joint development site. Gateway was incorporated on May 31, 1990 and is a governmental not-for-profit corporation legally separate from any other entity. In 1990, voters in Cuyahoga County agreed to levy an excise tax for the purpose of constructing such professional sports facility. The sports facility for the Cleveland Indians (Jacobs Field) opened in April 1994. The multi-functional arena (Gund Arena) opened in October 1994.

The bonds that were issued to construct the sports facilities described above are not a debt or liability of the City of Cleveland. To enhance the security of the bonds, the City has agreed to pledge annually 50% of admissions taxes on Cleveland Cavaliers games held at the arena to pay debt service if other revenue sources are not sufficient. Any exempted admissions tax not required for debt service will be reimbursed to the City. The City's current admissions tax rate is 8%. For the year ended December 31, 2001, the City pledged \$1,383,000.

In 1992, the Division of Municipal Parking Lots (Division) issued \$71,000,000 of Parking Facilities Improvement Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of three parking facilities including two which will directly service the sports facilities. In 1996, the Division issued \$81,105,000 of Parking Facilities Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1996 to advance refund these bonds. Debt service is covered by net revenues from the new parking facilities and other operating revenues of the Division, including all parking meter revenue. In addition, the City has pledged all amounts received by the General Fund for parking violations, waivers and criminal fines to the extent needed for the payment of debt service on the bonds. The first garage on the Gateway site was completed in January 1994. The second garage was completed in August 1994. The third parking facility, Willard Park Garage, was completed in April 1996.

In accordance with an agreement with Gateway, Gateway is required to reimburse the City for the excess of the debt service requirements of the Parking Facility Improvement Revenue Bonds attributed to the two Gateway garages over the net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages. In 2001, net revenues generated by the two Gateway garages were less than the debt service payments attributed to those garages by \$2,373,000. Cumulative debt service payments funded by the City that are due from Gateway total \$19,212,000 at December 31, 2001. Due to the uncertainty of collecting such amounts, an allowance has been recorded to offset the amounts in full, therefore these amounts do not appear on the balance sheet.

### NOTE Q - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective January 1, 2001, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" and Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues" (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 33). In general, GASB Statements No. 33 and 36 establish accounting and financial reporting standards which address when to report the results of nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. In a nonexchange transaction, an entity gives (or receives) value without directly receiving or giving equal value in return. These statements did not have a material impact on the City's beginning fund balances as previously reported.

Cash received or receivables recognized with respect to income taxes, property taxes, certain grants and other nonexchange transactions that do not meet the revenue recognition criteria under GASB Statemenst No. 33 and 36 are recorded as deferred revenues.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

#### NOTE R - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 11, 2002, City Council passed legislation authorizing the issuance of \$43,600,000 of Various Purpose General Obligaton Bonds and \$6,375,000 of General Obligation Judgement Bonds and the issuance of notes in anticipation of those bonds (BANS). Pursuant to this legislation, the City issued \$23,200,000 Series 2002A Various Purpose General Obligation BANS and \$3,500,000 Series 2002B Final Judgement BANS, on June 27, 2002.

On July 17, 2002, City Council passed legislation authorizing the issuance of Waterworks Revenue Bonds in an amount not to exceed \$235,000,000 for improvements to the Waterworks System and not to exceed \$50,000,000 for refunding outstanding debt. The bonds are expected to be issued in the fall of 2002.

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FUND

# **COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

THE GENERAL FUND IS ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR ALL FINANCIAL RESOURCES EXCEPT FOR THOSE REQUIRED TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR IN ANOTHER FUND

# BALANCE SHEET-GENERAL FUND

		Decem	ber 3	1,
		2001		2000
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,364	\$	12,925
Receivables:				
Taxes		105,537		85,829
Accounts		15,526		10,859
Accrued interest		24		647
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(4,825)		(2,000)
		116,262		95,335
Inventory of supplies		53		
Due from other funds		42,274		44,038
Due from other governments		35,727		14,012
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	196,680	\$	166,310
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	5,853	\$	5,204
Estimated claims payable	φ	3,833 184	φ	5,204 781
Deferred revenue		102,280		52,077
Due to other funds		8,445		32,077 8,699
		8,443 275		8,699 221
Due to other governments		40,393		
Accrued wages and benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES		157,430		41,869 108,851
		107,100		100,001
FUND BALANCE				
Reserve for inventory		53		
Reserve for encumbrances		14,823		9,144
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund		10,495		8,792
Reserve for reserve fund		6,148		
Unreserved:				
Undesignated		7,731		39,523
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		39,250		57,459
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$	196,680	\$	166,310

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCE-GENERAL FUND

		Years Ended Decer 2001	mber 31, 2000
REVENUES			
Income taxes	\$	246,121 \$	258,255
Property taxes		46,200	41,806
State local government fund		59,252	60,015
Other shared revenues		32,042	32,252
Licenses and permits		8,853	9,155
Charges for services		17,662	16,685
Fines and forfeits		13,096	20,990
Investment earnings		1,349	1,938
Miscellaneous		14,912	13,690
TOTAL REVENUES		439,487	454,786
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government		53,578	55,559
Public service		32,038	35,804
Public safety		271,817	274,864
Community development		15,770	13,654
Public health		11,281	12,507
Maintenance, parks and recreation		38,446	38,624
Economic development		1,116	1,068
Other		15,449	18,306
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		439,495	450,386
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(8)	4,400
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Operating transfers in		18,759	
Operating transfers out		(36,960)	(37,265)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(18,201)	(37,265)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(18,209)	(32,865)
Fund balance at beginning of year	<i>_</i>	57,459	90,324
Fund balance at end of year	\$	39,250 \$	57,459

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

#### **GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL**

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
		Original Revised Budget Budget				Actual	F	'ariance- avorable favorable)
REVENUES							(-	
Income taxes	\$	271,392	\$	271,392	\$	262,721	\$	(8,671)
Property taxes		48,318		48,318		47,842		(476)
State local government fund		58,310		58,284		59,265		981
Other shared revenues		34,612		34,612		31,590		(3,022)
Licenses and permits		8,184		8,184		8,887		703
Charges for services		14,127		15,540		16,030		490
Fines and forfeits		16,658		16,658		16,768		110
Investment earnings		4,893		2,446		1,604		(842)
Workers compensation settlement and refunds		.,070		_,		1,001		(0.2)
Miscellaneous		20,569		21,603		29,735		8,132
TOTAL REVENUES		477,063		477,037		474,442		(2,595)
EXPENDITURES		+77,005		+77,037		+/-,-+2		(2,3)3)
Current:								
General government								
Council and clerk of council								
Personnel		3,165		3,182		3,179		2
Other		2,292						3
		,		2,292		2,247		45
Total council and clerk of council		5,457		5,474		5,426		48
Office of the Mayor								
Personnel		1,420		1,162		1,161		1
Other		238		238		238		
Total office of the Mayor		1,658		1,400		1,399		1
Office of consumer affairs								
Personnel				40				40
Other				60				60
Total office of consumer affairs				100				100
Office of personnel								
Personnel		1,175		1,121		1,120		1
Other		492		356		356		
Total office of personnel		1,667		1,477		1,476		1
Landmarks commission								
Personnel		139		139		98		41
Other		7		7		4		3
Total landmarks commission		146		146		102		44
Board of building standards and appeals								
Personnel		84		74		74		
Other		19		10		10		
Total board of building standards and appeals		103		84		84		
Total board of building standards and appeals		103		84		84		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)				
Fair campaign finance commission				(				
Other	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 1	\$ 9				
Total fair campaign finance commission	10	10	1	9				
Board of zoning appeals								
Personnel	239	229	229					
Other	29	19	19					
Total board of zoning appeals	268	248	248					
Civil service commission								
Personnel	662	644	644					
Other	575	591	582	9				
Total civil service commission	1,237	1,235	1,226	9				
Community relations board								
Personnel	921	921	791	130				
Other	85	85	85					
Total community relations board	1,006	1,006	876	130				
City planning commission								
Personnel	1,297	1,246	1,231	15				
Other	48	64	55	9				
Total city planning commission	1,345	1,310	1,286	24				
Office of equal opportunity								
Personnel	493	480	471	9				
Other	45	45	36	9				
Total office of equal opportunity	538	525	507	18				
Board of examiners of plumbers and electricians								
Personnel	133	77	77					
Other	3	4	2	2				
Fotal board of examiners of plumbers and electricians	136	81	79	2				
Municipal court-judicial division								
Personnel	13,869	14,058	14,058					
Other	2,121	2,120	2,089	31				
Total municipal court-judicial division	15,990	16,178	16,147	31				

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
		riginal udget	Revi Bud			Actual	Varia Favo (Unfav	rable
Municipal court-housing division					+			
Personnel	\$	2,319	\$	2,130	\$	2,083	\$	47
Other		119		144		133		11
Total municipal court-housing division		2,438		2,274		2,216		58
Municipal court-clerks division								
Personnel		6,621		6,396		6,350		46
Other		2,154		2,354		2,217		137
Total municipal court-clerks division		8,775		8,750		8,567		183
Office of budget and management								
Personnel		608		621		619		2
Other		41		48		44		4
Total office of budget and management		649		669		663		б
Department of aging								
Personnel		292		197		197		
Other		113		67		65		2
Fotal department of aging		405		264		262		2
Department of law								
Personnel		4,912		5,314		5,259		55
Other		2,898		3,398		3,257		141
Total department of law		7,810		8,712		8,516		196
Division of harbors								
Personnel		56		56				56
Total division of harbors		56		56				56
Finance administration								
Personnel		359		295		295		
Other		33		35		35		
Fotal finance administration		392		330		330		
Division of accounts								
Personnel		905		888		887		1
Other		385		48		48		
Total division of accounts		1,290		936		935		1
Division of assessments and licenses								
Personnel		901		943		943		
Other		186		171		170		1
Total division of assessments and licenses		1,087		1,114		1,113		1

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

#### GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
	Original Budget			Revised Budget		Actual	Varian Favora (Unfavor	ble
Division of treasury		-8					(0	
Personnel	\$	406	\$	430	\$	430	\$	-
Other		66		76		76		
Total division of treasury		472		506		506		
Division of purchases and supplies								
Personnel		595		488		487		1
Other		92		62		61		1
Total division of purchases and supplies		687		550		548		2
Bureau of internal audit								
Personnel		527		520		520		
Other		229		231		225		6
Total bureau of internal audit		756		751		745		6
Division of financial reporting and control								
Personnel		1,199		1,154		1,153		1
Other		464		393		375		18
Total division of financial reporting and control		1,663		1,547		1,528		19
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	5	6,041		55,733		54,786		947
Public Service								
Public service administration								
Personnel		438		389		387		2
Other		19		23		20		3
Total public service administration		457		412		407		5
Division of architecture								
Personnel		589		630		630		
Other		32		32		22		10
Total division of architecture		621		662		652		10
Division of waste collection and disposal								
Personnel		5,267		16,020		15,836		184
Other		2,404		11,564		11,562		2
Total division of waste collection and disposal	2	27,671		27,584		27,398		186
Division of engineering and construction								
Personnel		4,845		4,814		4,782		32
Other		396		353		311		42
Total division of engineering and construction		5,241		5,167		5,093		74
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE	3	3,990		33,825		33,550		275

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Fund							
	0							iance-
	Original Budget			Revised		Astual	Favorable (Unfavorable	
Public Safety	B	uagei		Budget		Actual	(Umav	vorable)
Public safety administration								
Personnel	\$	3,863	\$	3,448	\$	3,348	\$	100
Other	Ψ	604	Ψ	604	Ψ	576	Ψ	28
Total public safety administration		4,467		4,052		3,924		128
Division of police								
Personnel		158,190		161,079		160,295		784
Other		10,822		10,525		10,030		495
Total division of police		169,012		171,604		170,325		1,279
Division of fire								
Personnel		71,033		73,176		72,798		378
Other		3,398		3,155		2,961		194
Total division of fire		74,431		76,331		75,759		572
Division of emergency medical services								
Personnel		15,998		16,900		16,770		130
Other		1,088		1,223		1,189		34
Total division of emergency medical services		17,086		18,123		17,959		164
Division of traffic engineering								
Personnel		2,964		2,935		2,927		8
Other		845		880		785		95
Total division of traffic engineering		3,809		3,815		3,712		103
Division of dog pound								
Personnel		741		675		665		10
Other		105		105		92		13
Total division of dog pound		846		780		757		23
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		269,651		274,705		272,436		2,269
Community Development								
Division of administration services								
Personnel		1,803		1,335		1,335		
Other		358		276		280		(4)
Total division of administration services		2,161		1,611		1,615		(4)
Division of neighborhood services								
Personnel		1,331		1,345		1,344		1
Other				800		800		
Total division of neighborhood services		1,331		2,145		2,144		1

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General F			 	Variance-
	Origina	I	Revised		Favorable
	Budget		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Division of neighborhood development					
Personnel	\$ 1,5		\$ 1,614	\$ 1,613	\$ 1
Other		00	215	200	15
Total division of neighborhood development	1,7	01	1,829	1,813	16
Division of building and housing					
Personnel	10,4	28	10,275	10,167	108
Other	4	47	482	478	4
Total division of building and housing	10,8	75	10,757	10,645	112
Director's office					
Personnel	4	67	459	438	21
Total director's office	4	67	459	438	21
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	16,5	35	16,801	16,655	146
Public Health					
Public health administration					
Personnel	8	62	810	776	34
Other		93	93	51	42
Total public health administration	9	55	903	827	76
Division of correction					
Personnel	4,6	95	4,620	4,534	86
Other	1,1	72	1,201	1,187	14
Total division of correction	5,8	67	5,821	5,721	100
Division of health					
Personnel	2,5	11	2,281	2,186	95
Other	1,3	18	1,218	1,181	37
Total division of health	3,8	29	3,499	3,367	132
Division of environment					
Personnel	2,2	95	1,647	1,633	14
Other	3	01	341	336	5
Total division of environment	2,5		1,988	1,969	19
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	13,2	47	12,211	11,884	327

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

General Fund						
vised dget Act	Varian Favor ual (Unfavo	able				
uget Act	uai (Ulliavo	rable)				
547 \$	525 \$	22				
206	193	13				
753	718	35				
611	605	6				
81	78	3				
692	683	9				
,	9,089	43				
,	2,812					
11,944 1	1,901	43				
715	701	14				
36	35	1				
751	736	15				
	9,412					
	4,390	5				
13,807 1	3,802	5				
	8,933	57				
	2,358	14				
11,362 1	1,291	71				
20.200 3	20 121	178				
	39,309 3	39,309 39,131				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

# GENERAL FUND-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001 (Amounts in 000's)

	General Fund							
	Original Budget		Revised Budget				Fav	riance- vorable ivorable)
Economic Development		· ·						
Economic development administration								
Personnel	\$	1,125	\$	1,051	\$	1,049	\$	2
Other		47		51		49		2
Total economic development administration		1,172		1,102		1,098		4
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Non-departmental expenditures		1,172		1,102		1,098		4
Other		17,879		17,879		16,882		997
TOTAL NON-DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES		17,879		17,879		16,882		997
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		449,058		451,565		446,422		5,143
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		28,005		25,472		28,020		2,548
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>								
Operating transfers out		(44,661)		(42,153)		(41,680)		473
		(44,661)		(42,153)		(41,680)		473
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(16,656)		(16,681)		(13,660)		3,021
Decertification (Recertification) of prior year encumbrances Fund balance at beginning of year		22,543		22,543		(9,779) 22,543		(9,779)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,887	\$	5,862	\$	(896)	\$	(6,758)

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE PROCEEDS OF SPECIFIC REVENUE SOURCES (OTHER THAN MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS) THAT ARE RESTRICTED BY LAW AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION TO EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIFIED PURPOSES

Division of Streets	To account for Motor Vehicle License Tax and Gasoline Excise Tax used for the repair and building of streets.
Restricted Income Tax	To account for one-ninth of the City's income tax collec- tions. Monies are to be used for capital improvement pur- poses and repayment of debt.
Reserve Fund	To account for revenue which is to be used during signif- icant periods of economic downturn, as permitted by the State of Ohio.
Rainy Day Reserve Fund	To account for revenue which is eligible to be used during significant periods of economic downturn.
Schools Recreation and Cultural Activites Fund	To account for revenue from special taxes earmarked for Cleveland Public Schools for recreation and cultural ac- tivities.
Community Development Block Grants	To account for revenue from the federal government and expenditures as prescribed under the Community Devel- opment Block Grant Program.
Community Development Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for City-wide develop- ment.
Urban Development Action Funds	To account for revenue from the federal government un- der the Urban Development Action Grant Program.
Economic Development Funds	To account for revenue earmarked to revitalize distressed cities by stimulating economic development.
Home Weatherization Grants	To account for revenue from the State of Ohio and expen- ditures as prescribed under the Home Weatherization As- sistance Program.

Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants	To account for revenue from the State of Ohio and expenditures under the Job Training Partnership Act Program.
WorkForce Investment Act (WIA)	To account for revenue and expenditures from the State of Ohio under the Work Force Investment Act.
Air Pollution Control Grants	To account for revenue primarily used to reduce levels of air pollution and continue progress to- wards meeting the federal clean air standards.
General Government Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for general gov- ernment activities.
Public Service Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the Litter Control and Recycling Program.
Public Safety Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for public safety activities.
Public Health Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the improve- ment of public health.
Parks, Recreation and Properties Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for parks, recreation and properties activities.
Judgment/Settlement Funds	To account for revenue earmarked for the payment of certain judgments.
Gateway Shared Income Tax Funds	To account for municipal income tax revenue de- rived from persons employed at the Gund Arena and Jacobs Field with 50% of the revenues shared with the other taxing districts in the City.
Neighborhood Development Investment Fund	To account for revenue earmarked for the Neighborhood Development Investment Fund.
Supplemental Empowerment Zone	To account for revenue from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Program de- signed to help rebuild specific urban communities.
Rental Car Transportation Fees	To account for revenues from vehicle rentals at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport earmarked for providing airport shuttle services.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

## December 31, 2001

						Bu	dget	ted				
		Division of Streets		estricted come Tax		Reserve Fund	Rainy Day Reserve Fund		Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund			Total Budgeted Funds
ASSETS	+						±					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,254	\$	-	\$	6,148	\$	10,495	\$	2,052	\$	20,949
Receivables:				6.001								6.021
Taxes		770		6,021								6,021
Accounts		778										778
Loans Accrued interest												
Accrued interest		778		6,021								6,799
		//0		0,021								0,799
Due from other funds		641		18,040								18,681
Due from other governments		4,159		10,010								4,159
Inventory of supplies		883										883
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,715	\$	24,061	\$	6,148	\$	10,495	\$	2,052	\$	51,471
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	358	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	358
Deferred revenue	Ψ	3,351	Ψ	2,930	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	6,281
Due to other funds		631		1,270		6,148		10,495				18,544
Due to other governments				,		-, -		-,				- 7-
Accrued wages and benefits		1,467										1,467
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,807		4,200		6,148		10,495				26,650
FUND BALANCE												
Reserve for loans												
Reserve for inventory		883										883
Reserve for encumbrances		2,401		6,491						2,000		10,892
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund												
Reserve for reserve fund												
Unreserved:												
Designated for future												
capital improvements		400		12,666								13,066
Undesignated		(776)		704						52		(20)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,908		19,861						2,052		24,821
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	8,715	\$	24,061	\$	6,148	\$	10,495	\$	2,052	\$	51,471
	+	2,710	7	= .,001	+	-,	4	, 0	Τ'	_,	4	,

					No	on-Bu	idgeted					
Dev	mmunity /elopment ck Grants	ommunity velopment Funds	Urban evelopment ction Funds	•		We	Home atherization Grants	Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants		Air Pollution Control Grants		WIA Grants
\$	-	\$ 1,214	\$ 13,886	\$	19,813	\$	-	\$	3,262	\$	-	\$ -
	18,625		108,496		20 8,265							
	18,625		108,496		8,285							
	223 7,693	6,218			321 35		3,050				400	11,775
\$	26,541	\$ 7,432	\$ 122,382	\$	28,454	\$	3,050	\$	3,262	\$	400	\$ 11,775
\$	3,517	\$ 1,589 1,470	\$ 134	\$	24	\$	129 909	\$	39	\$	-	\$ 3,067 224
	4,322 77	287 1,280			1 5,046		567 1,445		3,223		61 339	8,268
	7,916	4,626	134		<u>9</u> 5,080		3,050		3,262		400	216 11,775
	18,625		108,496		3,397							
		258	15,061		1,611							
					172							
		2,548	(1,309)		18,194							
	18,625	 2,806	 122,248		23,374							
\$	26,541	\$ 7,432	\$ 122,382	\$	28,454	\$	3,050	\$	3,262	\$	400	\$ 11,775

Continued

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-Continued

December 31, 2001

					N	on-Budgeted	1			
		General vernment Funds		Public Service Funds		Public Safety Funds		Public Health Funds		Parks, Recreation d Properties Funds
ASSETS	¢	24 (04	¢	759	¢	7 000	¢	2 2 2 4	¢	2 1 2 2
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes	\$	34,604	\$	758	\$	7,900	\$	2,284	\$	3,132
Accounts		230								8
Loans		200								0
Accrued interest										
		230								8
Due from other funds		1,590				144		612		711
Due from other governments		747		61		1,247		3,307		162
Inventory of supplies			+		-				+	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,171	\$	819	\$	9,291	\$	6,203	\$	4,013
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	648	\$	5	\$	294	\$	591	\$	23
Deferred revenue		576		50		5,403		1,502		52
Due to other funds		45		114		33		15		163
Due to other governments		585		88		745		2,922		1,911
Accrued wages and benefits TOTAL LIABILITIES		23 1,877		257		<u>34</u> 6,509		275 5,305		<u>52</u> 2,201
TOTAL LIADILITIES		1,077		237		0,309		5,505		2,201
FUND BALANCE Reserve for loans Reserve for inventory										
Reserve for encumbrances		13,561				712		2		285
Reserve for rainy day reserve fund										
Unreserved:										
Designated for future										
capital improvements		11,652								22
Undesignated		10,081		562		2,070		896		1,505
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		35,294		562		2,782		898		1,812
TOTAL LIABILITIES	¢	27 171	¢	010	¢	0.201	¢	6 202	¢	4.012
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	37,171	\$	819	\$	9,291	\$	6,203	\$	4,013

				Non-	Budg	geted			_			
Sett	gment/ lement	ateway Shared Income Tax	D	ighborhood evelopment nvestment		upplemental npowerment	Rental Car ransportation	Total Non- Budgeted		Tot	als	
F	inds	Funds		Fund		Zone	Fee	Funds		2001		2000
\$	15	\$ 4,050	\$	11,031	\$	-	\$ 236	\$ 102,185	\$	123,134	\$	126,638
								-		6,021		5,054
							1,382	1,640		2,418		4,591
				24,643		20,795		180,824		180,824		177,007
												891
				24,643		20,795	1,382	182,464		189,263		187,543
		118					91	3,810		22,491		26,279
						15,812		50,507		54,666		37,490
										883		469
\$	15	\$ 4,168	\$	35,674	\$	36,607	\$ 1,709	\$ 338,966	\$	390,437	\$	378,419
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,515	\$ 424	\$ 12,999	\$	13,357	\$	7,784
						1		10,187		16,468		19,769
						11,654		25,530		44,074		45,384
						14,550		32,211		32,211		4,398
						48		657		2,124		3,120
						28,768	424	81,584		108,234		80,455
				24,643		7,702		162,863		162,863		172,609
				24,045		7,702		102,803		883		469
				9,317			4,631	45,438		56,330		8,125
				9,517			4,051	+3,+30		50,550		0,125
												5,000
								11,846		24,912		24,226
	15	4,168		1,714		137	(3,346)	37,235		37,215		87,535
	15	4,168		35,674		7,839	1,285	257,382		282,203		297,964
\$	15	\$ 4,168	\$	35,674	\$	36,607	\$ 1,709	\$ 338,966	\$	390,437	\$	378,419

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCES-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

			Bu	dgeted		
	Division of Streets	Restricted Income Tax	Reserve Fund	Rainy Day Reserve Fund	Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities Fund	Total Budgeted Funds
REVENUES						
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ 29,931	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,931
Other shared revenues	11,299					11,299
Licenses and permits	110					110
Charges for services	1,136					1,136
Investment earnings	8	567				575
Grants						
Miscellaneous	7,802					7,802
TOTAL REVENUES	20,355	30,498				50,853
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government					2,001	2,001
Public service	17,932					17,932
Public safety						
Human resources						
Community development						
Public health						
Parks, Recreation and Properties						
Economic development						
Capital outlay	6,510	20,537				27,047
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,442	20,537			2,001	46,980
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,087)	9,961			(2,001)	3,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	5,226				2,000	7,226
Operating transfers out	3,220	(18,177)	(5,000)		2,000	(23,177)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(10,177)	(5,000)			(23,177)
SOURCES (USES)	5,226	(18,177)	(5,000)		2,000	(15,951)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	1,139	(8,216)	(5,000)		(1)	(12,078)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,769	28,077	5,000	<u>+</u>	2,053	36,899
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,908	\$ 19,861	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,052	\$ 24,821

Dev	mmunity velopment ck Grants	Community Development Funds	Urban Development Action Funds	Economic Development Funds	Home Weatherization Grants	Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Grants	Air Pollution Control Grants	WIA Grants
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - :	\$-
	11.000	50	355	595	2 700	50	10	12.24
	41,338	22,890	-	5	2,790	59	40	13,366
	41,338	1,678 24,618	2,307 2,662	<u>11,705</u> 12,305	2,790	59	40	13,366
	40,408	23,226			2,790	59	40	13,366
			3,789 48	7,310 437				
	40,408	23,226	3,837	7,747	2,790	59	40	13,366
	930	1,392	(1,175)	4,558				
	930	1,392	(1,175)	4,558				
	17,695	1,414	123,423	18,816				
\$	18,625	\$ 2,806	\$ 122,248	\$ 23,374	\$-	\$ -	\$ - 3	\$ -

Continued

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES

#### IN FUND BALANCES-ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	General Government Funds	Public Service Funds	Non-Budgeted Public Safety Funds	Public Health Funds	Parks, Recreation and Properties Funds
REVENUES					
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -
Other shared revenues					
Licenses and permits				4	
Charges for services	600		<b>(</b> 0)	25	
Investment earnings	688	11	60	25	56
Grants	347	125	1,174	8,016	756
Miscellaneous	6,540	510	1,612	1,043	385
TOTAL REVENUES	7,575	646	2,846	9,088	1,197
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	16,454				
Public service		239			
Public safety			2,134		
Human resources					
Community development				0.475	
Public health				8,475	
Parks, Recreation and Properties					1,505
Economic development					
Capital outlay	57	220	2.124	0.475	1.505
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,511	239	2,134	8,475	1,505
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8,936)	407	712	613	(308)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Operating transfers in	16,018				
Operating transfers out	10,018				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	16,018				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
<b>OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>					
AND OTHER USES	7,082	407	712	613	(308)
Fund balances at beginning of year	28,212	155	2,070	285	2,120
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 35,294	\$ 562	\$ 2,782 \$	898	\$ 1,812

				Non-Bud	geted							
	gment/ tlement		vay Shared ome Tax	Neighborhood Development Investment	Supplemental Empowerment	Rental Car	F	Total Non- Budgeted	Totals			
F	unds	]	Funds	Fund	Zone	Fee		Funds		2001		2000
\$	-	\$	1,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,635	\$	31,566	\$	33,259
										11,299		11,374
								4		114		100
										1,136		1,685
				809	441			3,090		3,665		4,288
					9,398			100,304		100,304		66,846
\$	2		-	3,065		\$ 2,308		31,155		38,957		34,429
	2		1,635	3,874	9,839	2,308		136,188		187,041		151,981
						2,719		19,173		21,174		13,838
								239		18,171		27,894
								2,134		2,134		4,676
								13,425		13,425		8,471
								66,424		66,424		39,471
								8,515		8,515		9,345
								1,505		1,505		1,317
				8,905	20,346			40,350		40,350		15,003
				3,582				4,124		31,171		8,071
				12,487	20,346	2,719		155,889		202,869		128,086
	2		1,635	(8,613)	(10,507)	(411)		(19,701)		(15,828)		23,895
								16,018		23,244		24,536
										(23,177)		(18,529)
								16,018		67		6,007
	2		1,635	(8,613)	(10,507)	(411)		(3,683)		(15,761)		29,902
	13		2,533	44,287	18,346	1,696		261,065		297,964		268,062
\$	15	\$	4,168	\$ 35,674	\$ 7,839	\$ 1,285	\$	257,382	\$	282,203	\$	297,964

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-

#### BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

		Divisio	n of Streets		<b>Restricted Income Tax</b>					
	Original	Revised		Variance- Favorable	Original	Revised		Variance- Favorable		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES										
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,924	\$ 33,924	\$ 32,838	\$ (1,086)		
Other shared revenues	11,600	11,600	11,604	4						
Licenses and permits										
Charges for services	2,000	2,000	1,733	(267)						
Miscellaneous	8,260	8,260	7,803	(457)			548	548		
TOTAL REVENUES	21,860	21,860	21,140	(720)	33,924	33,924	33,386	(538)		
EXPENDITURES										
Public Service										
Salaries & Benefits	14,062	14,528	14,298	230						
Other	13,849	13,133	12,521	612						
Parks, Recreation and Properties										
Capital outlay					20,174	20,174	20,152	22		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,911	27,661	26,819	842	20,174	20,174	20,152	22		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,051)	(5,801)	(5,679)	122	13,750	13,750	13,234	(516)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Operating transfers in	6,000	6,000	5,226	(774)						
Operating transfers out					(13,750)	(13,750)	(13,750)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	6,000	6,000	5,226	(774)	(13,750)	(13,750)	(13,750)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(51)	199	(453)	(652)			(516)	(516)		
Decertification (recertification) of prior year										
encumbrances							587	587		
Fund balances at beginning of year	(281)	(281)	(281)		(1,519)	(1,519)	(1,519)	557		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ (332)	( )	\$ (734)	\$ (652)	\$ (1,519)	\$ (1,519)	\$ (1,448)	\$ 71		
	- (002)	, (0=)	, (,,,,)	. (002)	+ (-,-1))	, (-,-,-))	; (-,			

	Reserve Fund				Rainy Day	Reserve Fu	ınd	Schools Recreation and Cultural Activities					
Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
		148	148			270	270			15	15		
		148	148			270	270			15	15		
								\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000			
								2,000	2,000	2,000			
		148	148			270	270	(2,000)	(2,000)	(1,985)	15		
		1,000	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500		2,000	2,000	2,000			
		1,000	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500		2,000	2,000	2,000			
		1,148	1,148	1,500	1,500	1,770	270			15	15		
5,000	5,000	5,000	<b>•</b>	8,725	8,725	8,725	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	37	37	37			
\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 6,148	\$ 1,148	\$ 10,225	\$ 10,225	\$ 10,495	\$ 270	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 52	\$ 15		

Continued

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL-Continued

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

				Totals		
		)riginal Budget		Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
Income taxes	\$	33,924	\$	33,924 \$	32,838	\$ (1,086)
Other shared revenues		11,600		11,600	11,604	4
Licenses and permits						
Charges for services		2,000		2,000	1,733	(267)
Miscellaneous		8,260		8,260	8,784	524
TOTAL REVENUES		55,784		55,784	54,959	(825)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Service						
Salaries & Benefits		14,062		14,528	14,298	230
Other		13,849		13,133	12,521	612
Parks, Recreation and Properties		2,000		2,000	2,000	
Capital outlay		20,174		20,174	20,152	22
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		50,085		49,835	48,971	864
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,699		5,949	5,988	39
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in		9,500		9,500	9,726	226
Operating transfers out		(13,750)		(13,750)	(13,750)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)		(4,250)		(4,250)	(4,024)	226
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		1,449		1,699	1,964	265
Decertification (recertification) of prior year encumbrances		11.0-55		11.0.2	587	587
Fund balances at beginning of year	¢	11,962	¢	11,962	11,962	¢ 970
Fund balances at end of year	\$	13,411	\$	13,661 \$	14,513	\$ 852

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

# **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE ACCUMULATION OF RESOURCES FOR THE PAYMENT OF DEBT REPORTED IN THE GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATION ACCOUNT GROUP AND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF CERTAIN PROPRIETARY FUNDS' GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of general obligation bonds of the City not requiring a vote of the electors, other than self-supporting obliga- tions, payable from ad valorem property taxes levied within the limitations provided by law.
Stadium Bond Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of the stadium certificates of participation from pledged city taxes.
Subordinated Income Tax Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of subordinated income tax variable rate refunding bonds payable from pledged income taxes.
Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund	The account is to be maintained at an amount equal to the maximum bond service charges required to be paid in any of the subsequent six month period.
Urban Renewal Fund	To account for the accumulation of resources for the pay- ment of tax increment urban renewal bonds payable from deposits made in lieu of taxes.
Urban Renewal Reserve Fund	The account is to be maintained at an amount equal to one year's maximum annual debt service on certain Urban Re- newal Bonds and can be used to cover any debt insuffi- ciency payable from certain urban renewal bonds.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2001

	Budgeted							
	S	Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund		Stadium Bond Fund		bordinated Icome Tax Fund	Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund	
ASSETS								ı
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	754	\$	2	\$	1,143	\$	4,930
Investments at market		17						
Taxes receivable		29,887						
Accrued interest		1						2
Due from other funds								
Due from other governments		1,850						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,509	\$	2	\$	1,143	\$	4,932
LIABILITIES								
Deferred revenue	\$	31,737						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,737						
FUND BALANCE								
Reserve for debt service		772		2		1,143		4,932
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	32,509	\$	2	\$	1,143	\$	4,932

 Non-B	udgete	d				
 Urban Renewal Fund	R	Urban Kenewal erve Fund	 <u>To</u> 2001	Fotals 2000		
\$ 51	\$	_	\$ 6,880	\$	2,356	
1,021		1,705	2,743		7,628	
,		,	29,887		31,986	
19			22		59	
					4,392	
			1,850			
\$ 1,091	\$	1,705	\$ 41,382	\$	46,421	
			\$ 31,737	\$	31,330	
			31,737		31,330	
1,091		1,705	9,645		15,091	
 1,071		1,705	7,045		15,071	
\$ 1,091	\$	1,705	\$ 41,382	\$	46,421	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Unvoted Tax Supported Obligations Fund	Stadium Bond Fund	Subordinated Income Tax Fund	Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund
REVENUES	ф <u>оо сс</u>	Φ	ф.	¢
Property taxes	\$ 23,665	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings	372		32	136
Grants	755		262	
Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	24,792		<u> </u>	136
IOTAL REVENUES	24,792		393	150
EXPENDITURES				
Principal retirement	23,570		1,300	
Interest	16,388		3,552	
Other	,		,	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,958		4,852	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,166)		(4,457)	136
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	9,358		4,642	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	9,358		4,642	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(5,808)		185	136
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,580	2		4,796
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 772	\$ 2	2 \$ 1,143	\$ 4,932

	Non-Bu	udgeted	-			
	Urban Renewal Fund	Urban Renewal Reserve Fund		To 2001	tals	2000
\$	1,745	\$ -	\$	25,410	\$	24,836
Ψ	45	¢ 55	Ψ	640	Ψ	773
	75	55		755		364
				363		98
	1,790	55		27,168		26,071
	1,770			_,,100		20,071
	285			25,155		23,540
	595			20,535		20,639
	924			924		1,119
	1,804			46,614		45,298
	(14)	55		(19,446)		(19,227)
		42		14,042		19 501
	(42)	42		(42)		18,501 (29)
	(42)			(42)		(29)
	(42)	42		14,000		18,472
	(56)	97		(5,446)		(755)
	1,147	1,608		15,091		15,846
\$	1,091	\$ 1,705	\$	9,645	\$	15,091

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)-BUDGETED DEBT SERVICE FUNDS-LEGAL APPROPRIATION LEVEL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

		Tax Su Oblig	roted pported ations ınd	Stadium Bond Fund					
	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Fav (Ur	riance- vorable nfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$25,172	\$ 25,172	\$ 24,321	\$	(851)				
Investment earnings	325	325	390		65				\$ -
Grants	755	755	755						
Miscellaneous									
TOTAL REVENUES	26,252	26,252	25,466		(786)				
EXPENDITURES									
Principal retirement	23,570	23,570	23,570						
Interest	16,788	16,788	16,388		400				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	40,358	40,358	39,958		400				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					(20.0)				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(14,106)	(14,106)	(14,492)		(386)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers in - Convention Ctr	10 550	10 750	10 550						
Operating transfers in - Restricted Inc Tax	13,750	13,750	13,750						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	13,750	13,750	13,750						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Decertification (recertification) of prior year	(356)	(356)	(742)		(386)				
encumbrances			(13)		(13)				
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,526	1,526	1,526		(10)	3	3	3	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,170	\$ 1,170	\$ 771	\$	(399)	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ -
	+ -,175	, _,_,,	, ,,,	7	()	÷ U	, U	- U	т

	Incon	dinated ne Tax			Incon	dinated ne Tax			T		
Original Budget	Fu Revised Budget	ınd Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Reserv Revised Budget	ve Fund Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)	Original Budget	Revised Budget	tals Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavor- able)
\$ -	\$ -	\$- 30	30	\$-	\$ -	\$ - \$ 150	150	\$ 25,172 325 755	\$ 25,172 325 755	\$ 24,321 570 755	\$ (851) 245
		30	30			150	150	26,252	26,252	25,646	(606)
1,300 3,400 4,700	1,300 3,400 4,700	1,300 3,115 4,415	285 285					24,870 20,188 45,058	24,870 20,188 45,058	24,870 19,503 44,373	685 685
(4,700)	(4,700)	(4,385)	315			150	150	(18,806)	(18,806)	(18,727)	79
4,700 4,700	4,700 4,700	5,005 5,005	<u>305</u> <u>305</u>					18,450 18,450	18,450 18,450	18,755 18,755	<u>305</u> <u>305</u>
		620	620			150	150	(356)	(356)	28	384
1,322 \$ 1,322	1,322 \$ 1,322	(363) 1,322 \$ 1,579	(363)	4,776	4,776	4,776	\$ 150	7,627	7,627	(376) 7,627 \$ 7,279	(376)

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO BE USED FOR THE ACQUISITION OR CONSTRUCTION OF MAJOR CAPITAL FACILITIES OTHER THAN THOSE FINANCED BY SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Capital / Urban Renewal Bond Construction	To account for all bond proceeds and capital projects costs of bond-funded capital acquisitions, tax increment urban renewal bond issues and construction within the City.
Grant Improvement	To account for capital grant revenues which fund capital improvement projects within the City.
Capital Improvement	To account for miscellaneous revenues which fund capital projects.
Certificates of Participation	To account for certificates of participation proceeds which fund certain capital acquisitions.
Cleveland Stadium Construction	To account for bond proceeds and capital projects costs of the Cleveland Browns Stadium.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

December 31, 2001

(Amounts in 000's)

	Urb	Capital/ an Renewal Bond onstruction	Im	Grant provement		Capital provement	-	ertificates of articipation		Cleveland Stadium onstruction	<u> </u>	<u>tals</u>
ASSETS			111	provement	IIII	provement	1		u	JISTI UCTION	2001	2000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,371	\$	-	\$	5,691	\$	-	\$	12,012	\$ 79,074	\$ 75,491
Investments at market		11,007				- ,				y -	11,007	47,790
Receivables:		,									,	,
Accrued interest		227						69		21	317	1,101
Assessments		8									8	13
		235						69		21	325	1,114
Due from other funds		111				4,682					4,793	4,171
Due from other governments				5,863							5,863	6,842
Restricted cash and cash												
equivalents								4,359		10,872	15,231	15,393
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	72,724	\$	5,863	\$	10,373	\$	4,428	\$	22,905	\$ 116,293	\$ 150,801
LIABILITIES	¢		¢	_	¢	10 100	\$		¢	2 970	¢ 12.060	¢ 11 102
Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$	- 8	\$	-	\$	10,190	\$	-	\$	2,879	\$ 13,069 8	\$ 11,193
Deferred revenue Due to other funds		8 3,350		5,863						61	8 9,274	13 8,108
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,358		5,863		10,190				2,940	22,351	19,314
IOTAL LIABILITIES		3,338		5,805		10,190				2,940	22,331	19,314
FUND BALANCE												
Reserve for encumbrances		11,967								2,495	14,462	23,144
Unreserved:		,								_,	,	
Designated for future												
capital improvements		53,357						4,428		17,470	75,255	80,708
Undesignated		4,042				183		,		,	4,225	27,635
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		69,366				183		4,428		19,965	93,942	131,487
TOTAL LIABILITIES												
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	72,724	\$	5,863	\$	10,373	\$	4,428	\$	22,905	\$ 116,293	\$ 150,801
	_	. ,. = -		- ,- ,-		- ,		, =•		,. ,.	,	,

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Capital/ Urban Renewal Bond Construction	Grant Improvement	Capital Improvement	Certificates of Participation	Cleveland Stadium Construction		als
REVENUES		1	1				
Investment earnings	\$ 3,406	\$-	\$ 5	\$ 220	\$ 1,140	\$ 4,771	\$ 7,328
Grants		5,902			4	5,906	16,124
Contributions						. –	84
Miscellaneous	5				12	17	6,278
TOTAL REVENUES	3,411	5,902	5	220	1,156	10,694	29,814
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	34,124	5,902			3,132	43,158	43,515
Principal retirement				4,788	1,520	6,308	7,106
Interest				614	7,163	7,777	8,186
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	34,124	5,902		5,402	11,815	57,243	58,807
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF EXPENDITURES OVER (UNDER) REVENUES	(30,713)		5	(5,182)	(10,659)	(46,549)	(28,993)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in				4,427	8,684	13,111	14,012
Operating transfers out	(6,167)				(2,000)	(8,167)	(2,000)
Proceeds from sale of general							
obligation bonds, net	4,060					4,060	26,335
Payments to refund bonds							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,107)			4,427	6,684	9,004	38,347
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(22, 820)		Ę	(755)	(2.075)	(27 5 45)	0.254
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(32,820)		5	(755)	(3,975)	(37,545)	9,354
Fund balances at beginning of year	102,186		178	5,183	23,940	131,487	122,133
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 69,366	\$-	\$ 183	\$ 4,428	\$ 19,965	\$ 93,942	\$ 131,487

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO ENTERPRISE FUNDS

# **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR OPERATIONS THAT ARE FINANCED AND OPERATED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES WHERE THE INTENT IS THAT THE EXPENSE (INCLUDING DEPRECIATION) OF PROVIDING GOODS OR SERVICES PRIMARILY OR SOLELY TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC BE FINANCED OR RECOVERED PRIMARILY THROUGH USER CHARGES

Division of Water	The Division of Water is a segment of the Depart- ment of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Water was created for the purpose of supplying water services to customers within the Cleveland metropolitan area.
Division of Water Pollution Control	The Division of Water Pollution Control is a seg- ment of the Department of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Water Pollution Control was created for the purpose of providing sewage ser- vices to customers and to maintain the local sewer system of the City.
Division of Cleveland Public Power	The Division of Cleveland Public Power is a seg- ment of the Department of Public Utilities of the City. The Division of Cleveland Public Power was established by the City to provide electrical ser- vices to customers within the City.
Department of Port Control	The Department of Port Control was established to provide airport facilities for the City and its neigh- boring communities.
Convention Center	The Convention Center Division was established to provide facilities for conventions, trade shows, sporting events and fine arts programs.

West Side Market	The West Side Market provides a public market where Cleveland area residents can purchase a variety of quality foods in a centralized location.
East Side Market	The East Side Market provides a public market where Cleveland area residents can purchase a variety of quality foods in a centralized location.
Municipal Parking Lots	The Division of Parking was established to provide mu- nicipal parking within the City's limits.
Cemeteries	The Division of Cemeteries was established to provide in- terment and cremation services for the City and its neigh- boring communities.
Golf Courses	The Golf Course Division was established to provide the City and its neighboring communities with recreational facilities for golfing and cross country skiing.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

December 31, 2001

	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 111,148	\$ 29,109	\$ 39,045	\$ 6,459
Investments at market	118,510	4,053		8,872
Receivables:				
Accounts	22,271	40,295	27,035	16,536
Unbilled revenue	22,750	1,918	1,616	4,473
Accrued interest receivable	1,502	57		158
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,841)	(898)	(2,543)	(241)
Receivables, net	44,682	41,372	26,108	20,926
Due from other funds	5,113	1,818	6,836	942
Due from other governments				3,651
Inventory of supplies	5,343	232	2,926	224
Prepaid expenses and other assets	7,151		2,841	10,849
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	239,945		20,635	694,367
Investments at market	12,899			68,979
Accrued interest receivable	883		25	2,202
Bond retirement reserve				53
Accrued passenger facility charge				2,069
	253,727		20,660	767,670
Fixed assets in service:				
Land	5,271	297	4,863	141,577
Land improvements	12,676		2,304	196,075
Utility plant in service	813,195	108,092	338,490	
Buildings, structure and improvements	174,729		41,209	367,518
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	65,516	107	28,297	25,775
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(312,825)	(49,054)	(137,740)	(234,752)
-	758,562	59,442	277,423	496,193
Construction in progress	128,005	909	15,474	104,796
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,432,241	\$ 136,935	\$ 391,313	\$ 1,420,582

C	onvention	W	est Side	F	East Side	/Iunicipal Parking				GolfT			
	Center	N	Aarket		Market	Lots	Cer	neteries		Courses	2001		2000
\$	3,090	\$	355	\$	253	\$ 3,515	\$	-	\$	2,276	\$ 195,250	\$	75,734
	- ,					- ,				,	131,435		222,549
	6,382		2		2	120		27			112,670		85,359
											30,757		32,451
											1,717		4,249
	(163)										(5,686)		(3,029)
	6,219		2		2	120		27			139,458		119,030
	100					120					14,929		9,937
	3		1								3,655		343
					5	18		207		37	8,992		8,495
						1,126					21,967		14,652
						16,173		5,707			976,827		399,039
											81,878		157,868
						123					3,233		3,050
											53		53
											2,069		2,224
						16,296		5,707			1,064,060		562,234
	4,261		198		414	12,929		252		208	170,270		162,641
					484	1,264		7		2,818	215,628		206,489
											1,259,777		1,219,690
	61,625		5,668		2,400	65,200		4,655		1,666	724,670		721,312
	1,410		37		450	793		247		521	123,153		138,621
	(55,812)		(3,298)		(1,537)	(12,774)		(1,143)		(2,983)	(811,918)		(734,334)
	11,484		2,605		2,211	67,412		4,018		2,230	1,681,580		1,714,419
			5,378					390		494	255,446		120,813
\$	20,896	\$	8,341	\$	2,471	\$ 88,607	\$	10,349	\$	5,037	\$ 3,516,772	\$	2,848,206

Continued

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS-Continued

December 31, 2001

	Ľ	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	8,384	\$ 1,173	\$ 6,895	\$	3,324	
Due to other funds		5,534	2,340	583		1,096	
Due to other governments			43,472	444		2,962	
Accrued wages and benefits		10,620	1,221	3,973		3,073	
Accrued interest		17,018		1,953		42,799	
Accounts payable from restricted assets		5,303	100	278		14,802	
Notes payable						44,950	
Construction loans		5,978	7,139				
Deferred payment obligation						26,531	
Revenue bonds payable		662,626		229,722		917,988	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		715,463	55,445	243,848		1,057,525	
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND RETAINED							
EARNINGS (DEFICIT)							
Contributed capital - City of Cleveland and others		2,407	43,599	12,183		179,163	
Retained earnings (deficit):							
Reserve for debt retirement		17,500	591	6,620		10,783	
Unreserved (deficit)		696,871	37,300	128,662		173,111	
TOTAL RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)		714,371	37,891	135,282		183,894	
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		716,778	81,490	147,465		363,057	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	1,432,241	\$ 136,935	\$ 391,313	\$	1,420,582	

С	onvention	W	est Side	Ŧ	East Side	Municipal Parking				Golf	Totals			
	Center		Market		Market	Lots	(	Cemeteries Courses			2001	••••	2000	
\$	502	\$	192	\$	1	\$ 201	\$	14	\$	42	\$	20,728	\$	27,196
Ŧ	6,369	Ŧ	23	+	-	60		476	+	7	+	16,488	Ŧ	13,039
	196					78						47,152		40,820
	407		74	\$	8	170		233		34		19,813		23,428
						1,352						63,122		47,607
	6					17						20,506		11,543
												44,950		40,000
												13,117		7,412
												26,531		27,810
						67,950	)					1,878,286		1,347,521
	7,480		289		9	69,828	3	723		83		2,150,693		1,586,376
	65,443		6,597		2,943	21,079	)	5,710		4,598		343,722		343,722
						1,965	5					37,459		44,196
	(52,027)		1,455		(481)	(4,265	5)	3,916		356		984,898		873,912
	(52,027)		1,455		(481)	(2,300	))	3,916		356		1,022,357		918,108
	13,416		8,052		2,462	18,779	)	9,626		4,954		1,366,079		1,261,830
\$	20,896	\$	8,341	\$	2,471	\$ 88,607	\$	10,349	\$	5,037	\$	3,516,772	\$	2,848,206

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES

#### IN RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Γ	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power		epartment of Port Control
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	212,724	\$ 18,893	\$	132,095	\$ 92,825
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		212,724	18,893		132,095	92,825
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operations		93,299	7,012		16,133	56,795
Maintenance		23,542	6,715		16,418	
Purchased power					65,283	
Depreciation		29,682	3,859		16,296	23,599
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		146,523	17,586		114,130	80,394
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>		66,201	1,307		17,965	12,431
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)						
Interest income		17,103	1,683		2,537	16,141
Interest expense		(19,776)	(315)		(12,423)	(28,869)
Litigation settlement			(2,699)			
AEP Refund per FERC ruling						
Passenger facility charge revenue						15,024
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(1,827)				
Contributed capital and other contributions			597			30,537
Other revenues (expenses)		1,330	314		(791)	(12,589)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING						
<b>REVENUES</b> (EXPENSES)		(3,170)	(420)		(10,677)	20,244
INCOME (LOSS)						
<b>BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS</b>		63,031	887		7,288	32,675
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out						
NET INCOME (LOSS)		63,031	 887		7,288	 32,675
Retained earnings (deficit) at beginning of year		651,340	37,004		127,994	151,219
Retained earnings (deficit) at end of year	\$	714,371	\$ 37,891	\$	135,282	\$ 183,894

С	onvention	West Side	East Side	Municipal Parking				Golf	Tot	tals	
	Center	Market	Market	Lots	Cer	neteries	(	Courses	2001		2000
\$	3,752	\$ 545	\$ 27	\$ 8,021	\$	1,408	\$	2,057	\$ 472,347	\$	458,014
	3,752	545	27	8,021		1,408		2,057	472,347		458,014
	5,725	974	54	2,075		2,141		1,620	185,828		164,905
	1,526	104	16	68		17		83	48,489		51,773
									65,283		68,597
	2,303 9,554	180 1,258	122 192	<u>1,704</u> 3,847		128 2,286		133 1,836	78,006		72,962 358,237
	(5,802)	(713)	(165)	4,174		(878)		221	94,741		99,777
	(3,802)	(715)	(103)	4,174		(878)		221	94,741		99,111
	67	18	8	762		219		69	38,607		46,454
				(4,784)					(66,167)		(73,595)
									(2,699)		
									15.004		2,864
									15,024		16,642
		3,280		68		336			(1,827)		(731)
	4,716	5,280 14		68 (84)		336 27		15	34,818 (7,048)		(5,123)
	.,			(0.)					(,,,,,,,)		(*,-=*)
	4,783	3,312	8	(4,038)		582		84	10,708		(13,489)
	(1,019)	2,599	(157)	136		(296)		305	105,449		86,288
	(1,200)								(1,200)		(1,152)
	(2,219)	2,599	(157)	136		(296)		305	104,249		85,136
	(49,808)	(1,144)	(324)	(2,436)		4,212		51	 918,108		832,972
\$	(52,027)	\$ 1,455	\$ (481)	\$ (2,300)	\$	3,916	\$	356	\$ 1,022,357	\$	918,108

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Division of Water	Water Pollution Control	Cleveland Public Power	Department of Port Control
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 212,022 \$	18,625	\$ 124,280	\$ 74,363
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(55,677)	(6,185)	(13,112)	(36,555)
Cash payments to employees for services	(61,748)	(7,307)	(21,578)	(19,309)
Cash payments for purchased power			(66,366)	
Cash receipts of customer deposits	55		(424)	
Agency activity on behalf of NEORSD		(2,995)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	94,652	2,138	22,800	18,499
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advance from General Fund				
Cash receipts for passenger facility charges				14,846
Cash payment for litigation		(1,799)		
AEP refund per Ferc ruling				
Cash payments for sound insulation of homes				(10,615)
Cash transfer to debt service				
Other non-capital financing activity	2,100	306	617	2,271
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)				
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2,100	(1,493)	617	6,502
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans and notes	6,208			604,959
Proceeds from sale of refunding notes	97,711		43,036	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(56,958)	(2,129)	(12,087)	(81,775)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(20,835)	(531)	(6,855)	(54,315)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(38,201)	(316)	(11,133)	(34,107)
Cash paid to escrow agent for refunding	(97,680)		(43,743)	
Capital grant proceeds				27,200
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(109,755)	(2,976)	(30,782)	461,962
	、 <i>-</i> /	× 1	· · · · · · /	y
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(104.040)		/1 4 4 4 4 5	(100 500)
Purchase of investment securities	(184,343)	1	(14,441)	(108,723)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investment securities	279,322	15,544	40,387	125,770
Interest received on investments	29,280	1,848	2,837	31,234
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	104.050	17 202	00 702	40.001
(USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	124,259	17,392	28,783	48,281
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)				
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	111,256	15,061	21,418	535,244
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	239,837	14,048	38,262	165,582
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 351,093 \$	29,109	\$ 59,680	\$ 700,826

nvention Center	West Side Market	East Side Market	Municipal Parking Lots	Cemeteries	Golf Courses	Totals	2000
\$ 3,256 (4,136) (2,474)	\$ 587 (664) (345)	\$ 27 (31) (30)	\$ 7,901 (1,051) (810)	\$ 1,431 (563) (1,671)	\$ 2,007 (1,304) (428)	\$ 444,499 \$ (119,278) (115,700) (66,366)	452,681 (113,109) (108,601) (67,701)
						(369) (2,995)	219
(3,354)	(422)	(34)	6,040	(803)	275	139,791	163,489
				463		463 14,846	16,630
						(1,799)	2,864
						(10,615)	(12,283) (327)
3,585	14		5	26	14	8,938	6,192
3,585	14		5	489	14	11,833	13,076
						611,167 140,747	
			(1.075)		(160)	(153,109)	(121,354)
			(1,875) (4,294)			(84,411) (88,051) (141,423)	(39,388) (76,952)
						27,200	9,437
			(6,169)		(160)	312,120	(228,257)
			(20,238)	2 720		(327,745)	(302,230)
62	18	8	29,884 1,096	3,720 210	85	494,627 66,678	286,772 50,478
62	18	8	10,742	3,930	85	233,560	35,020
202	(200)		10 (19	2 (1)	214	607 204	(16.672)
 293 2,797	(390) 745	(26) 279	10,618 9,070	3,616 2,091	214 2,062	697,304 474,773	(16,672) 491,445
\$ 3,090	\$ 355	\$ 253	\$ 19,688	\$ 5,707	\$ 2,276	\$ 1,172,077 \$	474,773

Continued

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL ENTERPRISE FUNDS-Continued

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		ivision of Water	Water Pollution Control		Cleveland Public Power		Departmen of Port Control	
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	\$	66,201	\$	1,307	\$	17,965	\$	12,431
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation Non-cash rental income		29,682		3,859		16,296		23,599 (3,389)
Loss on disposal of equipment				41				,
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable, net		(4,654)		(6,459)		(2,284)		1,661
Unbilled revenue		(151)		243		563		1,039
Landing fees - due from airlines								(10,903)
Due from other funds		562		(861)		(5,350)		462
Due from other governments								(3)
Inventory of supplies		(640)		1		139		16
Prepaid expenses		(963)						28
Landing fee adjustment								(6,139)
Accounts payable		2,402		208		(3,801)		243
Due to other funds		4,474		(1,837)		(72)		(1,356)
Due to other governments				5,040		444		849
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		185		900		(424)		
Accrued wages and benefits		(2,446)		(304)		(676)		(39)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		28,451		831		4,835		6,068
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	<i>.</i>	04.652	<i>ф</i>	0.100	<b>.</b>	22.000	¢	10,400
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	94,652	\$	2,138	\$	22,800	\$	18,499

Convention West Side		East Si	Municipal East Side Parking					Golf	Totals			
	Center	Market	Mark		Lots		Cemeteries		Courses	2001	ans	2000
\$	(5,802)	\$ (713)	)\$	(165) \$	4,174	\$	(878)	\$	221	\$ 94,741	\$	99,777
	2,303	180		122	1,704		128		133	\$ 78,006 (3,389) 41		72,962 (3,389) 1,070
	(1,523)	42			(28)		14			(13,231) 1,694 (10,903)		(13,226) 2,240
	18 (2)				267					(4,902) (5)		(3,339)
	( )			5	(1)		(4)		(13)	(497) (935) (6,139)		1,847 (105) 2,174
	40	68			(117)				(5)	(962)		2,268
	1,673	8			48				(44)	2,894		(5,824)
	(7)				6				. ,	6,332 661		(1,413)
	(54)	(7)	)	4	(13)		(63)		(17)	(3,615)		8,447
	2,448	291		131	1,866		75		54	45,050		63,712
\$	(3,354)	\$ (422)	) \$	(34) \$	6,040	\$	(803)	\$	275	\$ 139,791	\$	163,489

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCING OF GOODS OR SERVICES PROVIDED BY ONE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF THE CITY ON A COST-REIMBURSEMENT BASIS

Information Systems Services	The Information Systems Services Division was estab- lished to provide centralized data processing services for certain City divisions.
Motor Vehicle Maintenance	The Division of Motor Vehicle Maintenance was estab- lished to provide centralized maintenance, repairs and fueling of certain City vehicles.
Printing and Reproduction	The Division of Printing and Reproduction was estab- lished to provide printing and reproduction services for all City divisions.
City Storeroom and Warehouse	The City's Storeroom and Warehouse Division was estab- lished to provide centralized storeroom services.
Utilities Administration	The Division of Utilities Administration was established to provide administrative assistance to the Department of Public Utilities.
Sinking Fund Administration	The Sinking Fund Administration Fund was established to account for the personnel and other operating expendi- tures related to the administration of the Debt Service fund.
Municipal Income Tax Administration	The Municipal Income Tax Administration Fund was es- tablished to account for operating expenditures related to the collection of Municipal Income Tax for Cleveland and other municipalities.
Telephone Exchange	The Division of Telephone Exchange was established to operate the communications system for the City at mini- mal cost.
Radio Communications	The Office of Radio Communications was established to operate the 800MHZ radio communication system.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2001

	S	ormation Systems Services	Motor Vehicle aintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	 City toreroom and farehouse
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 2,794	\$ 1,079	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net				3	27
Accrued interest receivable					
Due from other funds		850	1,825	60	125
Due from other governments			2		
Inventory of supplies			2,345	117	
Fixed assets in service:					
Land			663		
Land improvements			3		
Buildings, structures and improvements			1,605		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		7,226	1,312	600	6
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(7,210)	(2,738)	(470)	(6)
		16	845	130	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	866	\$ 7,811	\$ 1,389	\$ 152
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	29	\$ 704	\$ 46	\$ 31
Due to other funds		360	4,051	778	116
Accrued wages and benefits		301	931	89	4
TOTAL LIABILITIES		690	5,686	913	151
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL AND RETAINED EARNINGS (ACCUMULATED DEFICIT)					
Contributed capital-City of Cleveland and others		258	2,408	301	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)-unreserved		(82)	(283)	175	1
TOTAL FUND EQUITY		176	2,125	476	1
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	866	\$ 7,811	\$ 1,389	\$ 152

	Utilities Adminis-		Sinking Fund Adminis-	Iı	Municipal ncome Tax Adminis-	Т	elephone		Radio Commun-		То	tals	
	tration		tration		tration	E	xchange		ications		2001		2000
\$	1,150	\$	_	\$	1,250	\$	_	\$	230	\$	6,503	\$	8,268
ψ	1,150	Ψ		Ψ	1,230	Ψ		Ψ	250	Ψ	30	Ψ	22
											50		46
			58		398		2,208		150		5,674		4,732
			20		570		2,200		150		2		1,732
											2,462		2,487
											663		663
											3		3
											1,605		1,605
	32						9				9,185		9,368
	(3)						(9)				(10,436)		(10,725)
	29										1,020		914
\$	1,179	\$	58	\$	1,648	\$	2,208	\$	380	\$	15,691	\$	16,469
\$	5	\$	-	\$	311	\$	1,109	\$	75	\$	2,310	\$	2,993
	723		25		688		1,134		300		8,175		2,384
	451		33		649		42		4		2,504		2,623
	1,179		58		1,648		2,285		379		12,989		8,000
											2,967		2,965
							(77)		1		(265)		5,504
							(77)		1		2,702		8,469
\$	1,179	\$	58	\$	1,648	\$	2,208	\$	380	\$	15,691	\$	16,469

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN

#### **RETAINED EARNINGS-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	S	ormation ystems ervices	Motor Vehicle aintenance	Printing and Repro- duction	Sto	City reroom and rehouse
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	2,199	\$ 9,497	\$ 1,379	\$	734
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		2,199	9,497	1,379		734
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operations		2,281	12,557	1,661		725
Maintenance		1	1,751	45		8
Depreciation		2	67	7		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		2,284	14,375	1,713		733
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>		(85)	(4,878)	(334)		1
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Interest income			147	28		
Contributed capital and other contributions				137		
Other revenues (expenses) net		3	84	1		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES		3	231	166		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	\$	(82)	\$ (4,647)	\$ (168)	\$	1
Operating transfers out Operating transfers in						
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(82)	(4,647)	(168)		1
Retained earnings at beginning of year			4,364	343		
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) at end of year	\$	(82)	\$ (283)	\$ 175	\$	1

Utilities Adminis-	Sinking Fund Adminis-	In	Iunicipal come Tax Adminis-	,	Felephone	Radio Commun-	To	otals	
 tration	tration		tration		Exchange	ications	2001		2000
\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$	5,208	\$	4,260	\$ 1,104 \$	27,381	\$	32,073
3,000			5,208		4,260	1,104	27,381		32,073
3,173	453		5,965		4,282	507	31,604		31,058
227					61	951	3,044		3,972
 3							79		70
 3,403	453		5,965		4,343	1,458	34,727		35,100
(403)	(453)		(757)		(83)	(354)	(7,346)		(3,027)
13			757		6		951 137		1,331
11							99		
 24			757		6		1,187		1,331
\$ (379)	\$ (453)	\$	-	\$	(77)	\$ (354) \$	(6,159)	\$	(1,696)
	390						390		1,926
 (379)	(63)				(77)	(354)	(5,769)		230
 379	63					355	5,504		5,274
\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$	(77)	\$ 1 \$	(265)	\$	5,504

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	5	formation Systems Services	,	Motor Vehicle iintenance		Printing and Repro- duction	Sto	City reroom and rehouse
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$	2,954	\$	12,827	\$	1,382	\$	668
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services		(579)		(9,768)		(506)		(704)
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,666)		(5,035)		(524)		(34)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY								
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		709		(1,976)		352		(70)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Advance (Repayment) from/to General Fund		(712)						69
Cash transfer to debt service fund								
Cash received through operating transfers from other funds								
Other non-capital financing activity		3		85		1		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR)								
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(709)		85		1		69
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received on investments				164		28		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY								
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				164		28		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				(1,727)		381		(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year				4,521		698		1
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	-	\$	2,794	\$	1,079	\$	-
Cush and cush equivalents at one of year	Ψ		Ψ	2,791	Ψ	1,079	Ψ	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	\$	(85)	\$	(4,878)	\$	(334)	\$	1
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		. ,		,		. ,		
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation		2		67		7		
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable						(1)		(27)
Due from other funds		739		(625)		5		(112)
Due from other governments				12				
Inventory of supplies				98		(72)		
Accounts payable		15		(501)		(35)		23
Due to other funds		50		3,984		777		47
Due to other governments								
Accrued wages and benefits		(12)		(133)		5		(2)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		794		2,902		686		(71)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY	¢		<i>•</i>		~		<b>.</b>	
(USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 122	,	709	\$	(1,976)	\$	352	\$	(70)
122	-							

	Jtilities dminis-	Fund Adminis-	Income Tax Adminis-		Telephone		Radio Commun-	Total	
t	ration	tration	tration	I	Exchange	j	ications	2001	2000
\$	3,000 (391)	\$ - (394)		)	3,600 (4,256)	\$	1,244 \$ (1,525)	(20,168)	(22,144)
	(2,357)	(69)	(3,921	)	(329)		(41)	(13,976)	(12,267)
	252	(463)	(727	)	(985)		(322)	(3,230)	(1,581)
		24			667			48	1,005
	10	332						332 99	434
	10	356			667			479	1,439
	13		757		6		18	986	1,300
	13		757		6		18	986	1,300
	275	(107)	30		(312)		(304)	(1,765)	1,158
	875	107	1,220		312		534	8,268	7,110
\$	1,150	\$-	\$ 1,250	\$	-	\$	230 \$	6,503 5	8 8,268
\$	(403)	\$ (453)	\$ (757	)\$	(83)	\$	(354) \$	(7,346) \$	\$ (3,027)
	3							79	70
			(194	)	20 (679)		(19)	(202) (691) 12	525 218
	(32)		223					217	(1,307)
	(19)	(9)	(53	)	(245)		(138)	(962)	1,179
	720				10		189	5,777	(85)
	(17)	(1)	54		(8)			(114)	846
	655	(10)			(902)		32	4,116	1,446
\$	252	\$ (463)			(985)	\$	(322) \$		
	-	()	. (	, '	<u> </u>		123	× / / -	<u> </u>

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO AGENCY FUNDS

## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### AGENCY FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR ASSETS RECEIVED AND HELD BY THE CITY ACTING IN THE CAPACITY OF AN AGENT OR CUSTODIAN

Payroll Agency	To account for payroll taxes and other related payroll de- ductions collected for other governmental units or funds.
Municipal Courts	To account for assets received and disbursed by the Mu- nicipal Courts as agent or custodian related to Civil and Criminal Court matters.
Central Collection Agency	To account for the collection of the Municipal Income Tax for the City of Cleveland and any other municipali- ties that employ the Central Collection Agency as their agency.
Other Agencies	To account for miscellaneous assets held by the City for other funds, governmental units or individuals.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-

#### ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	В	alance at eginning of Year	Additions	]	Deductions	Balance at End of Year
PAYROLL AGENCY						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,010	\$ 371,391	\$	372,301	\$ 6,100
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,010	\$ 371,391	\$	372,301	\$ 6,100
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	\$	6,576	\$ 299,601	\$	300,897	\$ 5,280
Sundry liabilities		434	71,790		71,404	820
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,010	\$ 371,391	\$	372,301	\$ 6,100
MUNICIPAL COURTS						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,329	\$ 57,731	\$	60,705	\$ 5,355
Accrued interest TOTAL ASSETS	¢	24	\$ 2	\$	24	\$ 5 257
IOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,353	\$ 57,733	ф	60,729	\$ 5,357
LIABILITIES						
Due to other funds	\$	4,248	\$ 20,197	\$	23,819	\$ 626
Sundry liabilities		4,105	37,536		36,910	4,731
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,353	\$ 57,733	\$	60,729	\$ 5,357
CENTRAL COLLECTION AGENCY						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,415	\$ 430,352	\$	436,927	\$ 12,840
Taxes receivable		17,502	31,127		17,502	31,127
Due from other funds		-	286		-	286
Due from other governments		284	313		284	313
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,201	\$ 462,078	\$	454,713	\$ 44,566
LIABILITIES						
Due to other funds	\$	11,687	\$ 301,133	\$	309,444	\$ 3,376
Due to other governments		25,514	160,945		145,269	41,190
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	37,201	\$ 462,078	\$	454,713	\$ 44,566

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-

#### ALL AGENCY FUNDS-Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	В	alance at eginning of Year		Additions	I	Deductions	]	Balance at End of Year
OTHER AGENCIES								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,313	\$	9,918	\$	12,433	\$	9,798
Due from other funds	\$	-	\$	11	\$	-	\$	11
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	12,313	\$	9,929	\$	12,433	\$	9,809
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governments	\$	5,062	\$	8,647	\$	10,984	\$	2,725
Sundry liabilities	Ψ	7,251	Ψ	1,282	Ψ	1,449	Ψ	7,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	12,313	\$	9,929	\$	12,433	\$	9,809
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,067	\$	869,392	\$	882,366	\$	34,093
Taxes receivable	Ŷ	17,502	Ψ	31,127	Ŷ	17,502	Ψ	31,127
Accrued interest		24		2		24		2
Due from other funds		-		297		-		297
Due from other governments		284		313		284		313
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	64,877	\$	901,131	\$	900,176	\$	65,832
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	15,935	\$	321,330	\$	333,263	\$	4,002
Due to other governments	Ψ	37,152	Ψ	469,193	Ψ	457,150	Ψ	49,195
Sundry liabilities		11,790		110,608		109,763		12,635
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	64,877	\$	901,131	\$	900,176	\$	65,832

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP

THIS ACCOUNT GROUP IS USED TO PRESENT THE GENERAL FIXED ASSETS OF THE CITY UTILIZED IN ITS GENERAL OPERATIONS, EXCLUSIVE OF THOSE USED IN ENTERPRISE AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS INCLUDE LAND, BUILDINGS, BETTERMENTS AND EQUIPMENT OWNED BY THE CITY AND THE CITY'S INVESTMENT IN THE JUSTICE CENTER BUILDING

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCES

December 31, 2001

General Fixed Assets: Land Land improvements Buildings, structures and improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment Construction in progress	\$ 37,240 55,226 508,163 94,624 47,337
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 742,590
<b>Investment in General Fixed Assets:</b> General obligation bonds	\$ 263,753
General Fund and other revenues	322,231
Special Revenue Fund revenues:	74.006
Restricted income taxes Federal grants	74,236 46,050
Certificates of participation	26,385
Gifts TOTAL INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	9,935 \$ 742,590

## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

December 31, 2001

	Total	Land	Land Improvements	Str	Buildings, uctures and provements	Capitalized Leased Equipment	Fix	urniture, tures and quipment
General Government:			1			1 1		
General government	\$ 297,338	\$ 208		\$	288,628	\$ 8	\$	8,494
City Hall	20,476				20,476			,
Justice Center	29,725				29,306	150		269
Charles V. Carr Municipal Center	22,102	2,540			19,562			
TOTAL GENERAL								
GOVERNMENT	369,641	2,748	-		357,972	158		8,763
Public Service:								
Waste collection	24,229	1,057			8,138	7,227		7,807
Engineering and construction	3,208					60		3,148
Streets	21,731	258	138		12,922	2,854		5,559
Other	1,950				1,317			633
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE	51,118	1,315	138		22,377	10,141		17,147
Public Health:								
Correction	7,216	135			6,638	78		365
Health and environment	10,893	1,116	56		8,980	53		688
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	18,109	1,251	56		15,618	131		1,053
Public Safety:								
Police	64,209	4,560	316		33,654	5,548		20,131
Fire	43,525	1,619			22,593	12,874		6,439
Emergency medical service	4,500				125	669		3,706
Traffic engineering	1,603				155	228		1,220
Dog pound	717				630	31		56
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	114,554	6,179	316		57,157	19,350		31,552
Parks, Recreation and Properties								
Park maintenance and properties	59,825	23,170	25,332		8,237	674		2,412
Research, planning and development	3,699		3,383		164			152
Recreation	71,949	920	24,540		45,054	27		1,408
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES	135,473	24,090	53,255		53,455	701		3,972
Community Development:								
Community development	5,228	1,657	1,331		584	71		1,585
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	5,228	1,657	1,331		584	71		1,585
Economic Development:								
Economic development	1,130		130		1,000			-
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	1,130	_	130		1,000	_		-
TOTAL BY FUNCTION Construction in progress	695,253 47,337	37,240	55,226 11,458		508,163 35,879	30,552		64,072
	11,551		11,100		55,017			
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 742,590	\$ 37,240	\$ 66,684	\$	544,042	\$ 30,552	\$	64,072

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Balance anuary 1, 2001	A	dditions	De	eductions	Т	`ransfers	Balance cember 31, 2001
General Government:								
General government	\$ 298,588	\$	276	\$	(3,479)	\$	1,953	\$ 297,338
City Hall	20,476							20,476
Justice Center	29,725							29,725
Charles V. Carr Municipal Center	 22,102							22,102
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 370,891	\$	276	\$	(3,479)	\$	1,953	\$ 369,641
Public Service:								
Waste collection	21,936		2,575		(300)		18	24,229
Engineering and construction	2,934		232		(38)		80	3,208
Streets	19,774		1,979		(453)		431	21,731
Other	3,663		-		(52)		(1,661)	1,950
TOTAL PUBLIC SERVICE	 48,307		4,786		(843)		(1,132)	51,118
Public Health:								
Correction	7,190		58		(46)		14	7,216
Health and environment	10,671		-		-		222	10,893
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH	17,861		58		(46)		236	18,109
Public Safety:								
Police	58,188		7,642		(1,658)		37	64,209
Fire	41,948		1,685		(1,147)		1,039	43,525
Emergency medical service	4,107		710		(196)		(121)	4,500
Traffic engineering	2,238		360		(1,148)		153	1,603
Dog pound	717		200		-		100	717
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	 107,198		10,397		(4,149)		1,108	114,554
Parks, Recreation and Properties								
Park maintenance and properties	58,046		628		(473)		1,624	59,825
Research, planning and development	3,897		92		(27)		(263)	3,699
Recreation	71,334		252		(37)		400	71,949
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND PROPERTIES	 133,277		972		(537)		1,761	135,473
AND PROPERTIES	155,277		912		(337)		1,701	155,475
Community Development: Community development	4,929		86		(388)		601	5,228
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	 4,929		86		(388)		601	
IOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	4,929		80		(388)		001	5,228
Economic Development:	100						050	1 1 2 0
Economic development	 180				-		950	1,130
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	180		-		-		950	1,130
Construction in progress	 36,909		15,856				(5,428)	47,337
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$ 719,552	\$	32,431	\$	(9,442)	\$	49	\$ 742,590

# STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION-(BUDGET BASIS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Amounts in 000's)

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
REVENUES										
Income taxes	\$184,805	\$191,005	\$196,309	\$209,154	\$215,876	\$222,745	\$230,863 \$	245,844 \$	268,786 \$	262,721
Property taxes	40,423	39,309	38,722	40,145	40,844	40,844	43,026	45,964	45,131	47,842
State local government fund	37,570	40,107	43,431	46,407	48,689	50,762	54,255	56,923	59,488	59,265
Other shared revenues	8,454	9,862	10,147	17,879	24,820	26,122	26,581	31,187	32,871	31,590
Licenses and permits	5,981	5,733	6,488	6,964	8,403	8,886	10,303	8,731	9,339	8,887
Charges for services	11,440	14,394	15,038	12,160	13,191	13,570	14,975	13,671	16,177	16,030
Fines and forfeits	13,745	13,947	13,890	13,360	14,422	15,375	15,914	16,611	17,843	16,768
Investment earnings	1,121	1,006	1,106	2,060	1,384	2,159	4,241	4,435	2,526	1,604
Miscellaneous	19,380	21,539	20,653	16,901	19,475	17,315	9,508	8,759	24,447	29,735
	\$322,919	\$336,902	\$345,784	\$365,030	\$387,104	\$397,778	\$409,666	\$432,125	\$476,608	\$474,442
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES										
General Government	\$35,856	\$36,643	\$37,445	\$39,189	\$41,623	\$42,352	\$45,902	\$49,837	\$55,922	\$54,786
Public Service	31,362	30,798	29,435	30,357	29,537	30,208	30,669	31,222	33,580	33,550
Public Safety	194,675	200,874	207,541	217,825	225,669	234,064	240,717	252,723	261,480	272,436
Community Development	7,164	6,366	6,040	6,461	5,920	5,943	6,461	6,581	12,583	16,655
Public Health	10,604	10,421	10,545	10,261	10,037	10,274	10,418	11,984	12,465	11,884
Parks, Recreation and Properties	28,098	29,310	30,126	31,121	33,263	34,952	34,385	36,150	37,574	39,131
Economic Development	443	932	1,026	1,017	1,103	1,039	1,067	1,128	1,014	1,098
Other	9,784	12,580	11,876	12,843	14,071	14,575	14,963	16,553	16,742	16,882
Operating Transfers Out	5,282	9,253	12,125	16,392	26,208	24,776	23,650	24,778	39,465	41,680
	\$ 323,268	\$ 337,177	\$ 346,159	\$ 365,466	\$ 387,431	\$ 398,183	\$ 408,232	\$ 430,956	\$ 470,825	\$ 488,102

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND OTHER USES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Amounts in 000's)

	1992	1993	1994	1995
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Income taxes	\$211,417	\$217,082	\$222,651	\$237,081
Property taxes	61,367	58,994	60,949	62,630
State local government fund	37,569	40,515	43,634	52,625
Other shared revenues	19,392	20,644	22,339	29,098
Licenses and permits	6,519	6,096	6,924	7,466
Charges for services	14,492	14,832	15,682	13,056
Fines and forfeits	13,839	13,856	13,726	13,402
Investment earnings	6,276	5,898	6,731	10,276
Grants	67,612	76,864	81,507	97,841
Assessments and contributions	116	122	156	152
Cleveland Public Power repayment	0	4,370	35,609	0
Workers compensation settlement and refunds	0	249	303	916
Enterprise reimbursements	6,157	6,038	4,161	2,878
Miscellaneous	25,610	30,442	25,567	25,552
Operating transfers in	21,001	20,553	53,613	28,769
Resources from capitalized leases	2,363	0	0	3,891
Proceeds from sale of bonds-net	35,380	136,456	139,708	0
Proceeds from sale of certificates of participation	17,125	0	19,790	19,171
1 1	\$546,235	\$653,011	\$753,050	\$604,804
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES Current:				
General government	\$39,047	\$36,291	\$38,061	\$39,901
Public service	50,610	54,357	49,959	50,619
Public safety	199,584	205,801	210,118	223,488
Human resources	10,380	7,726	6,724	8,919
Community development	39,768	45,511	50,065	58,502
Public health	15,901	17,516	20,201	20,981
Maintenance, parks and recreation	28,515	29,931	31,409	32,889
Economic development	8,206	4,944	7,668	13,242
Other	9,107	12,164	10,227	14,523
Rebatable arbitrage	0	(131)	0	0
Capital outlay	49,273	88,960	81,622	63,457
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	15,810	16,972	112,119	18,824
Interest	17,694	16,820	22,616	26,439
Enterprise debt service	6,178	5,199	4,577	2,810
Operating transfers out	20,560	20,723	53,226	30,455
Payments to refund notes, bonds and				
certificates of participation	10,156	99,858	0	19,171
	\$520,789	\$662,642	\$698,592	\$624,220

Note: Includes all Governemental Fund Types

1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
\$243,213	\$255,925	\$272,309	\$285,947	\$291,514	\$277,687
63,968	64,354	66,662	70,937	66,642	71,610
50,865	50,217	53,998	59,413	60,015	59,252
34,590	37,561	37,393	43,121	43,626	43,341
8,714	9,252	10,574	9,099	9,255	8,967
13,744	16,326	16,648	17,850	18,370	18,798
14,771	15,572	14,766	19,070	20,990	13,096
9,963	10,492	23,890	14,621	14,327	10,425
90,412	92,276	100,255	107,455	83,334	106,965
120	168	115	0	84	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
2,095	0	0	0	0	0
1,342	116	0	0	0	0
38,374	36,064	66,890	109,565	54,495	54,249
47,568	41,580	42,673	66,270	57,049	69,156
0	0	0	0	0	0
58,491	214,166	48,736	35,778	26,335	4,060
0	0	0	20,000	0	0
\$678,230	\$844,069	\$754,909	\$859,126	\$746,036	\$737,606
\$44,268	\$44,568	\$54,789	\$63,476	\$69,397	\$74,752
50,246	47,975	53,898	52,792	63,698	50,209
227,572	236,426	241,632	249,160	279,540	273,951
9,494	9,549	9,920	7,520	8,471	13,425
57,509	56,754	52,178	50,750	53,125	82,194
22,560	22,343	19,814	21,071	21,852	19,796
34,528	36,858	42,645	41,738	39,941	39,951
22,285	18,439	13,368	18,754	16,071	41,466
12,980	19,546	14,876	15,031	19,425	16,373
0	0	0	0	0	0
42,314	81,222	184,528	133,490	51,586	74,329
21,935	25,003	26,511	48,442	30,646	31,463
23,444	26,488	30,293	29,304	28,825	28,312
2,602	352	0	0	0	0
48,497	40,981	42,074	67,679	57,823	68,346
16,644	47,665	24,823	0	0	0
\$636,878	\$714,169	\$811,349	\$799,207	\$740,400	\$814,567

CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS-REAL, UTILITY AND TANGIBLE TAXES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Current Levy	Delinquent Levy (1)	Total Levy	Current Collection	Current Levy Collected	Delinquent Collection	Total Collections	Total Collections As Percent of Current Levy	Cumulative Delinquencies
1991/1992	61,331,722	10,980,125	72,311,847	56,886,685	92.8%	2,632,169	59,518,854	97.0%	10,200,350
1992/1993	60,086,819	11,399,652	71,486,471	55,724,076	92.7%	2,164,940	57,889,016	96.3%	12,217,231
1993/1994	61,438,787	12,569,653	74,008,440	56,476,156	91.9%	2,421,817	58,897,973	95.9%	10,772,864
1994/1995	63,537,979	11,399,864	74,937,843	58,758,206	92.5%	2,403,005	61,161,211	96.3%	10,975,479
1995/1996	64,041,017	12,339,642	76,380,659	59,133,403	92.3%	2,850,250	61,983,653	96.8%	12,752,255
1996/1997	65,060,514	14,986,362	80,046,876	59,733,751	91.8%	3,023,595	62,757,346	96.5%	14,222,919
1997/1998	68,518,965	13,796,053	82,315,018	62,883,792	91.8%	2,785,155	65,668,947	95.8%	14,128,110
1998/1999	69,516,994	14,138,999	83,655,993	63,427,067	91.2%	4,219,704	67,646,771	97.3%	13,869,371
1999/2000	69,830,697	14,601,538	84,432,235	62,471,564	89.5%	4,214,775	66,686,339	95.5%	16,484,006
2000/2001	76,121,582	17,631,916	93,753,498	66,447,200	87.3%	4,253,228	70,700,428	92.9%	21,498,001

(1) Levy includes adjustments, abatements, additions and penalties against current delinquent levy.

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **OF TAXABLE PROPERTY** 

				(Amount	(Amounts in 000's)				
	Real Property (1)	perty (1)	Personal Property (2)	operty (2)	Public Utilities (3)	lities (3)	Total	lal	
Tax Year/ Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Total Estimated Actual Value
1991/1992	3,580,628	10,230,366	905,638	3,483,223	518,619	1,037,238	5,004,885	14,750,827	33.9%
1992/1993	3,510,905	10,031,157	868,719	3,474,876	519,073	1,038,146	4,898,697	14,544,179	33.7%
1993/1994	3,526,652	10,076,150	862,181	3,448,724	503,658	572,338	4,892,491	14,097,212	34.7%
1994/1995	3,666,719	10,476,340	816,921	3,267,684	517,663	588,253	5,001,303	14,332,277	34.9%
1995/1996	3,700,852	10,573,863	820,959	3,283,836	484,244	550,277	5,006,055	14,407,976	34.7%
1996/1997	3,767,013	10,762,894	856,832	3,427,327	476,677	541,678	5,100,522	14,731,899	34.6%
1997/1998	4,015,815	11,473,757	885,245	3,540,980	474,182	538,843	5,375,242	15,553,580	34.6%
1998/1999	4,085,338	11,672,394	913,154	3,652,616	478,752	544,036	5,477,244	15,869,046	34.5%
1999/2000	4,100,737	11,716,391	952,829	3,811,316	444,315	504,903	5,497,881	16,032,610	34.3%
2000/2001 Source: Cuyał	2000/2001 4,618,340 13,195,257 Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office	13,195,257 uditor's Office	988,532	3,954,128	451,775	513,380	6,058,647	17,662,765	34.3%
(1) The accece	ed valuation lev	(1) The assessed valuation level for real momenty in Cuvahooa County is 35% of market value excent for certain acricultural land and mublic utility momenty	tv in Cuvahooa	County is 35% c	of market value e	wrent for rertain	aoricultural lan	d and nublic ut	ility property

(1) The assessed valuation level for real property in Cuyahoga County is 35% of market value, except for certain agricultural land and public utility property.

transmission and distribution property of an electric company remains at 88% of true value, but all other taxable property of the electric company is true value, while all of its other taxable property was assessed at 88% of true value. Current legislation provides the assessment rate for the taxable (2) The percentage used to determine taxable value of personal property and inventory was 25%. (3) Electric deregulation took place January 1, 2001. Under prior law, an electric company's taxable production equipment was assessed at 100% of now assessed at 25% of true value.

## AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAX RATES

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)

_	City of Cleveland				_			
Tax Year/ Collection Year	General Fund	Bond Retirement	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Total City Rate	County	Library & School	Total
1991/1992	7.75	3.95	0.30	0.30	12.30	16.80	51.90	81.00
1992/1993	7.75	3.95	0.30	0.30	12.30	16.80	52.70	81.80
1993/1994	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.80	51.40	80.90
1994/1995	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.80	51.10	80.60
1995/1996	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	51.10	80.40
1996/1997	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	64.00	93.30
1997/1998	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.60	64.00	93.30
1998/1999	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	15.30	65.00	93.00
1999/2000	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	15.30	64.80	92.80
2000/2001	7.75	4.35	0.30	0.30	12.70	16.20	64.60	93.50

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office

#### RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population(1)	Assessed Value (2) (Amounts in 000's)	Gross General Bonded Debt (3)	Less Balance in Debt Service Fund (4)	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1992	505,616	\$ 5,004,885	\$ 251,060,000	\$ 9,447,394	\$ 241,612,606	4.83%	\$477.86
1993	505,616	4,898,697	272,380,000	9,397,000	262,983,000	5.37%	520.12
1994	505,616	4,892,491	296,800,000	9,157,000	287,643,000	5.88%	568.90
1995	505,616	5,001,303	280,650,000	9,729,000	270,921,000	5.42%	535.82
1996	505,616	5,006,055	291,665,000	8,460,000	283,205,000	5.66%	560.12
1997	505,616	5,100,522	299,100,000	5,408,000	293,692,000	5.76%	580.86
1998	505,616	5,375,242	306,165,000	6,083,000	300,082,000	5.58%	593.50
1999	505,616	5,477,243	312,225,000	7,575,000	304,650,000	5.56%	602.53
2000	478,403	5,497,881	316,950,000	6,580,000	310,370,000	5.65%	648.76
2001	478,403	6,058,647	293,380,000	772,000	292,608,000	4.83%	611.63

(1) Bureau of Census.

(2) Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. Values listed for year of collection.

(3) General Obligation Debt Outstanding December 31.

(4) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Bond Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

## COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (1)

#### December 31, 2001

Total of all City Debt Outstanding Debt Exempt From Direct Debt Limitation:		\$ 2,416,503,000
Tax Supporting:		
Tax Supporting Issues after 1980	\$ 291,210,000	
Self-Supporting:	\$ 291,210,000	
Revenue Bonds and Notes	2,018,731,000	
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans Urban Renewal Bonds and Notes	13,117,000	
	13,075,000	
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds	68,200,000	
Non-tax Revenue Bonds	10,000,000	<b>a 111 aaa</b> aaa
Total Exempt Debt		2,414,333,000
Net Indebtedness (Voted and Unvoted) Subject to 10.50% Debt Limitation		2,170,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund		772,000
Net Indebtedness Subject to 10.50% Limitation		\$ 1,398,000
Net Indebtedness (Unvoted) Subject to 5.50% Legal Debt Limitation		\$ 2,170,000
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund		772,000
Net Indebtedness Subject to 5.50% Limitation		\$1,398,000
Assessed Valuation of City (2000 for 2001 Collection)		\$ 6,058,647,000
10.50% of Valuation (Maximum Voted and Unvoted General Obligation Debt A	Allowed)	\$ 636,157,935
Net Indebtedness Subject to 10.50% Debt Limitation	Allowed)	1,398,000
-		
Legal 10.50% Margin		\$ 634,759,935
5.50% of Valuation (Maximum Unvoted Non-exempt General Obligation Debt	Allowed)	\$ 333,225,585
Net Indebtedness Subject to 5.50% Debt Limitation		1,398,000
Legal 5.50% Margin		\$ 331,827,585
Logu 5.5670 mulgin		φ 551,627,505

(1) Computation of Legal Debt Margin based on Section 133, the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

December 31, 2001

	Gross Debt	Debt Service Fund	Net Debt	Percent Applicable (1)	City's Share			
City of Cleveland	\$ 293,380,000	\$ 772,000	(2) \$ 292,608,000	100.00%	\$ 292,608,000			
Cleveland School District (3)	110,050,000	24,736,000	85,314,000	97.92%	83,539,469			
Shaker Heights School District (3)	16,999,223	686,346	16,312,877	0.92%	150,078			
Berea School District (3)	11,715,000	739,871	10,975,129	1.16%	127,311			
Cuyahoga County (3)	216,544,636	371,048	216,173,588	21.01%	45,418,071			
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVI	TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT							

- (1) Percent applicable column is calculated using current assessed valuation of the City area overlapping the applicable taxing district divided by total current assessed valuation of that taxing district.
- (2) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Bond Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

(3) Cuyahoga County Budget Commission

#### SCHEDULE OF DIRECT DEBT (1)

#### December 31, 2001

#### DIRECT DEBT

Long-Term Debt:			
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:			
Various Purpose		\$ 293,380,000	
Revenue Bonds:			
Airport		930,851,000	
Waterworks		693,160,000	
Public Power System Improvement		274,250,000	
Parking Facilities		75,520,000	
Urban Renewal Bonds and Notes		13,075,000	
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds		68,200,000	
Non-tax Revenue Bonds		10,000,000	
Ohio Water Development Authority Loans		13,117,000	
Total Long-Term Debt			\$ 2,371,553,000
Short Term Debt - Airport Surplus Revenue Notes			44,950,000
Gross Direct Debt			2,416,503,000
Deduct:			
General Obligation Debt Service Fund		772,000 (2	2)
Exempt Tax-Supporting General Obligations:			
General Obligation Bonds Issued after 1980		291,210,000	
Revenue Bonds:			
Airport	930,851,000		
Waterworks Improvement	693,160,000		
Public Power System Improvement	274,250,000		
Parking Facilities	75,520,000		
Total Revenue Bonds		1,973,781,000	
Urban Renewal Bonds and Notes		13,075,000	
Subordinated Income Tax Refunding Bonds		68,200,000	
Non-tax Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes		10,000,000	
Short Term Debt - Airport Surplus Revenue Notes		44,950,000	
Total Deductions			2,401,988,000
Net Direct Debt			\$ 14,515,000

(1) Statement of Direct Debt is based on Section 133 of the Uniform Bond Act of the Ohio Revised Code.

(2) Balance in Debt Service Fund excludes the balance in the Stadium Bond Fund, Urban Renewal Fund, Urban Renewal Reserve Fund, Subordinated Income Tax Fund and Subordinated Income Tax Reserve Fund.

## RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR GENERAL BONDED

## DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES-(BUDGET BASIS)

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Debt Service on General Tax Supported Debt	Debt Service on Self-Supporting Debt	General Fund Expenditures (1)	Ratio of Tax Supported Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures	Ratio of Self-Supporting Debt Service to General Fund Expenditures
1992	33,504,835	6,177,438	323,268,000	10.36%	1.91%
1993	32,204,093	5,198,337	337,177,000	9.55%	1.54%
1994	33,182,285	4,576,925	346,159,000	9.59%	1.32%
1995	33,960,155	2,810,246	366,659,000	9.26%	0.77%
1996	34,890,298	2,601,657	387,431,000	9.01%	0.67%
1997	35,157,587	352,168	398,183,000	8.83%	0.09%
1998	35,603,010	0	408,232,000	8.72%	0.00%
1999	36,590,983	0	430,956,000	8.49%	0.00%
2000	38,584,776	0	470,825,000	8.20%	0.00%
2001	39,958,441	0	488,102,000	8.19%	0.00%

(1) Expenditures and other financing uses based on budget basis accounting.

#### **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-AIRPORT BONDS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Direct Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1992	\$ 43,872,000	\$ 27,236,000	\$ 16,636,000	\$ 10,168,562	1.64
1993	44,398,000	28,098,000	16,300,000	10,057,216	1.62
1994	54,875,000	28,610,000	26,265,000	10,028,565	2.62
1995	56,876,000	29,992,000	26,884,000	15,626,785	1.72
1996	61,778,000	34,050,000	27,728,000	16,771,815	1.65
1997	56,335,000	31,864,000	24,471,000	16,411,660	1.49
1998	68,259,000	34,263,000	33,996,000	19,133,000	1.78
1999	77,943,000	40,252,000	37,691,000	27,127,792	1.39
2000	90,205,000	47,381,000	42,824,000	32,431,700	1.32
2001	103,498,000	56,795,000	46,703,000	32,534,400	1.44

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income. Beginning in 2001, a minimum of 40% of passenger facility charges (PFC), revenue is also dedicated to the payment of debt service charges and is included in gross revenues.

(2) Direct operating expenses are calculated in accordance with bond indenture.

(3) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds, but exclude such amounts of principal and interest for which sufficient monies have been irrevocably deposited with the trustee.

## **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-WATER BONDS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	DirectNet RevenueOperatingAvailable forExpenses (2)Debt Service		Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1992	\$ 133,180,000	\$ 89,673,000	\$ 43,507,000	\$ 25,932,187	1.68
1993	146,739,000	88,562,000	58,177,000	41,492,806	1.40
1994	158,282,000	93,326,000	64,956,000	38,917,184	1.67
1995	165,654,000	96,719,000	68,935,000	42,606,553	1.62
1996	176,968,000	100,882,000	76,086,000	43,107,346	1.77
1997	187,151,000	100,286,000	86,865,000	50,927,000	1.71
1998	204,021,000	102,462,000	101,559,000	49,796,000	2.04
1999	213,777,000	99,700,000	114,077,000	57,666,000	1.98
2000	225,060,000	109,159,000	115,901,000	59,131,675	1.96
2001	229,827,000	116,841,000	112,986,000	52,998,449	2.13

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

(2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

(3) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

### **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-PUBLIC POWER SYSTEM BONDS**

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Direct Net Revenue Operating Available for (1) Expenses (2) Debt Service		Annual Debt Service Requirement (3)	Coverage
1992	\$ 60,426,000	\$ 48,294,000	\$ 12,132,000	\$ 5,632,570	2.15
1993	67,788,000	54,128,000	13,660,000	5,912,677	2.31
1994	79,696,000	62,330,000	17,366,000	5,901,327	2.94
1995	92,073,000	71,315,000	20,758,000	17,471,701	1.19
1996	99,881,000	68,566,000	31,315,000	17,033,000	1.84
1997	111,663,000	77,015,000	34,648,000	20,561,000	1.69
1998	121,896,000	87,658,000	34,238,000	20,797,000	1.65
1999	132,651,000	99,436,000	33,215,000	19,240,000	1.73
2000	137,407,000	104,889,000	32,518,000	19,445,000	1.67
2001	134,632,000	97,834,000	36,798,000	18,045,161	2.04

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

(2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

(3) Annual debt service requirements include principal and interest of both self-supported revenue and self-supported general obligation bonds.

## **REVENUE BOND COVERAGE-SEWER AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL BONDS**

 Year	Gross Revenues (1)		DirectNet RevenueOperatingAvailable forExpenses (2)Debt Service		vailable for	Annual Debt Service Requirement		Coverage	
1992	\$	15,487,000	\$	9,883,000	\$	5,604,000	\$	4,044,932	1.39
1993		16,120,000		10,672,000		5,448,000		3,634,158	1.50
1994		17,112,000		11,282,000		5,830,000		3,068,983	1.90
1995		16,844,000		11,071,000		5,773,000		2,251,648	2.56
1996		17,556,000		11,998,000		5,558,000		2,087,048	2.66
1997		18,423,000		13,303,000		5,120,000		906,000	5.65
1998		19,835,000		12,735,000		7,100,000		1,109,000	6.40
1999		20,087,000		12,931,000		7,156,000		850,000	8.42
2000		20,452,000		13,529,000		6,923,000		749,000	9.24
2001		20,576,000		13,727,000		6,849,000		846,000	8.10

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(1) Gross revenues include operating revenues plus interest income.

(2) Direct operating expenses include operating expenses less depreciation.

## PROPERTY VALUES, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS

Year	Total Estimated Actual Value (1) (Amounts in 000's)	Bank Deposits at December 31 (2) (Amounts in 000's)	Building Permits Issued (3)
1992	14,750,827	19,379,280	5,355
1993	14,544,179	21,009,421	5,957
1994	14,097,212	20,885,453	6,666
1995	14,332,277	22,458,573	6,850
1996	14,407,976	27,068,211	8,077
1997	14,731,899	53,941,971	9,728
1998	15,553,580	58,904,596	9,216
1999	15,869,046	57,816,942	8,882
2000	16,032,610	61,943,764	9,194
2001	17,662,765	63,893,769	9,853

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(1) Estimated actual value for real, personal and public utilities-Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. Value listed for year of collection.

(2) United States Commercial Bank Deposits - Cuyahoga County

(3) Building permits issued-Division of Building and Housing, City of Cleveland.

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

#### December 31, 2001

The largest property taxpayers with respect to property located in the City, based on assessed valuation of property for the 2001 tax collection year, are as follows:

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business		Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Assessed Valuation by Category
Real Property				
City of Cleveland, Ohio	Government	\$	98,621,290	2.14%
ZML - Cleveland Public Square LLC	Commercial Real Estate Holdings	+	56,305,130	1.22%
NPW LTD Partnership	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		36,610,000	0.79%
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Hospital System		33,157,070	0.72%
BRE/City Center LLC	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		33,051,760	0.72%
LTV Steel Co. Inc.	Steel Manufacturing and Processing		32,987,400	0.71%
GSA	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		31,034,190	0.67%
600 Superior Lace	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		25,970,770	0.56%
CG Erieview	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		25,202,210	0.55%
Bishop James Hickey	Commercial Real Estate Holdings		22,353,030	0.48%
· ·	FOTAL	\$	395,292,850	8.56%
Total Assesse	ed Valuation-Real (1)	\$	4,618,340,000	76.23%
Tangible Personal Property (other th	an Public Utilities)			
The LTV Corporation	Steel Manufacturing and Processing	\$	87,013,300	8.80%
B.F. Goodrich Company	Automotive Products	Ψ	12,501,000	1.26%
Cablevision	Mass Media		11,694,110	1.18%
PPG Ohio, Incorporated	Automotive Finishes, Coatings & Resins		10,789,390	1.09%
TRW, Incorporated	Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories		10,748,560	1.09%
ICG Equipment, Inc.	Telephone		8,878,400	0.90%
Cargill, Incorporated	Salt Mining		8,870,060	0.90%
Sherwin Williams Co.	Paint Products		8,510,330	0.86%
IBM Credit Corporation	Real Estate Agents & Managers		8,429,230	0.85%
Midland Steel Products	Steel Manufacturing and Processing		7,549,880	0.76%
r	FOTAL	\$	174,984,260	17.70%
Total Assessed Val	uation-Tangible Personal	\$	988,532,000	16.32%
Public Utilities (Real and Tangible P	ersonal Property)			
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Electric	\$	167,903,820	37.17%
Ameritech	Telephone		110,353,100	24.43%
American Transmission System	Electric		25,938,450	5.74%
Dominion East Ohio	Natural Gas		15,604,100	3.45%
r	ГОТАL	\$	319,799,470	70.79%
Total Assessed V	aluation-Public Utilities	\$	451,775,000	7.46%
Total Assessed V	\$	6,058,647,000	100.00%	

Source: Cuyahoga County Auditor's Office. (1) Includes Public Utilities Real Property.

## SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

### December 31, 20001

Type of Coverage / Name of Carrier	Policy Number	Policy Period	Annual Premium
AIRPORTS: 1) COMPREHENSIVE GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE - A) Great American Insurance Co. Primary Airport General Liability Insurance	PR174701	10/10/01-10/10/02	\$120,335
<ul> <li>B) Underwriters at Lloyd's of London</li> <li>Excess Airport Liability Insurance</li> </ul>	JDDNX09803501	10/10/01-10/10/02	\$105,000
2) PROPERTY DAMAGE AND EARNINGS INSURANCE - A) Factory Mutual Insurance Co.	NB348	02/06/98-02/06/03	\$116,003
<ul><li>3) VEHICLE LIABILITY INSURANCE:</li><li>A) St. Paul Mercury Insurance Co.</li></ul>	GP03400045	07/03/01-07/03/02	\$ 52,693
CLEVELAND PUBLIC POWER: 1) PROPERTY COVERAGE: A) Lloyd's of London Property Insurance Coverage	PL047001	08/29/01-08/29/02	\$ 134,746
B) Lloyd's of London Boiler and Machinery Coverage	PL047001	08/29/01-08/28/02	(included above)

#### **Details of Coverage**

#### Liability Limit

Bodily injury and property damage including airport operations hazard, products-completed operations hazard, contractual hazard, non-owned aircraft hazard, liquor liability hazard and hangarkeepers liability.

Excess liability coverage

Property damage, gross earnings, demolition, and increased cost of construction

Earthquake and flood

Debris removal (greater of)

Extra expense, service interruption bodily injury, EDP-media, property damage/bodily injury (automatic coverage or errors and omissions), transit and expediting expense

Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation and use of all owned, non-owned, leased and/or hired vehicles.

Blanket real and personal property special form coverage for insured perils; newly acquired location; fire brigade charges and extinguishing services.

#### Pollutant removal

Comprehensive coverage including production machinery (including breakdown )

Water damage Expediting expenses Hazardous substance Ammonia contamination \$20 million annual aggregate. Self-insured retention of \$100,000.

\$180 million annual aggregate, excess to \$50 million primary coverage.

#### \$391,084,000.

\$100 million annual aggregate.

25% of value or \$5 million.

\$1 million with deductibles of \$100,000 per occurrence and \$500,000 annual aggregate.

\$1 million per occurrence \$1,000 deductible per accident with annual aggregate deductible of \$10,000. Uninsured Motorist \$50,000 per vehicle

\$43,042,755 per occurrence/location;250,000 deductible for turbines;\$100,000 deductible for one location;\$5,000 deductible for four locations.

\$100,000 per occurrence.

\$20,000,000 per accident;
\$250,000 deductible for turbines/generators.
\$25,000 per occurrence.
20,000 KVA or larger,
\$10,000 per occurrence for transformer under 20,000 KVA.

\$100,000 per accident \$100,000 per accident \$100,000 per accident \$100,000 per accident

## SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE - Continued

#### December 31, 2001

Type of Coverage/ Name of Carrier	Policy Number	Policy Period	Annual Premium
NEW CLEVELAND BROWNS' STADIUM CONSTRU	CTION:		
Pinkney Perry Insurance Agency (Zurich Global)			
General liability coverage	ERP3589292	04/23/01-04/23/02	\$102,060

#### **Details of Coverage**

#### Liability Limit

Commercial General Liability Coverage, wrap program; products/completed operations coverage; personal & advertising injury coverage

Fire damage Medical expense Builders' risk property coverage Earthquake coverage, Flood coverage \$30,000,000 per occurrence.\$30,000,000 aggregate.\$10,000 deductible per occurrence.\$100,000 aggregate deductible.

\$50,000 any one fire. \$5,000 any one person. \$280,000,000 limit, \$25,000 deductible. \$5,000,000 limit, \$100,000 deductible.

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**

#### December 31, 2001

The population of the City, the County, the PMSA and the State for each decade from 1950 to 2000 (U.S. Bureau of the Census) is as follows:

	Population					
Year	City	County	PMSA	State		
1950	914,808	1,389,532	1,532,574	7,946,627		
1960	876,050	1,647,895	1,909,483	9,706,397		
1970	750,903	1,721,300	2,063,729	10,652,017		
1980	573,822	1,498,400	1,898,825	10,797,630		
1990	505,616	1,412,140	1,831,122	10,847,115		
2000	478,403	1,393,978	2,250,871	11,353,140		

#### AGE DISTRIBUTION (1), (2)

AGE DISTRIBUTION (1), (2)	2000					
	Ma	ales	Females			
Age	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage		
Under 5 Years	19,686	8.7%	18,908	7.5%		
5-9 yrs	21,094	9.3%	20,614	8.2%		
10-14 yrs	18,767	8.3%	18,032	7.2%		
15-19 yrs	16,316	7.2%	16,179	6.4%		
20-24 yrs	14,895	6.6%	17,166	6.9%		
25-34 yrs	34,078	15.1%	37,769	15.0%		
35-44 yrs	36,000	15.9%	37,822	15.0%		
45-54 yrs	26,547	11.7%	28,564	11.3%		
55-59 yrs	8,464	3.7%	10,393	4.1%		
60-64 yrs	7,578	3.3%	9,552	3.8%		
65 and over	23,125	10.2%	36,854	14.6%		
Total	226,550	100.0%	251,853	100.0%		
Median age	31.6		34.3			

### DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES BY INCOME BRACKET (average 3.2 persons) (1), (2)

	19	99	1	1999	
Income	Families	Percentage	Household	Percentage	
\$0-10.000	18,241	16.2%	40,118	21.0%	
\$10,000- 14,999	9,112	8.1%	18,446	9.7%	
\$15,000- 24,999	19,545	17.3%	33,725	17.7%	
\$25,000- 34,999	16,699	14.8%	28,228	14.8%	
\$35,000- 49,999	19,400	17.2%	28,814	15.1%	
\$50,000-74,999	18,451	16.3%	25,592	13.4%	
\$75,000-99,000	6,896	6.1%	9,338	4.9%	
\$100,000- 149,999	3,227	2.9%	4,336	2.3%	
\$150,000- 199,999	535	0.5%	820	.4%	
Over \$200,000	732	.6%	1,318	.7%	
Total	112,838	100.0%	190,735	100.0%	
Median Family Income (1)	\$ 30,286		\$ 25,928		

Source: (1) U.S. Census of Population 2000

(2) Northern Ohio Data & Information Service, College of Urban Affairs, Cleveland State University

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued**

#### December 31, 2001

### Employment

The following table indicates the distribution of employees among major industrial classifications in the Cleveland -Lorain - Elyria PMSA for the years 1997 through 2001:

Distributio	n of Employe	es by Sector					
(Amounts in 000's)							
	<b>2001</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>2000</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	1999 <sup>(3)</sup>	<b>1998</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>1997</b> <sup>(2)</sup>		
Good Producing Industries:							
Construction	45.2	44.9	45.4	46.6	44.2		
Primary Metal	17.0	18.9	20.5	21.4	21.6		
Fabricated Metal	35.9	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.4		
Industrial Machinery	30.5	34.9	35.5	37.5	36.3		
Electrical Equipment	14.6	15.1	15.4	15.4	16.0		
Transportation Equipment	21.5	21.5	21.3	21.4	22.2		
Printing & Publishing	15.2	17.0	17.2	16.8	17.0		
Chemical Products	16.1	17.8	17.8	17.5	17.4		
Rubber & Plastic Products	13.6	14.4	15.0	14.5	14.6		
Other	38.9	41.1	42.0	40.3	39.7		
<b>Total Goods Producing Industries</b>	248.5	264.2	268.7	270.0	267.4		
Service Producing Industries:							
Transportation & Public Utilities	47.5	47.6	47.4	45.8	45.4		
Wholesale Trade	70.4	76.0	75.3	73.9	72.7		
Retail Trade	199.8	209.1	209.8	202.6	198.3		
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	82.5	80.5	80.0	75.5	74.1		
Health Services	116.5	113.4	112.3	109.0	106.2		
Other Services	241.5	245.4	243.6	239.4	228.9		
Federal Government	19.7	20.5	20.9	21.2	21.5		
State Government	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.0		
Local Government	122.8	120.3	119.0	115.9	114.0		
<b>Total Service Producing Industries</b>	909.9	922.0	917.5	892.4	870.1		
Grand Total	1,158.4	1,186.2	1,186.2	1,162.4	1,137.5		
Goods Producing Percentage	21.5%	22.3%	22.7%	23.2%	23.5%		
Service Producing Percentage	78.5%	77.7%	77.3%	76.8%	76.5%		

Distribution of Employees by Sector

Source: Ohio Bureau of Employment Services, Labor Market Information Divison

(1) Office of Research, Assessment, & Accountability, Bureau of Labor Market Information,

Labor Market Review, January 2002

(2) Effective January 1, 1994 the Cleveland PMSA was modified to include Lorain and Ashtabula counties.

(3) Revised

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued**

### December 31, 2001

#### **Employment**

The following table compares estimated employment statistics for Cuyahoga County and the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA including comparisons with unemployment rates for the State of Ohio and the United States:

	Emp	oloyed	Unem	ployed	d Unemployment Rate		e	
Years <sup>(1)</sup>	County	PMSA	County	PMSA	County	PMSA	Ohio	U.S.
1992	629,200	1,011,100	48,800	82,900	7.2%	7.6%	7.3%	7.5%
1993	627,900	1,008,500	46,000	75,100	6.8%	6.9%	6.5%	6.9%
1994	636,300	1,023,900	39,400	64,200	5.8%	5.9%	5.5%	6.1%
1995	644,100	1,037,000	31,800	55,400	4.7%	5.1%	4.8%	5.6%
1996	655,700	1,046,100	34,300	57,100	5.0%	5.2%	4.9%	5.4%
1997	651,900	1,061,600	33,000	53,500	4.8%	4.8%	4.6%	4.9%
1998	644,400	1,088,700	30,000	49,400	4.4%	4.3%	4.3%	4.5%
1999	649,900	1,093,400	31,300	49,100	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%
2000 <sup>(3)</sup>	646,300	1,070,500	31,100	49,800	4.6%	4.4%	4.1%	4.0%
2001 <sup>(2)</sup>	648,300	1,073,900	31,100	52,300	4.6%	4.6%	4.3%	4.8%

Source: Bureau of Labor Market Information

(1) Effective January 1, 1994 the Cleveland PMSA was modified to include Lorain and Ashtabula Counties.

(2) Office of Research Assessments & Accountablity, Bureau of Labor Market Information, 2002(3) Revised

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued**

### December 31, 2001

#### **Corporate Headquarters**

The following table shows the corporations among Fortune magazine's listing of the five hundred largest U.S. corporations in the United States which are located in the Cleveland - Lorain - Elyria PMSA:

## The 500 Largest Industrial and Service Corporations

## Ranked by Revenues<sup>(A)</sup>

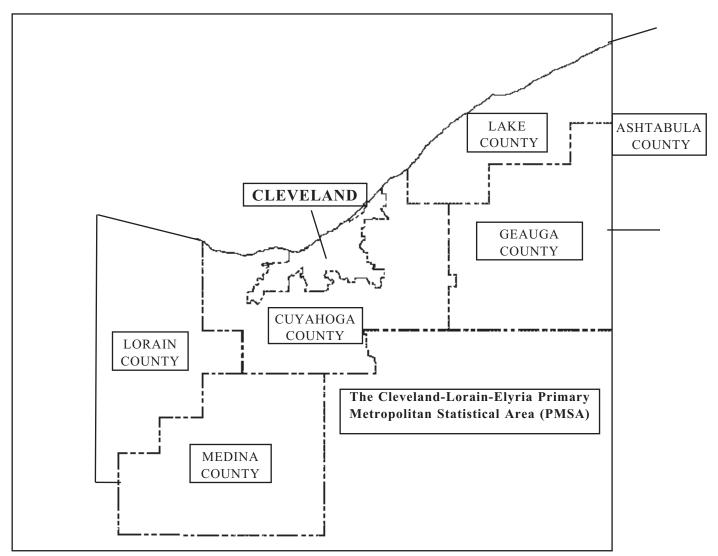
Rank	Company	Worldwide Revenues (\$ millions)	Worldwide Assets (\$ millions)	Major Product or Services
122	TRW. Incorporated	\$ 16,383.0	\$14,444.0	Automotive and Electronics
213	National City Corporation	9,092.6	105,816.7	Commercial Banking
254	Progressive	7,488.2	11,127.4	Insurance
257	KeyCorp	7,352.8	80,938.0	Commercial Banking
259	Eaton	7,299.0	7,646.0	Automotive and Electronics
303	Parker Hannifin Corporation	5,979.6	5,337.7	Hydraulic Components
339	Sherwin Williams	5,066.0	3,627.9	Paints
357	OfficeMax	4,636.0	1,768.6	Retail Office Supplies
416	LTV	3,956.0	4,605.0	Steel Manufacturing

Source: (A) The Fortune 500, Vol. 145, No. 8, April 15, 2002

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued**

December 31, 2001

#### **METROPOLITAN CLEVELAND (1)**



2,223,300 million people

6 counties

Largest metropolitan area in Ohio

1,073,900 employed labor force (2)

(1) Effective January 1, 1994, Ashtabula and Lorain counties were added to the Cleveland PMSA.
 (2) Office of Research Assessment & Accountablity, Bureau of Labor Market Information, Labor Market Review, January 2002.

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - Continued**

## December 31, 2001

_

## SCHEDULE OF STATISTICS-GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2001

## **OPERATING RATIOS: GENERAL FUND-BUDGET BASIS**

## **REVENUE DOLLAR BY SOURCE**

Where the money came from

a. Income taxes	\$ 0.55
b. Property taxes	0.10
c. State local government fund	0.12
d. Other shared revenues	0.07
e. Licenses and permits	0.02
f. Charges for services	0.03
g. Fines and forfeits	0.04
h. Miscellaneous	 0.07
	\$ 1.00

## **EXPENDITURE DOLLAR BY FUNCTION**

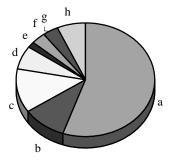
Where the money was spent

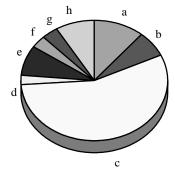
a. General government	\$ 0.11
b. Public service	0.07
c. Public safety	0.56
d. Public health	0.02
e. Maintenance, parks and recreation	0.08
f. Community development	0.03
g. Other	0.04
h. Operating transfers out	 0.09
	\$ 1.00

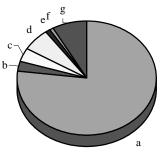
#### **EXPENDITURE DOLLAR BY OBJECT**

What the money was spent on

a. Salaries, wages, and related benefits	\$ 0.77
b. Interdepartmental charges	0.03
c. Utilities	0.04
d. Contractual services	0.06
e. Materials and supplies	0.01
f. Miscellaneous	0.01
g. Operating transfers out	 0.08
	\$ 1.00









STATE OF OHIO OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR

JIM PETRO, AUDITOR OF STATE

88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514 800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

## CITY OF CLEVELAND

## **CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 2, 2002